FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS,
COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, the budgetary comparative statement for the general fund and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2023, the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison statement for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, and Schedule of Plan Contributions – OPEB, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedules on pages 62 and 63 include the effects of recording a liability to developers in the special revenue PPDA Trust Fund. Most of this liability is not actually payable from the fund assets at June 30, 2023, instead it may be paid over the next 20 years from future receipts. Management internally treats this as a true liability despite not being recognized as such by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Developers will only be paid when the improvements, which were financed by the developers, are later reimbursed by the District from future fees collected in that drainage area that are eligible under District ordinances to reimburse the developers. The schedules also include the gross amount of contracts payable for awarded contracts rather than representing the liability net of the percent incomplete, as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The District internally treats all contracts in gross amount as awarded by the Board of Directors as a liability the current resources will be used to pay. These schedules are presented by the District to show these gross amounts for users of the financial statements.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HHC, INC.

Fresno, California January 29, 2024

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2023

This section of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District's (the District) Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview of the District and its programs along with an analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information presented in our financial statements.

INTRODUCTION

The District is a "special act" district, created by the electorate to provide fully coordinated and comprehensive stormwater management and related services on a regional basis through a quasi-joint powers relationship among the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno.

In the following sections, the mission, history, and organization of the District are presented, as well as an overview of District services and programs.

GOAL AND MISSION OF THE DISTRICT

The mission of the District is to control and manage the flood, storm, and surface and groundwater resources of the area, so as to prevent damage, injury, and inconvenience; to conserve such waters for local, domestic, and agricultural use; and to maximize the public use and benefit of the District's programs and infrastructure.

The District is a service agency created by and for the benefit of the community. Its goal is to meet the flood control, drainage, and water resources management needs of its constituency, while adhering to high standards of performance, environmental M. L- of Muera. Alord of 1884.

sensitivity, economic efficiency, and maximization of public benefit.

The District works to address stormwater and related water resource problems and needs, while seeking to prevent the creation of new problems. The District strives to achieve these goals within the reasonable time and economic parameters established through collective community discussion and decision-making as entrusted to the District Board of Directors. As a service agency, it is the District's responsibility to respond to the community's needs for technical information; resources conservation; and facility construction, operation, and maintenance.

DISTRICT HISTORY

The District exists as a direct creation of the electorate of the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area. Until June 5, 1956, the responsibility for stormwater management and related functions were vested individually in the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno. Until that time, stormwater management generally consisted of independent, site-specific actions intended only to alleviate individual problem locations, but failing to create comprehensive solutions. In response to the rapidly increasing number of stormwater management problems and the inability of the three independent jurisdictions to provide an effective, coordinated solution, a citizens' committee formed to explore alternatives.

The result of the citizens' efforts was draft legislation creating a "special act" district designed to mandate a quasi-joint powers relationship among the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno, which would provide the desired stormwater management services. known as the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Act of 1955 (the District Act) and was signed into law on May 13, 1955. The District Act became law on September 17, 1955, subject to voter approval. On June 5, 1956, the District Act was ratified by a five-to-one majority vote (32,030 voting in favor, 5,974 voting in opposition) and was established as Chapter 73 of the California Water Code appendix. Additional information is available from the District's web site www.fresnofloodcontrol.org.

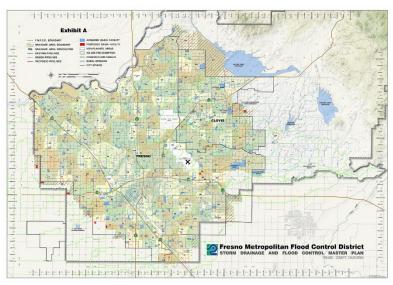


Downtown Fresno 1969

OVERVIEW OF DISTRICT SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

District Service Area

The District is located in the north-central portion of Fresno County between the San Joaquin and Kings rivers. The District is authorized to control stormwaters within an urban and rural foothill watershed of approximately 400 square miles, known as the Fresno County Stream Group. The watershed extends eastward into the Sierra Nevada to an elevation of approximately 4,500 feet above sea level. The District service area includes most of the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area (excluding the community of Easton), and unincorporated lands to the east and northeast.



District Service Area

For the purposes of program service planning, structure, delivery. and financing. distinction is made between flood control and local drainage services. The flood control program relates to the control, containment, and safe disposal of stormwaters that flow onto the valley floor from the eastern The local drainage streams. program relates to the collection and safe disposal of stormwater runoff generated within the urban and rural watersheds or "drainage areas." These and other major District programs are introduced below and described in detail in the District's Service Plan. All are closely integrated and coordinated

to provide efficient, comprehensive services. Collectively, these facilities comprise the "Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan."

Flood Control Program

The District's flood control program consists of a system of facilities and operations which control the flows from several low-elevation streams that drain a part of the west slope of the Sierra Nevada between the San Joaquin and Kings rivers. These streams are collectively referred to as the Fresno County Stream Group. The system is currently composed of eight major flood control facilities and many related streams and channel



Big Dry Creek Reservoir, N/E Clovis

features. The District is the local sponsor of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps) Redbank-Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project, which consists of five of the system's major facilities. Through its contract with the federal government, the District is responsible for construction costs sharing, land acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the Redbank-Fancher Creeks project. The District is also responsible for construction, operation, and maintenance of additional, non-federal flood control facilities required to control the stream group, and for flood plain management.

Rural Streams Program

Between the easterly boundary of the planned urban stormwater drainage system and the District's eastern boundary, there are approximately 175 miles of streams and channels, many of which are severely obstructed. The District has implemented the rural streams program to preserve, restore, and maintain these channels, and to complete any additional facilities necessary to safely convey storm flows through the rural area and the downstream urban area. The rural streams program includes activities to secure and maintain drainage amenities necessary for rural lands within the watershed.

Local Stormwater Drainage Program

The District's local stormwater drainage system consists of storm drains, detention and retention basins, and pump stations, some of which discharge to irrigation canals, creeks, and the San Joaquin River. The system is designed to retain and infiltrate as much runoff as possible. The District's Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan includes 156 drainage areas, each providing service to approximately one to two square miles. All but five of the developed drainage areas are served by a retention or detention facility. Local drainage services include topographic mapping; Master Plan engineering and facility design; system construction, operation, and maintenance; and engineering design services to ensure adequate drainage for new development.

Stormwater Quality Management Program

In compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act and implementing stormwater permit regulations, the District and four other local public agencies (County of Fresno, City of Fresno, City of Clovis, and CSU Fresno) developed a Stormwater Quality Management Program to be implemented in the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area. The program proposal was submitted to the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) as a part of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program (NPDES) municipal stormwater permit process. The RWQCB incorporated into the permit specific program requirements, including best management practices to prevent and reduce stormwater pollutants. The NPDES permit was originally issued to the participating agencies in September 1994, and was renewed in March 2001 and May 2013.

As owner and operator of the stormwater drainage system serving the metropolitan area, the District has primary responsibility for implementing this mandated program. The Stormwater Quality Management Program includes specific pollution prevention and control practices for urban drainage system planning, design, construction, and maintenance. The program also includes public education to prevent stormwater pollution, municipal operations control measures, commercial and industrial control measures, illicit discharges control measures, and control measures associated with planning and land development. The program also includes monitoring to assess stormwater impacts on receiving water and methodologies to evaluate the effectiveness of targeted best management practices; and development and implementation of ordinances to effect and enforce stormwater quality controls.

Water Conservation Program

Water conservation benefits are a design objective of the Flood Control and Urban Drainage Systems, which detain and retain stormwater runoff for groundwater recharge. The District also maintains groundwater recharge contracts with the Fresno Irrigation District (FID) and the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, which provide for dry season delivery of imported surface water into many of the District's local stormwater drainage retention basins. Through cooperative agreements with the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, the District continually investigates the feasibility of building additional interties between the surface water channels and basins, and otherwise expanding the system, to increase the system's water conservation capabilities. When practical, the District will irrigate with surface water to preserve higher quality water for commercial or industrial use.

Recreation Program

The District includes landscaping of urban basin sites with turf, trees, and irrigation systems as part of the improvements in the drainage system. The landscaping stabilizes the soil, adds a green and open space area with aesthetic appeal, provides the opportunity recreational activities. Basins in residential areas are designed with depths and slopes that permit large open basin floors to be landscaped and available for passive or active recreational activities. Nonresidential basins are designed with depths and slopes that are not accommodative to public access. These basins are only landscaped around the top perimeter and are not available for recreational access. The



Oso De Oro Lake Park, Basin "D"

basins in residential areas are made available for recreational use during the dry weather season and are commonly used for public open space, playing fields, and other organized and unorganized recreation. Organized recreation is controlled by the District through facility use agreements. The District has cooperated with the Cities of Fresno and Clovis to provide active recreational features, such as baseball fields and playgrounds. The District has improved three sites with recreational features specifically designed for use by physically challenged citizens.

Wildlife Management Program



Basin "R", Chestnut & Shepherd

The District's flood control and urban stormwater drainage programs provide benefits to wildlife. The District's flood control reservoirs and rural streams provide riparian habitat for many birds and other animals. Through implementation of a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), which serves as a section 1601 Master Streambed Alteration Agreement between the District and the Department of Fish & Wildlife (DFW), authorized rural stream activities, including channel flow capacity restoration, are intended to accomplish long-term net benefits for fish, wildlife, water quality, native plants, and stream habitat. Furthermore, the Master MOU provides for improvement habitat incorporated comprehensively into District

stream restoration projects in lieu of imposing incremental requirements on a project-by-project basis, and results in a net benefit to wildlife and habitat.

The District has also designated three areas at its reservoirs as existing or potential wildlife habitat. Many urban retention basins also provide wildlife benefits. The District has implemented the wildlife program to conserve and enhance habitats in its facilities, and to provide related environmental education and awareness opportunities to the public.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION

District Board of Directors

A seven-member Board of Directors (the Board) governs the District. The Fresno City Council appoints four members; the Fresno County Board of Supervisors appoints two members; and the Clovis City Council appoints one member. Each Director serves a 4-year term and may be re-appointed for consecutive terms. Board meetings normally occur on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. The Board must approve the District budget, fees and assessments, direct matters of policy and enact ordinances, and perform other responsibilities authorized and required by the District Act.

Assets

The District's physical assets consist of the flood control and local drainage structures and real property, the operations center, and equipment. With the completion of the District's system of flood control facilities, the flows of the stream group will be controlled by eight major flood control structures (dams, reservoirs, and detention basins) and other appurtenant facilities. The five major components of the system initially constructed with the Corps of Engineers as the Redbank-Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project was completed in December 1993 at a total cost of \$67,004,005.

As of June 30, 2023, the District had invested \$78,587,680 for land and \$341,323,647 for infrastructure building the Local Stormwater Drainage System. This value represents the actual costs at the time of construction, and does not reflect the current value of the system to the community.

Revenue Sources and Financing

The financing program of the District includes five major categories of revenues. These include (1) general property tax; (2) assessments; (3) capital construction contributions by other public agencies; (4) fees and service charges; and (5) grants. In addition to these, the District receives minor miscellaneous revenues such as rents and leases, interest, and an occasional gift. The general authority to receive or collect such revenues is set forth in the District's enabling legislation, other state legislation under which the District is an eligible participant, and through joint powers relationships in which the District participates.

Organizational Structure and Functions

District Personnel

For the fiscal year 2022-2023, the Board of Directors authorized 77 full-time positions. Organizational functions are separated into two primary divisions: administration and engineering. The General Manager-Secretary, District Engineer-Assistant General Manager, Assistant General Manager-Administration and support staff performs District administration. Major administrative functions include accounting, assessment collection, office management and clerical support, land acquisition, legal services, community relations, information systems, and environmental resources management.

District engineering functions include system master planning, design, construction, development review, and facility operations and maintenance. These duties are performed by staff engineering personnel, consultants, and contractors under the direction of the District General Manager-Secretary through the District Engineer-Assistant General Manager.

System operations and maintenance activities involve District field staff that monitor all facility operations, perform pump maintenance and equipment repairs, facilitate water diversions and deliveries, and investigate illegal dumping and nuisance complaints related to the storm drain system. Field staff monitors the performance of contractors that provide maintenance services and direct maintenance crews that perform pipeline system cleaning on a contract basis to the District. Field staff also performs inspections of all construction projects to ensure conformance to District design and construction standards.

District engineering staff performs master plan and design engineering for the rural streams system, reviews and comments on development entitlement applications within the District boundaries, and performs and directs the master planning and design engineering of the urban storm drainage systems with the assistance of the District's consultants. Staff administers the Drainage Fee Ordinance of the three land use entitlement agencies (City of Fresno, County of Fresno, and the City of Clovis) and administers a system of reimbursements for developers who advance facility construction in excess of their drainage fee obligation.

Outsourcing to Private Contractors and Consultants

The District contracts with private entities for many administrative, environmental, and engineering services; for most maintenance services; and for all appraisal and construction services. Legal services and legislative review are performed through an agreement with private legal counsel. Community relations activities and many environmental resources planning and compliance activities are performed through professional service contracts. Master plan design engineering is performed by staff plus private engineering firms under professional service contracts. Maintenance of all dams, reservoirs, basins, pipeline systems, and all construction activity are contracted with private enterprise entities. Approximately \$10.2 million in expenditures were outsourced during the current fiscal year.

Storm Drainage System

The Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan includes a five-year construction schedule, which includes projects managed on a priority basis. The urban Master Plan calls for the construction of basin facilities with an interconnected network of underground pipes and above ground conveyance facilities. The Master Plan is subdivided into urban drainage areas and rural watersheds. Nearly all drainage areas have at least one basin, and a network of underground pipelines. In recent years, pump stations and telemetry have been added to basin sites to improve the efficiency of moving stormwater through the system.

BASINS







Ponding basins vary in size, but average about 15 acres per site.

"CAST IN PLACE" PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION





The drainage system is comprised of pipes with diameters as large as 96 inches and as small as 15 inches.

CONSTRUCTION OF A PUMP STATION













FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FRESNO METROPOLI			ICT	
STATEME	NT OF NET POSITION June 30, 202		Change	(restated) ne 30, 2022
ASSETS	,			
Cash and investments	\$ 37,609,	693 \$	3,572,122	\$ 34,037,571
Receivables	2,934,	905	(540,777)	3,475,682
Restricted cash	78,487,	917	8,799,403	69,688,514
Net OPEB asset	1,084,	783	937,908	146,875
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	285,257,	353	(879,592)	 286,136,945
Total Assets	405,374,	651	11,889,064	 393,485,587
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS				
Deferred outflows - OPEB	2,094,	653_	(516,278)	 2,610,931
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:	5,460,	448	1,702,632	3,757,816
Non-current liabilities:				
Due within one year	1,593,	666	(11,416)	1,605,082
Due in more than one year	7,690,	689	(771,880)	 8,462,569
Total Liabilities	14,744,	803	919,336	 13,825,467
DEFERRED INFLOWS				
Deferred inflows - OPEB	2,200,	554	419,990	1,780,564
Deferred inflows from leases	424,	462	24,277	 400,185
Total Deferred Inflows	2,625,	016	444,267	 2,180,749
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	277,372,	732	(8,173)	277,380,905
Restricted for:				
Debt service	1,348,	450	61,849	1,286,601
Construction	73,053,	178	8,659,389	64,393,789
Unrestricted	38,325,	125	1,296,118	 37,029,007
Total Net Position	\$ 390,099,	485 \$	10,009,183	\$ 380,090,302

Statement of Net Position-Total Assets

The total assets of the District increased \$11,889,064 from the prior year. Capital assets decreased \$879,592 net of depreciation. Non-Capital assets, which are comprised of cash, receivables on hand, and net OPEB asset at the end of the fiscal period, increased \$12,768,656.

The District saw a decrease in receivables of \$540,777, while increasing restricted and unrestricted cash on hand of \$12,371,525.

Statement of Net Position-Total Liabilities

As of the end of the year, total liabilities increased \$919,336. Current liabilities increased \$1,702,632 and Non-current liabilities decreased \$783,296 from the prior year.

Statement of Net Position-Net Position

At the end of the year, assets exceeded liabilities by \$390,099,485 (net position). Unrestricted Net Position increased \$1,296,118 to \$38,325,125 and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Restricted Net Position, which may only be used for construction or debt service, increased by \$8,721,238. The Net Investment in Capital Assets decreased \$8,173 to \$277,372,732.

FRESNO ME	LITAN FLOOD CONTI GES IN NET POSITION	DISTRICT	
	the Year Ending une 30, 2023	 Change	For the Year Ending June 30, 2022 (restated)
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 808,096	\$ (673 <i>,</i> 335)	\$ 1,481,431
Capital grants and contributions	 6,681,606	 (2,676,205)	9,357,811
Total program revenues	 7,489,702	 (3,349,540)	10,839,242
General revenues			
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	14,948,726	1,006,256	13,942,470
Assessment tax, levied for specific benefit	8,402,727	(36,456)	8,439,183
Investment earnings	2,261,391	1,097,341	1,164,050
Lease and other financing proceeds	42,033	(17,196)	59,229
Gain on disposal of assets	12,523	(105,983)	118,506
Miscellaneous	 90,863	 (193,468)	284,331
Total general revenues	25,758,263	 1,750,494	24,007,769
Total Revenues	33,247,965	 (1,599,046)	34,847,011
Functions and Programs			
Flood control system	10,322,758	689,648	9,633,110
General government	12,670,115	562,028	12,108,087
Interest on long-term debt	 245,909	 (30,408)	276,317
Total Functions and Programs	23,238,782	 1,221,268	22,017,514
Change in Net Position	10,009,183	(2,820,314)	12,829,497
Net Position - Beginning	380,090,302	12,829,497	367,260,805
Net Position - Ending	\$ 390,099,485	\$ 10,009,183	\$ 380,090,302

Changes in Net Position

Change in Net Position decreased \$2,820,314 compared to the prior year; for a net position increase of \$10,009,183. Revenues decreased \$3,349,540 over prior year; primarily due to a decrease of \$2,676,205 in Capital Grants and Contributions, and a decrease in charges for services of \$673,335. Total Functions and Program Expenses increased \$1,221,268, due to an increase of General Government expenses of \$562,028 and an increase in Flood Control System expenses of \$689,648.

Governmental Funds-Fund Balance Reporting Requirements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 requires all governmental entities to implement changes to governmental fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 54 requires that the new requirements must be implemented for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2010. It changes the presentation of the elements of the fund balance. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarified the definitions of special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, and their relationship to the General Fund. GASB Statement No. 54 challenges norms that have been in place since fiscal year 2002. Listed are the Fund Balance Categories:

- **Non-spendable** fund balances are balances in permanent funds. This could apply to non-restricted long-term receivables.
- **Restricted** fund balances are legally enforceable requirements that the resources can only be used for specific purposes enumerated in the law. This would apply to the District's Debt Service and Special Revenue Funds (PPDA).
- **Committed** fund balances are balances that the District's Board has approved for construction for the fiscal year. This would apply to the District's Capital Project Fund.
- **Assigned** fund balances are amounts intended for a specific purpose by the government entities management team. This would apply to general obligations including payroll and overhead expenses in the District's General Fund.
- **Unassigned** fund balances are amounts available for any purpose. They are not precluded by a management decision in the General Fund.

The fund balance categories focus largely on the nature of inflows in relation to laws and management decisions. Reserves will no longer be presented, nor will encumbrances, in the fund financial statements. Reserves are either renamed as restricted, committed, or assigned balances.

FRESNO METROPO	LITAN	FLOOD CONTRO	DL DIS	STRICT		
BALANCE SHI	EET-GO	OVERNMENTAL F	UNDS	5		(at at a d)
		20 2022		Change		(restated)
ASSETS		une 30, 2023		Change		une 30, 2022
Cash and investments	\$	27 600 602	\$	2 572 122	\$	24 027 571
Receivable:	Ş	37,609,693	Ş	3,572,122	Ş	34,037,571
				(167,067)		167,067
Fees and charges		- 		, , ,		
Interest		579,716		398,857		180,859
Lease		403,017		6,824		396,193
Other		1,446,725		(960,870)		2,407,595
Due from other funds		1,024,734		56,292		968,442
Restricted cash		78,487,917		8,799,403		69,688,514
Total Assets	\$	119,551,802	\$	11,705,561	\$	107,846,241
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES						
 Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	3,320,782	\$	383,164	\$	2,937,618
Contracts payable (See supplemental	•	-,, -			•	, ,-
schedule on pg. 62)		1,865,894		1,259,793		606,101
Salaries payable		273,772		59,675		214,097
Due to other funds		1,024,734		56,292		968,442
Total Liabilities		6,485,182		1,758,924		4,726,258
 Deferred Inflows:						
Deferred inflows from grantors		1,446,724		(960,871)		2,407,595
Deferred inflows from leases		424,462		24,277		400,185
Total Deferred Inflows		1,871,186		(936,594)		2,807,780
Fund Balances:						
Restricted:						
Debt service		1,348,450		61,849		1,286,601
Drainage assessments		21,920,907		1,572,726		20,348,181
Committed:		21,320,307		1,3,2,,20		20,0 10,101
Construction		51,132,271		7,086,663		44,045,608
Assigned:		31,132,271		.,000,000		11,045,000
General obligations		9,397,768		179,727		9,218,041
Unassigned:		27,396,038		1,982,266		25,413,772
Total Fund Balances		111,195,434		10,883,231		100,312,203
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
and Fund Balances	\$	119,551,802	\$	11,705,561	\$	107,846,241

Fund Balance-Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2023, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$111,195,434, an increase of \$10,883,231. Total assets increased \$11,705,561 of which unrestricted cash and investments increased \$3,572,122 during the fiscal year.

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	For t	the Year Ending		For t	he Year Ending	
	Ju	une 30, 2023	Change	June 30, 2022		
Revenues		_	_			
Taxes and subventions	\$	14,948,726	\$ 1,006,256	\$	13,942,470	
Assessment tax revenue		8,402,727	(36,456)		8,439,183	
Drainage fees - cash		4,054,672	1,229,864		2,824,808	
Drainage fees - noncash		1,395,764	(809,891)		2,205,655	
Fees and charges for services		808,096	(673,335)		1,481,431	
Investment earnings		2,261,391	1,097,341		1,164,050	
Grants, loans, and contributions		2,010,562	(2,001,570)		4,012,132	
Miscellaneous	-	90,863	 (193,468)		284,331	
Total Revenues		33,972,801	(381,259)		34,354,060	
Expenditures						
Personnel expense		9,702,649	324,159		9,378,490	
Office administration		292,725	(10,049)		302,774	
Management support		113,852	29,914		83,938	
Insurance		248,122	39,615		208,507	
Professional services		215,895	5,654		210,241	
Other administrative expense		1,113,019	(331,857)		1,444,876	
System operations and maintenance		2,943,451	164,996		2,778,455	
Operations center expense		309,030	74,446		234,584	
Storm water quality management expense		651,847	(21,065)		672,912	
Capital outlay		6,429,333	(5,566,815)		11,996,148	
Debt service		1,124,832	 (117,003)		1,241,835	
Total Expenditures		23,144,755	 (5,408,005)		28,552,760	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		10,828,046	 5,026,746		5,801,300	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		10,817,259	(3,008,949)		13,826,208	
Transfers out		(10,817,259)	3,008,949		(13,826,208	
Lease and other financing proceeds		42,033	(17,196)		59,229	
Proceeds from sale of assets		13,152	 (49,096)		62,248	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		55,185	 (66,292)		121,477	
Net Change in Fund Balances		10,883,231	4,960,454		5,922,777	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		100,312,203	 5,922,777		94,389,426	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	111,195,434	\$ 10,883,231	\$	100,312,203	

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The statements are comprised of four components:

- 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements
- 2) Fund Financial Statements
- 3) Notes to Financial Statements
- 4) Supplementary Information

Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of District finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- ❖ The <u>Statement of Net Position</u>, which is similar to a Balance Sheet, presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.
- ❖ The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, instead of when the related cash flows in or out. Revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as the collection of year-end Accounts Receivable or the payment of year-end Accounts Payable.
- ❖ The governmental activities or programs of the District include general government, flood control system, and interest on long-term debt.

Fund Financial Statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the District are *governmental funds*.

❖ Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of each fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the District's projects and operations.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund's <u>Balance Sheet</u> and the governmental fund's <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund Balances</u> provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between Governmental Funds and Governmental Activities.

The <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual-General Fund</u> provides a comparison to the adopted budget and the activities of the General Fund.

Governmental Fund Structure:

The District maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general, debt service, capital project, and an expendable trust fund). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund's Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for each of these funds.

General Fund:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. Generally, all revenue resources are recorded in the General Fund and allocated to the Capital Project Fund or

Debt Service Fund by Board of Directors action through its adopted Budget. These allocated resources are transferred as the resources become available.

Special Revenue Fund (Drainage Fees):

This fund is an expendable trust fund that is used to account for Developer Impact fees (Drainage Fees) received from the development community. These fees, commonly called Assembly Bill (AB) 1600 fees, are used to pay for the construction of Master Planned Facilities either by the Developer or the District. A trust account has been established for each planned local drainage area. As drainage fees are received, they are deposited in this fund and are allocated to the appropriate planned local drainage areas. The ending fund balance is restricted by statute. Expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Reporting of fund balance, revenue, and expenditure activity is done monthly, quarterly, and annually.

These resources are restricted and may only be used to:

- a. Construct drainage facilities,
- b. Reimburse Developers for obligations resulting from construction activity,
- c. Pay for debt service obligations whose funds were used exclusively to purchase or build planned facilities,
- d. Reimburse construction expenditures of the General Fund for construction in a specific planned local drainage area,
- e. Reimburse Developer Construction Agreement administrative costs, or
- f. Reimburse the General Fund for engineering costs for Master Plan engineering related development services.

Capital Project Fund:

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources to be used to construct Master Plan capital facilities. Funding comes from the General Fund. The District Budget allocates resources in this fund to support the Capital Project construction program for all planned drainage areas of the master plan and rural facilities. This fund includes a number of sub-funds with resources for specific projects. The ending fund balance is restricted by Board of Directors action for use for capital facilities only.

Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all Debt Service. Funding comes from the General Fund. The Debt Service Fund includes resources for the debt service payments for the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan that was used to purchase or construct Master Planned facilities. As of the end of the fiscal year, there were sufficient resources to make loan payments during the first six months of the next fiscal year.

❖ **Notes to the Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Combining Fund Financial Statements provide information for the major governmental funds, and are presented following the notes to the financial statements.

Combining Balance Sheet - Debt Service Fund

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Debt Service Fund

These statements present the fiscal year activities and the resources available as of June 30, 2023, for the obligations of the District's Debt Service Fund. Debt service accounts for the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan is part of this fund.

Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Project Fund - Project Areas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Capital Project Fund – Project Areas

These statements present the fiscal year activities and the resources available as of June 30, 2023, for the obligations of the District's Capital Project Fund. Each of the sub funds show resources currently allocated and available for construction activity in those project areas.

Supplementary Schedules include:

Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund

This schedule compares actual results to the final adopted budget.

Schedule of Combined Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability) and Schedule of Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability)

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), requires the use of the percentage of completion method for capital construction projects, which reduces the year-end liability for outstanding construction contracts of \$5,298,905 by \$3,433,011 (the amount that is not yet complete). GAAP also precludes the District from recording as a liability of its Special Revenue Fund, the liability due to the development community of \$11,862,019 for amounts owed by it because of the contingent nature of that liability. It is contingent, as the reimbursement obligation from the Special Revenue Fund to the developers, because the repayment obligation expires after 20 years. Payments are made semi-annually to the Development Community based upon the current collection of fees. Management presents this schedule as the GAAP adjustment materially increases the ending fund balance and understates the potential obligations of the District as of the end of the fiscal year. The purpose of this statement is to show the financial obligations and financial impact on the District's governmental funds as though these rules did not exist. Management believes this reflects a better picture of the liabilities due from its operations.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Current Year vs. Prior Year - General Fund

This schedule compares actual results for the current year to the actual results of the prior year. It is not intended to show compliance with the budget, but to show how the results for the current year compare to the results of the prior year.

Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Current Year vs. Prior Year - General Fund

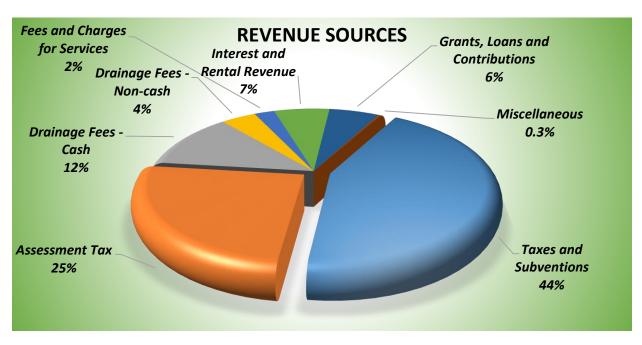
This schedule is a line by line detail of the previous schedule.

ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

REVENUES

Property Tax Revenue Loss:

After the passage of Proposition (Prop) 13 in 1978, the California legislature enacted legislation that changed the allocation and apportionment of property tax revenues to local governments and public schools. In 1978-79 to help local government deal with the significant revenue loss associated with Prop 13, the State offered agencies bail-out funds. For those agencies, like the District, who took bail-out funds in 1978-79, the State, in 1979-80, converted the bail-out funds to property tax allocations by reducing property taxes allocated to local education and reallocating those property taxes to local government. From 1980 through 1992, those property taxes grew based upon a formula developed by the State called the "AB-8" formula. The AB-8 legislation was designed to provide local agencies and public schools with a property tax base that would grow as assessed property values increased. Under that formula, property tax allocations were comprised of a base amount (which is equal to the amount of property taxes received in the prior fiscal year) and a proportionate share of any incremental growth (which is the growth or reduction in the property taxes from one year to the next). Beginning in fiscal year 1992-93, the legislature enacted legislation that shifted a portion of local property tax revenues from local public agencies back to the public schools to meet the State's Proposition 98 mandates. This legislation was known as the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund or "ERAF." In 1992-93, the District lost \$1,475,500 of its base property tax revenue to ERAF. In 1993-94, the State enacted legislation titled ERAF II that limited the ERAF I computation to the current value of the property taxes allocated to local government from schools in 1979-80. In 2003-04, the legislature enacted a two year amendment to the ERAF formula called ERAF III. For the two fiscal years 2004-05 and 2005-06, an additional \$438,197 of District property tax revenues was shifted to schools. In 2004, the District discovered an error in the computation of the original 1992-93 ERAF I and 1993-94 ERAF II. This error was verified by the audit staff of the State Controller's office and determined to be a loss of \$633,000. After working with the Fresno County Auditor-Controller's Office and the State Controller's office, it was determined the only way to correct this error was through legislation. In 2007, former CA State Assemblyman Juan Arambula introduced AB 263 which was designed to fix the error. The bill received endorsement from local Assembly and Senate Republicans and Democrats and was signed into law on October 11, 2007. For the fiscal year 2022-2023, the District's ERAF contribution has grown to an annual revenue loss of \$9,447,962.



Total revenues were \$33,972,801 with General Fund revenues of \$25,583,583, PPDA revenues of \$7,365,947, Capital Project revenues of \$1,007,500, and Debt Service revenues of \$15,771.

Property Tax Revenues:

Property Tax Revenues, net of the ERAF shift, comprise 58% of the District's General Fund revenues and 44% of the District's total revenues. Property taxes are based upon the District's proportionate share of Fresno County's ad-valorem property tax. The District receives about 1.5% of the total countywide property tax revenue collected by the County of Fresno through property tax assessment rolls prepared by the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's office.

Property tax revenues are recorded in the General Fund. This category includes current secured taxes, current unsecured taxes, current collections of unsecured taxes for prior periods, any supplemental taxes, and subventions received from the State and allocated by the County of Fresno to the District and homeowners' relief.

Assessments:

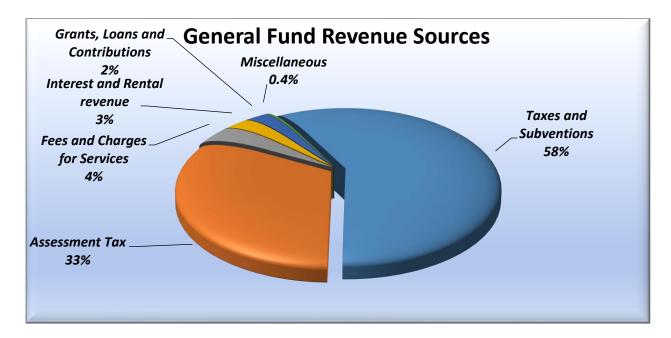
Assessment Revenues comprise 25% of the District's total revenue, 33% of the General Fund revenue. Of the assessment revenue, approximately 15% (approximately \$1.3 million) is earmarked for debt service for our California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB) loan. Assessment tax revenues are recorded in the General Fund.

Interest and Rental Revenue:

Interest revenue is recorded in all funds while rental revenues are recorded only in the General Fund.

Fees and Charges for Services:

Fees and Charges are recorded in the General Fund. This income category includes charges for Non-Conforming Facilities; Master Plan Engineering Fees; Excavation Permits; reimbursements for recharge maintenance; PPDA Administration Fees; and other miscellaneous fees, charges, and income.



Drainage Fees:

Drainage Fees are recorded only in the Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund." A cash fee is collected and recorded when the fee charged exceeds any construction requirement. An in lieu or non-cash fee is recorded when a developer constructs qualifying master planned facilities and those costs are deducted from the cash fee owed.

Grants, Loans, and Construction Contributions:

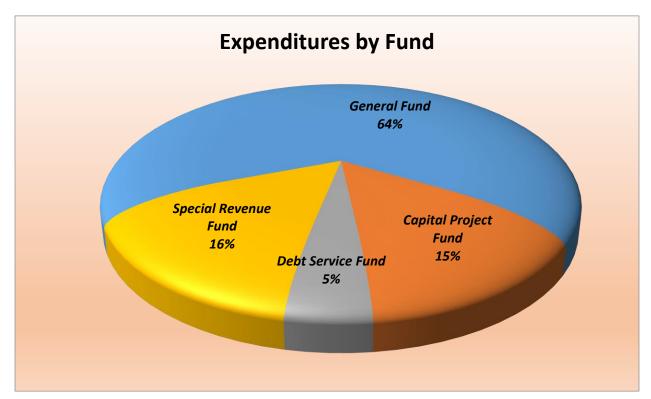
Grants and construction contributions are both recorded in multiple Funds. General Fund activity primarily reflects contributions and grants from other public agencies, while Developers make up the primary contributors of capital in the Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund." General Fund grant income is recorded on a reimbursement basis. Revenue is recognized on the accrual basis. Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund" contribution revenues represent the value of contributions by Developers of master plan facilities through the developer agreement process. These contributions do not create expendable resources.

Other Financing Sources-Operating Transfers In:

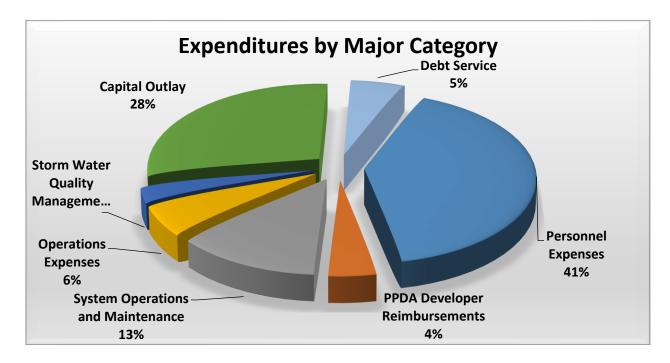
Operating Transfers represent the movement of cash from one fund to another. The Capital Project Fund is funded primarily from resources of the Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund" and allocations by the Board of Directors of available resources in the General Fund. The Debt Service Fund is funded primarily from the General Fund.

EXPENDITURES

Total expenditures were \$23,144,755. The following chart shows the expenditures by fund.



The following chart shows the expenditures by major category.



PERSONNEL, SERVICES, AND SUPPLIES

- ❖ Personnel Expense represents all costs related to personnel including salaries, benefits, workers' compensation insurance, retirement plans, and temporary services. It represents 42% of total expenditures and was under budget approximately 11%.
- ❖ Operations Expense represents all operational expenses including liability insurance, office administration expenses, legal expenses, and supplies. It represents 1% of total expenditures and was over budget approximately 11%.
- ❖ Systems Operations and Maintenance includes all expenditures for maintaining the urban and rural drainage facilities. It represents 13% of total expenditures and was approximately 11% under budget. Maintenance expenditures vary based upon how the weather impacts the full implementation of the program.
- ❖ Stormwater Quality Management Expense represents those costs associated with the implementation of our NPDES permit. This account group represents 3% of total expenditures and was approximately 29% under budget.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

On June 30, 2023, the District had total loans outstanding of \$7.9 million as compared to \$8.8 million in the prior year. This balance consists of our California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan.

❖ CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK LOAN totaled \$20,000,000 and was used exclusively for infrastructure construction in an older area of the City of Fresno (Drainage Areas "II" & "RR"). As of June 30, 2010, the entire loan had been funded. Annual debt service payments are about \$1.2 million. A principal and interest payment is due each August and an interest only payment is due each February. The remaining principal balance due as of June 30, 2023, was \$7,884,621. The final payment is due July 30, 2030.

Other Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2023, other long-term debt totaled \$1,285,692 and included compensated absences.

❖ Compensated Absences are the value of accumulated annual leave as of June 30, 2023. Employees can accumulate up to 100 days of service. Any accumulation of annual leave in excess of 100 days is paid out annually.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

- ❖ Net OPEB Liability (Asset) is the actuarial value required to be accrued per GASB Statement No. 75 (see the Notes to the Financial Statements).
- ❖ For employees hired before May 8, 2013, the District subsidizes the health insurance cost for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District pays 50% of the "full benefit" for employees with more than 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service. The employees who retire after the age of 55 with more than 15 years of service receive a "full benefit".
- ❖ Employees hired after May 8, 2013 who retire after age 60 and have completed 15 years of service are eligible to receive a "full benefit".

The Full Benefit: There are two tiers of employee health benefits.

- ❖ For employees hired prior to July 1, 1988, the District pays either 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance or 60% of the cost of the employee plus dependents premium.
- ❖ For those employees hired after July 1, 1988 the District pays 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance plus 60% of the cost of the additional dependent's premium.

The District's Board of Directors is committed to fully fund the OPEB liability, so it established a Trust fund and has made regular deposits to fund the OPEB liability. As of June 30, 2023, the Total Liability is \$5,807,571, with the District being 119% funded with a cash balance of \$6,892,354. In addition, the Board of Directors has elected to continue to pay the retiree health premiums and request reimbursement from the Trust. However, the Board of Directors has authorized staff to cease the annual contributions to the Trust fund. The payment of retiree health benefits was \$70,519.

Chart of Historical Total Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt was used primarily to finance the acquisition of land for basin sites and for the construction of the drainage system. The increase in long-term debt beginning in 2001 is primarily the result of a new \$20 million loan for the construction of the drainage system in Drainage Areas "II" and "RR".

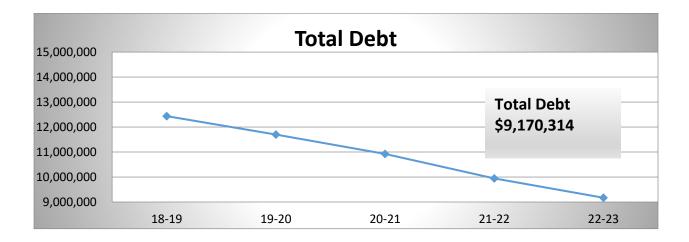
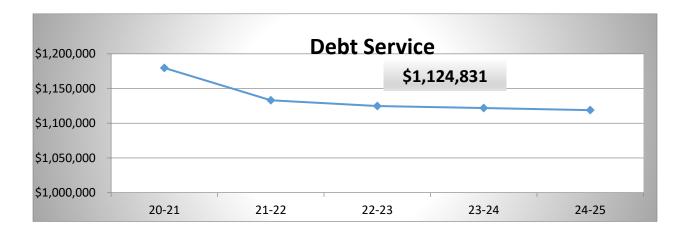


Chart of Historical Debt Service

The annual debt service for 2022-2023 was \$1,124,831.



CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets: The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, amounted to \$285,257,353 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, easements, infrastructure, structures and improvements, equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current period is \$5,672,998. Current period depreciation is \$6,956,838. Retirements/ Adjustments of assets totaled \$(629), net of depreciation.

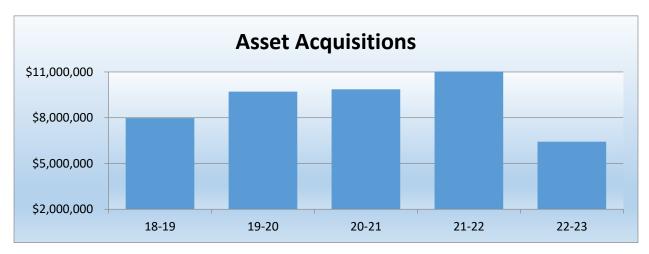
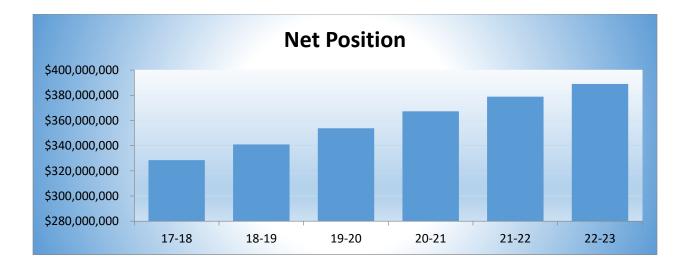


CHART OF NET POSITION

Over the last five years, net position has increased \$60,483,596. A principal reason for the increase is the District's and the Development Community's commitment to constructing new drainage area facilities. The District has constructed \$29,146,230 and the Development Community has constructed \$16,830,303 in drainage area facilities in the last 5 years.



Budgeted Drainage Area capital expenditures for 2022-2023 were estimated at \$8,986,000 including \$738,312 in budget contingencies and construction reserves. Actual expenditures were \$3,348,476. Capital Expenditures in the Expendable Trust Fund (PPDA) totaled \$2,673,562 and were all from development activities. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

URBAN FACILITIES

Drainage area locations are provided to give the reader the general locations. All Drainage Areas are irregular shapes, as they are based on topography. For actual boundaries, please refer to the District's Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan Map.

Drainage Area "BE": This drainage area is located near E Church Ave and S Willow Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$522,943.

Drainage Area "CF": This drainage area is located near E Central Ave and S Peach Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$1,098,520.

Drainage Area "CZ": This drainage area is located near E Alluvial Ave and N Chestnut Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$246,056.

Drainage Area "DO": This drainage area is located near E Ashlan Ave and N Locan Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$211,864.

Drainage Area "DP": This drainage area is located on E Dakota Ave and N. Highland Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$637,049.

Drainage Area "EF": This drainage area is located on W Bullard and N Cornelia Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$38,230.

Drainage Area "UU2": This drainage area is located near W Pine Ave and N West Ave, just East of Hwy 99. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$870,290.

Drainage Area "Y": This drainage area is located near E Huntington Ave and S Adler Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$351,062.

PPDA (Pre-Paid Drainage Assessment): The District processed and finalized seven (7) developer agreements during the fiscal year. The total capital improvements were \$2,673,562.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year using the straight-line depreciation method. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

The District's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical costs in the government-wide financial statements as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

LOOKING INTO THE FUTURE

The following summarizes the basic focus and direction of the 2023-2024 Budget.

The Budget significantly advances the District commitment to support economic development initiatives of the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and County of Fresno by means of the following:

- 1. For another consecutive year, funding an economic development capital project program.
- 2. Continuing the system excavation program which produces a significant costs savings to the development community in reduced development fees.

As the District's inventory of completed facilities continues to increase, the non-capital expenditures will increase as a percentage of total expenditures. The District continues its commitment to the local economy by its use of local businesses for most of the maintenance services and capital construction programs.

A significant portion of the total storm drainage improvements constructed today occurs through the drainage ordinance process. The Budget continues to be pro-active toward constructing local drainage and flood control systems by allocating a portion of property and assessment revenues to Capital related projects. This includes budget support of drainage system construction in older neighborhoods, construction in support of development, and construction of the Rural Flood Control System.

The Budget continues the District's commitment to the environmental quality and compliance with the stormwater regulations. The total sum of \$1,043,000 was budgeted for continued water and soil monitoring activities, environmental analysis, and stormwater quality control programs and facilities. Also included is a parks and wildlife element in our Storm Drainage Master Plan.

The Budget addresses the growing operations, maintenance, and repair needs of the District's completed urban and rural facilities through budget allocations totaling \$3,503,000.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This Financial Report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Berta Mims, Assistant General Manager-Administration, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, 5469 East Olive Avenue, Fresno, California 93727. The District's website is at www.fresnofloodcontrol.org.

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 37,609,693
Receivable:	
Developer	505,447
Interest	579,716
Lease	403,017
Other	1,446,725
Restricted cash	78,487,917
Net OPEB Asset	1,084,783
Capital assets:	
Land	78,587,680
Structures and improvements	341,323,647
Office building	6,761,135
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	4,402,198
Accumulated depreciation	(145,817,307)
Total Assets	405,374,651
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	2,094,653
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	3,320,782
Contracts payable (see supplementary schedule on pg. 62)	1,865,894
Salaries payable	273,772
Non-current liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
Interest payable	114,042
Compensated absences	584,417
CIEDB loan	895,207
Due in more than one year:	
Compensated absences	701,275
CIEDB loan	6,989,414
Total Liabilities	14,744,803
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	2,200,554
Deferred inflows from leases	424,462
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,625,016
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	277,372,732
Restricted for:	
Debt service	1,348,450
Construction	73,053,178
Unrestricted	38,325,125
Total Net Position	\$ 390,099,485

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Total Governmental Activities	
General government Flood control system Interest on long-term debt	\$ 12,670,115 10,322,758 245,909	\$ 808,096	\$ - 6,681,606	\$ (11,862,019) (3,641,152) (245,909)
Total	\$ 23,238,782	\$ 808,096	\$ 6,681,606	(15,749,080)
	General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes Assessment tax Investment earnin Lease and other fi Miscellaneous Gain on disposal	ngs nancing proceeds		14,948,726 8,402,727 2,261,391 42,033 90,863 12,523
	Total general revenu	ues		25,758,263
	Change in Net Positi	ion		10,009,183
	Net Position - Begin	ning		378,932,837
	Prior period adjustr	ment		1,157,465
	Net position - begin	ning, restated		380,090,302
	Net Position - Endin	g		\$ 390,099,485

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		General		Capital Project		Debt Service		PPDA Trust Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	-	General		Troject		Scrvice		Trust runu		Turius
Cash and investments	\$	37,609,693	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	37,609,693
Receivable:	•	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7		•		,		•	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Interest		237,832		330,488		7,898		3,498		579,716
Lease		403,017		-		- ,000		-		403,017
Other		1,446,725		_		_		_		1,446,725
Due from other funds		1,024,734		_		_		_		1,024,734
Restricted cash		528,350		51,291,960		1,340,552		25,327,055		78,487,917
Nestricled Cash		328,330		31,291,900		1,340,332		23,327,033		78,487,317
Total Assets	\$	41,250,351	\$	51,622,448	\$	1,348,450	\$	25,330,553	\$	119,551,802
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	917,662	\$	18,208	\$	_	\$	2,384,912	\$	3,320,782
Contracts payable (see	Y	317,002	Y	10,200	7		Y	2,304,312	Y	3,320,702
supplementary schedule										
on page 62)		_		1,865,894		_		_		1,865,894
Salaries payable		273,772		1,005,054		_		_		273,772
Due to other funds		2/3,//2		_		_		1,024,734		1,024,734
Due to other runus								1,024,734		1,024,734
Total Liabilities		1,191,434		1,884,102		-		3,409,646		6,485,182
DEFERRED INFLOWS										
Deferred inflows from grantors		1,446,724		_		_		_		1,446,724
Deferred inflows from leases		424,462		_		_		_		424,462
	-	,,					-			
Total Deferred Inflows		1,871,186		-		-		-		1,871,186
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		1,348,450		-		1,348,450
Drainage assessments		-		-		-		21,920,907		21,920,907
Committed:										
Construction		1,393,925		49,738,346		-		-		51,132,271
Assigned:										
General obligations		9,397,768		-		-		-		9,397,768
Unassigned		27,396,038								27,396,038
Total Fund Balances		38,187,731		49,738,346		1,348,450		21,920,907		111,195,434
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	41,250,351	\$	51,622,448	\$	1,348,450	\$	25,330,553	\$	119,551,802

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 111,195,434
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (net of accumulated depreciation of \$145,817,307).	285,257,353
Certain accrued revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position, they are recorded as revenues.	1,446,724
Certain revenues are not recognized in the governmental funds Balance Sheet because they are long-term in nature. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position, these revenues are recorded as receivables.	505,447
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not included in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Long-term liabilities and associated Deferred Inflows/Outflows at year-end totaled:	 (8,305,473)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 390,099,485

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES	General	Capital Project	Debt Service	PPDA Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes and subventions	\$ 14,948,726	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,948,726
Assessment tax revenue	8,402,727	-	-	-	8,402,727
Drainage fees - cash	· · · · · · -	-	-	4,054,672	4,054,672
Drainage fees - noncash	=	-	-	1,395,764	1,395,764
Fees and charges for services	808,096	-	-		808,096
Investment earnings	723,694	1,007,500	15,771	514,426	2,261,391
Grants, loans, and contributions	609,477	-,,		1,401,085	2,010,562
Miscellaneous	90,863			-,,	90,863
Total Revenues	25,583,583	1,007,500	15,771	7,365,947	33,972,801
EXPENDITURES					
Personnel expense	9,702,649	-	-	-	9,702,649
Office administration	292,725	-	-	-	292,725
Management support	113,852	-	-	-	113,852
Insurance	248,122	-	-	-	248,122
Professional services	215,895	-	-	-	215,895
Other administrative expense	149,327	-	-	963,692	1,113,019
System operations and maintenance	2,943,451	-	-	-	2,943,451
Operations center expense Storm water quality management	309,030	-	-	-	309,030
	651,847				CE1 047
expense	•	2 240 476	-	2 672 562	651,847
Capital outlay	407,295	3,348,476	1 124 022	2,673,562	6,429,333
Debt service	_ _		1,124,832	-	1,124,832
Total Expenditures	15,034,193	3,348,476	1,124,832	3,637,254	23,144,755
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	10,549,390	(2,340,976)	(1,109,061)	3,728,693	10,828,046
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	1,345,966	8,300,383	1,170,910	-	10,817,259
Transfers out	(8,654,823)	(6,469)	-	(2,155,967)	(10,817,259)
Lease and other financing proceeds	42,033	-	-	-	42,033
Proceeds from sale of assets	13,152				13,152
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(7,253,672)	8,293,914	1,170,910	(2,155,967)	55,185
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,295,718	5,952,938	61,849	1,572,726	10,883,231
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	34,892,013	43,785,408	1,286,601	20,348,181	100,312,203
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 38,187,731	\$ 49,738,346	\$ 1,348,450	\$ 21,920,907	\$ 111,195,434

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 10,883,231
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which net capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(878,963)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the net book value of the assets sold.	(629)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Under the full accrual basis of accounting they are recognized in the year they are earned.	(960,870)
Certain revenues are recognized in the current year in the government-wide Statement of Activities under the full accrual basis of accounting and are not recognized in the current year at the fund level. These revenues decrease receivables in the current year in the Statement of Net Position.	181,478
Compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period in governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned.	(95,627)
Post employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the Statement of Activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting, including changes in liabilities and changes in associated deferrals.	1,640
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	878,923
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 10,009,183

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Budget to Amounts GAAP Budgetary Differences			GAAP	Actual Amounts GAAP			Variance with	
		Original	Amo	Final		Basis		rerences r (Under)		Basis		inal Budget
REVENUES		o.igiiia.	_			545.5		. (0.146.)		243.5		mar Baaget
Taxes and subventions	\$	13,753,100	\$	13,753,100	\$	14,948,726	\$	_	\$	14,948,726	\$	1,195,626
Assessment tax revenue		8,453,702		8,453,702		8,402,727		-		8,402,727		(50,975)
Fees and charges for services		758,600		758,600		808,096		-		808,096		49,496
Investment earnings		398,120		398,120		723,694		-		723,694		325,574
Grants, loans, and contributions		3,410,000		3,410,000		609,477		-		609,477		(2,800,523)
Miscellaneous		44,250		108,700		90,863		-		90,863		(17,837)
Total Revenues	_	26,817,772		26,882,222		25,583,583				25,583,583		(1,298,639)
EXPENDITURES												
Personnel expense		11,132,682		11,132,682		9,642,974		(59,675)		9,702,649		1,430,033
Office administration		306,104		310,220		292,725		-		292,725		17,495
Management support		171,800		171,800		113,852		-		113,852		57,948
Insurance		318,400		318,400		248,122		-		248,122		70,278
Professional services		437,623		454,600		215,895		-		215,895		238,705
Other administrative expense		463,896		355,980		149,327		-		149,327		206,653
System operations and maintenance		3,313,200		3,313,200		2,943,451		-		2,943,451		369,749
Operations center expense		282,700		277,700		309,030		-		309,030		(31,330)
Storm water quality management												
expense		915,001		915,000		651,847		-		651,847		263,153
Budget reserves		292,084		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		2,145,347		746,500		407,295				407,295		339,205
Total Expenditures		19,778,837		17,996,082		14,974,518		(59,675)		15,034,193		2,961,889
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over (Under) Expenditures		7,038,935		8,886,140		10,609,065		59,675		10,549,390		1,663,250
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		1,100,000		(1,100,000)		1,345,966				1,345,966		2,445,966
Transfers out		(11,632,000)		(1,100,000)		(8,654,823)				(8,654,823)		2,977,177
Lease and other financing proceeds		76,300		76,300		42,033		_		42,033		(34,267)
Proceeds from sale of assets		20,200		20,200		13,152				13,152		(7,048)
												(1/2.12)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,435,500)		(12,635,500)		(7,253,672)				(7,253,672)		5,381,828
Net Change in Fund Balances		(3,396,565)		(3,749,360)		3,355,393	\$	59,675		3,295,718		7,045,078
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	_	13,370,334		12,094,334		34,663,156	•			34,892,013		22,797,679
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	9,973,769	\$	8,344,974	\$	38,018,549			\$	38,187,731	\$	29,842,757
Explanation of Budget to GAAP differences:												
Budget basis for payroll is on the cash basis, a between cash and accrual payroll expenditure Add: Prior year payroll accrual Less: Current year payroll accrual		•	lude	the reconciliat	ion		\$	214,097 (273,772)				
Total:							\$	(59,675)				

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District) was formed on June 26, 1956, under provisions of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control Act, Chapter 73 of the Water Code, and uncodified acts of the State of California. The District was organized to provide for the control and conservation of flood, storm, and other wastewater in the Fresno, California metropolitan area.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Standards and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>: The accounts of the District are organized and operated on a fund basis. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses.

The financial statements consist of the following:

Government-Wide Financial Statements-

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year-end on a consolidated basis. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements-

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. The exceptions to this rule are that principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due, and for District improvement contracts, the liability is recorded when the contract is awarded, offset by the percent incomplete.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued): When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the governmental fund.

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. The accompanying financial statements are reported using the "economic resources measurement focus", and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic measurement focus all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with these activities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all financial resources off the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Capital Project Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources restricted for construction of capital facilities. The proceeds are a result of a portion of the levy of special assessments pursuant to the Municipal Improvement Act of the California Streets and Highways Code or levy of assessment taxes pursuant to the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control Act, Chapter 73 of the Appendices to the California Water Code.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for resources accumulated to pay principal and interest on long-term debt, including bonded assessments which are levied on specific properties to retire debt established to finance improvements of special benefit to those properties.

The **PPDA Trust Fund** is used to account for drainage fees collected from developers pursuant to local ordinance codes held by the District in a trustee capacity, which will be expended solely for construction of local drainage facilities within the area from which the fees were collected. The fund was established pursuant to the State of California Subdivision Map Act and local ordinances of the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, the County of Fresno, and the District itself.

Developer fees are held in each planned local drainage area trust account. As the District and the development community construct master plan drainage facilities, they are reimbursed for their construction from these accounts, with the development community's construction having priority over the District's construction reimbursement. Following construction of all the master planned facilities within each planned local drainage area and the payment of all related claims from the trust account, the District shall determine by resolution the amount of surplus, if any, remaining in each fund. Any surplus shall be used for one of the following purposes:

- a) For transfer to the General Fund provided that the amount of the transfer shall not exceed five percent of the total amount expended from the particular fund, and provided that the funds transferred are used to support the operation and maintenance of those facilities for which the fees are collected;
- b) For the construction of additional or modified facilities within the particular drainage area; or
- c) As a refund in the manner provided in the California Government Code.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued): The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Non-major funds are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of either fund category or the government combined) for the determination of major funds. For the year ended June 30, 2023, all of the District's individual fund types qualified as major funds.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u>: The District utilizes the allowance method of accounting for and reporting uncollectible or doubtful accounts. At June 30, 2023, management considered all accounts to be fully collectible and, therefore, no allowance was recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Lease Receivable</u>: The District is a lessor for noncancelable leases of land and buildings. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements at the inception of the lease agreement at current present value of all future payments. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with estimated useful lives of more than one year. Capital assets purchased or constructed are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. In the case of acquisitions through gifts or contributions, such assets are recorded at fair value at the time received. The District records at cost the work performed for any construction contracts in progress at year-end. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciable assets are depreciated over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Structures and improvements: 50 years
Office building: 10-50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment: 4-10 years

Non-Exchange Transactions: Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property tax increments and other grants. With the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>: Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Net Position,* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows reported by the District include grant revenues that have been earned as of year-end, but not yet billed and collected within the revenue availability period in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, and lease receivables not meeting the period of availability.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: The District's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences, which is attributable to services already rendered, is recorded in the General Fund. The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

<u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>: An annual budget is adopted by the Board of Directors for the General Fund. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except payroll, which is adopted on a cash basis and the budget does not adjust construction for percentage incomplete. No formal budget is adopted by the District for the PPDA Trust Fund, as all funds are restricted by statute, and thus they are excluded from the general funds computation and annual budget. As such, no budget to actual comparison is required to be presented as required supplementary information for the special revenue major fund in accordance with GAAP.

<u>Net Position</u>: Net position represents the residual interest in the District's assets after liabilities are deducted. The Statement of Net Position reports total net position and presents it in three broad components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Net position, net investment in capital assets includes capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is restricted when constraints are imposed by third parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All other net position is unrestricted. Amounts included as unrestricted net position are available for designation for specific purposes established by the District's Board of Directors. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

<u>Fund Balance</u>: In the fund financial statements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

- Nonspendable Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required either legally or contractually to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional or enabling legislation.
- Committed Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of
 decision-making authority (the Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used
 for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the
 constraint. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the
 reporting period.
- Assigned Amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.
- Unassigned The residual classification for the District's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for a specific purpose exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Fund Balance (continued)</u>: The District establishes and modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or policy. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget as a designation or commitment of the fund, such as approved contracts. Assigned fund balance is established by the District through adoption or amendment of the budget, or future year budget, plan as intended for a specific purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's informal policy/practice to use restricted resources first, followed by the committed, assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed.

The District believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the District to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the District needs to maintain unrestricted fund balance in its funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the District and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

The District, as per its Internal Policy, is required to achieve and maintain unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund sufficient to cover approximately 6 months of working capital at the close of each fiscal year, which exceeds the recommended level (approximately 60 days working capital) promulgated by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA).

Tax/Assessment Tax Payment Delinquencies: On October 12, 1993, the Fresno County (the County) Board of Supervisors voted to adopt an alternate method of tax/assessment tax apportionment known as the Teeter Plan, effective fiscal year 1993-94. The Teeter Plan provided a one-time fiscal benefit during fiscal year 1993-94 and in future years offers the District a consistent and predictable amount of tax/assessment tax revenue unaffected by delinquent tax payments. This is accomplished by the fact that the District will receive 100% of its current secured and supplemental tax levy, not just the amount collected, with the County owning the delinquent receivable. The County will apportion the revenue in three installments throughout the year. The Teeter Plan does not apply to unsecured taxes.

Unsecured taxes are due periodically throughout the year and become delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31. The lien date for unsecured tax/assessment tax is March 1 of the preceding fiscal year. All tax/assessment taxes are levied and collected by the County Auditor and are paid to the District as described above.

Tax/assessment tax revenues related to current secured and supplemental taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied, due to the adoption of the Teeter Plan. Also, the adoption of the Teeter Plan eliminates the need for a receivable for these types of property taxes. Tax/assessment tax revenues related to unsecured taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which they become available. Available means when due, past due and receivable within the current period, or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

<u>Interfund Transfers</u>: The District records the annual transfer from the PPDA Trust Fund to the General Fund when approved by the Board of Directors, which is typically subsequent to year-end. As a result, the transfer recorded for the year ended June 30, 2023, relates to activity from the year ended June 30, 2022. All other transfers relate to activity for the year ended June 30, 2023.

All interfund transfers are operating transfers. which are transfers from a fund receiving the revenue to the fund which has expended the resources. All of the interfund transfers are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>: Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "due to/from other funds" and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Governmental Accounting Standards Update</u>: During the year ending June 30, 2023, the District implemented the following standards:

GASB Statement No. 91 – Conduit Debt Obligations. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Subsequent to issuance, GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the requirements of this statement to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 93 – *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Subsequent to issuance, GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the certain requirements of this statement to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 94 – *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements.* The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 – *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 98 – *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.* The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Released GASB Statements to be implemented in future financial statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 99 – *Omnibus 2022*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 100 – *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101 – *Compensated Absences*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

<u>Subsequent Events</u>: In compliance with accounting standards, management has evaluated events that have occurred after year-end to determine if these events are required to be disclosed in the financial statements. Management has determined that no events require disclosure in accordance with accounting standards. These subsequent events have been evaluated through January 29, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize the District to invest in the Fresno County (the County) Treasury, Local Agency Investment Fund, U.S. Treasury and registered state warrants, notes, bonds, bills or certificates, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and other similar instruments. The District's investments, which approximated market value at June 30, 2023, was invested in the County Treasury.

Cash and investments and maturities as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)								
	 Fair Value	Le	ess Than One		1-5				
Cash in banks County Treasury	\$ 3,385,316 112,712,294	\$	3,385,316 112,712,294	\$		- -			
Total	\$ 116,097,610	\$	116,097,610	\$		_			

The District's investment is collateralized with pools of securities held by the County Treasury, but not in the District's name. The investment policies of the County are governed by state statute and an adopted investment policy with oversight by the County Treasury Investment Committee.

The County Treasury is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements.

State statutes and the County of Fresno investment policy authorize the County Treasurer to invest in U.S. Government Treasury and Agency Securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, corporate bonds and notes, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, investments held by the County Treasurer are stated at fair value. The fair value of pooled investments is determined quarterly and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasury.

For full disclosures regarding interest rate risk, credit risk, and fair value measurements, see the County of Fresno Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2023.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: The District maintains cash with qualified financial institutions. At various times such amounts may be in excess of insured limits. As of June 30, 2023, \$3,188,678 were in excess of the FDIC limit (\$250,000). Management considers this a normal business risk, and has not experienced any losses in the past.

<u>Restricted Cash</u>: Receipts from the Capital Project and the PPDA Trust Funds are classified as restricted cash because their use is limited to planned construction and repayment of related debt service obligations. Cash held in the Debt Service Fund is classified as restricted cash as amounts are held for future payments on long-term debt of the District.

NOTE 3 – LEASE RECEIVABLE

The District is a lessor of land and buildings. The District uses the interest rate contained within the agreements as the discount rate except in cases where the interest rate charged is not provided; in those situations, the District uses the incremental borrowing rate as provided by the California State Controller's Office.

Payment increases include flat percentage increases and the use of an index (such as the consumer price index). For those leases that have payment increases utilizing an index; they were initially calculated using the index at the measurement period.

The length of the lease period includes any noncancellable period of the lease as well as any extension options that are reasonably certain to be taken.

The District's lease receivable of \$403,017 was composed of the following:

Building lease - monthly payments totaling \$3,900 per year plus interest at a rate of 0.2% and annual increases in base payments per CPI. Final payment date occurs in 2024.

Land use leases (including land use for cell towers) - annual payments totaling \$45,320 plus interest at rates ranging from 0.2% to 2.85% and annual increases in base payments per CPI or flat increase. Final payment dates range from 2023 through 2044.

\$ 403,017

3,571

399,446

Total Principal Balance

3 403,017

Payments on the lease receivables are expected to be received in the following subsequent years:

Year Ending						
June 30,		Principal	 Interest	Total		
2024	\$	48,067	\$ 6,627	\$	54,694	
2025		32,403	6,126		38,529	
2026		32,949	5,631		38,580	
2027		33,457	5,124		38,581	
2028		22,705	4,641		27,346	
2029-2033		110,274	15,959		126,233	
2034-2038		64,320	7,892		72,212	
2039-2043		46,120	3,422		49,542	
2044		12,722	128		12,850	
	\$	403,017	\$ 55,550	\$	458,567	
	-					

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2022		Additions/ Completions		Retirements/ Adjustments		Balance June 30, 2023	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	78,182,803	\$ 404,877	\$		\$	78,587,680	
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		78,182,803	 404,877		-		78,587,680	
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Structures and improvements		336,058,885	5,264,762		-		341,323,647	
Office building		6,543,191	217,944		-		6,761,135	
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		4,324,470	 190,292		(112,564)		4,402,198	
Total capital assets								
being depreciated		346,926,546	 5,672,998		(112,564)		352,486,980	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Structures and improvements		(132,702,305)	(6,617,541)		_		(139,319,846)	
Office building		(2,761,115)	(159,579)		(630)		(2,921,324)	
Furniture, fixtures, and		(, - , - ,	(,,		(,		(/- /- /	
equipment		(3,508,984)	(179,718)		112,565		(3,576,137)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(138,972,404)	(6,956,838)		111,935		(145,817,307)	
Total capital assets								
being depreciated, net		207,954,142	(1,283,840)		(629)		206,669,673	
Total capital assets, net	\$	286,136,945	\$ (878,963)	\$	(629)	\$	285,257,353	

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the following governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023 as follows:

General government	\$ 229,379
Flood control system	 6,727,459
	\$ 6,956,838

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is summarized as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2022 Additions		 Del eti ons		Balance June 30, 2023		Due Within One Year		
CIEDB loan	\$ 8,756,040	\$		 \$	(871,419)	\$	7,884,621	\$	895,207
Total	\$ 8,756,040	\$		 \$	(871,419)	\$	7,884,621	\$	895,207

NOTE 6 – OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Other long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is summarized as follows:

	Balance ne 30, 2022	Additions Dele		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023		Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences	\$ 1,190,065	\$ 623,583	\$	(527,956)	\$	1,285,692	\$	584,417
Total	\$ 1,190,065	\$ 623,583	\$	(527,956)	\$	1,285,692	\$	584,417

NOTE 7 – CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK (CIEDB) LOAN

Loan with the CIEDB in the maximum amount of \$20,000,000, dated May 1, 2001. As of June 30, 2001, interest only payments shall be payable in four semiannual installments beginning August 1, 2001. Beginning August 1, 2003, principal shall be payable in 28 annual installments and interest shall be payable in 56 semiannual installments. On July 28, 2021, the Board of Directors approved and adopted Resolution No. 2021-971 (the "Resolution"). The Resolution permitted the District to refinance this loan and reduce the loan rate by 1%, from 3.73% to 2.73%. The rate reduction went into effect on August 1, 2021. Repayment is to be made from Assessment Tax Revenues collected with the General Fund and any other source of funds legally available for the purpose of making the annual payment as secondary sources of funding should Assessment Tax Revenues be inadequate to meet the loan repayment obligation. Collateral consists of a pledge and first lien on all of the Assessment Tax Revenues and all amounts in the Assessment Tax Revenues Special Revenue Fund. The full amount of \$20,000,000 has been loaned to the District.

Any one or more of the following events shall constitute an "event of default" for this loan:

- a. Failure by the District to pay any loan payment or interest when and as the same shall become due and payable.
- b. Failure by the District to observe and perform any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in the loan agreement, for a period of 60 days after written notice has been given to the District by the CIEDB, or to the District and the CIEDB, specifying such failure and requesting that such failure be remedied.
- c. The filing by the District of a petition or answer seeking reorganization or arrangement under the federal bankruptcy laws or any other applicable law of the United States of America.
- d. Any representation or other written statement made by the District furnished in compliance shall prove to have been incorrect in any material respect.
- e. An unexcused failure by the District to pay amounts due under any bond, note, installment sale agreement, capital lease or other agreement or instrument to which it is a party relating to the borrowing of money, if such unpaid amount shall exceed \$50,000.
- f. The occurrence of an event of default with respect to any Parity Debt or Subordinate Debt which causes all principal of such Parity Debt or Subordinate Debt to become due and payable immediately.

If an event of default has occurred and is continuing, the CIEDB may declare the principal of the Loan, together with the accrued interest on all unpaid principal thereof, to be due and payable immediately.

The ending balance on the CIEDB loan for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$7,884,621.

NOTE 7 - CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK (CIEDB) LOAN (continued)

Future debt service payments on the CIEDB loan are as follows:

Year	Principal	 Interest	Total
2024	\$ 895,207	\$ 226,685	\$ 1,121,892
2025	919,647	199,226	1,118,873
2026	944,753	171,017	1,115,770
2027	970,545	142,040	1,112,585
2028	997,041	112,271	1,109,312
2029-2031	3,157,428	149,960	3,307,388
	\$ 7,884,621	\$ 1,001,199	\$ 8,885,820

Total interest expense on the CIEDB loan for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$253,413.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY

To General Fund: From PPDA Trust Fund

The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds as of June 30, 2023:

	\$	1,024,734
The following is a summary of transfers in and out during the year ended June 30, 20	23:	
To General Fund:		
From Capital Project Fund	\$	9,999
From PPDA Trust Fund		1,335,967
To Capital Project Fund:		
From General Fund		7,480,383
From PPDA Trust Fund		820,000
To Debt Service Fund:		
From General Fund		1,170,910
	\$	10,817,259

NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

The Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Pension Plan (the Plan) is a defined contribution pension plan established by the Board of Directors of the District. The Plan covers all full-time employees who have completed at least six months of continuous service and have attained the age of eighteen. Monthly employer contributions for employees hired prior to June 30, 1988, are 14% of the employees' salary.

Monthly employer contributions for employees hired after June 30, 1988, are 10% of the employees' salaries. Participants are 25% vested after two years of service and an additional 25% after each additional year until they are fully vested. District contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before becoming 100% vested are used to reduce the District's current period contribution requirement. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Administrative Committee of the Board of Directors of the District. The District made the required contribution amounting to \$692,416 as of June 30, 2023.

The Plan issues a stand-alone financial report that can be reviewed at the District office located at 5469 East Olive Avenue, Fresno, California 93727.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u>: The District provides the following post-employment health care benefits in accordance with District employment contracts:

- For employees hired before May 8, 2013, the District subsidizes the health insurance cost for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District pays 50% of the "full benefit" for employees and 30% of any dependent coverage for employees with more than 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service. The employees who retire after the age of 55 with more than 15 years of service receive a "full benefit".
- Employees hired after May 8, 2013 who retire after age 60 and have completed 15 years of service are eligible to receive a "full benefit".

The *Full Benefit*: There are two tiers of employee health benefits.

- For employees hired prior to July 1, 1988, the District pays either 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance or 60% of the cost of the employee plus dependents premium.
- For those employees hired after July 1, 1988, the District pays 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance plus 60% of the cost of the additional dependent's premium.

The District participates in an industry association plan (ACWA/JPIA) that has about 300 employer members. There are two providers in the plan: Kaiser and Blue Cross/Blue Shield (BCBS) that offer PPO and HMO plans. The same benefit options are available to retirees as active employees. Upon reaching Medicare eligibility, the plans do not coordinate with Medicare. There is a small rate decrease for retirees who opt for Medicare Part B. Kaiser plans are fully-insured while BCBS plans are self-insured. The District employees represent a very small percentage of the pool for the BCBS plans and, thus, these plans are assumed to be community-rated with no implicit subsidy to the District. The District employees represent approximately 6% of the pool for the Kaiser plans and, thus, these plans are not assumed to be community-rated. There will be a GASB implicit subsidy to the District for employees enrolled in this plan. Effective January 1, 2022, the District is no longer offering Anthem Blue Cross for retirees on Medicare. The options for retirees on Medicare changed to Kaiser and United Healthcare, however, the option of Anthem Blue Cross is still available for retirees that are not on Medicare.

The District has established an irrevocable trust with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) to accumulate resources strictly for post-employment benefit payments. PARS issues a separate annual financial report, and copies of the report may be obtained by writing to PARS at 4350 Von Karman Ave., Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA 92660, or by calling (800) 540-6369.

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

<u>Contributions</u>: The District contribution varies by employee classification up to 100% of the amount of employee only premium incurred by retirees and 60% of the premium incurred for their dependents. Expenditures for postemployment benefits are recognized on a pay-as-you-go basis, as premiums are paid. During the year, expenditures of \$461,085 were recognized for retirees' health care benefits, including \$20,930 of administrative expenses, paid from outside the trust. The District's required contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. The District's OPEB plan fiduciary net position, as of July 1, 2022, is greater than the District's total OPEB liability, creating a net OPEB asset. Therefore, no contributions were made between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023.

Employees Covered: At July 1, 2022, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	27
Active employees	72
	99

<u>Net OPEB Liability (Asset)</u>: The District's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement dates.

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate	2.5 percent
Salary increases	3.0 percent
Discount rate	7.0 percent

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense

Healthcare trend rate 5.20 percent for 2023 through 2034; 5.00 percent for 2035 through 2049; 4.50

percent for 2050 through 2064; and 4.00 percent for 2065 and later years

Mortality rates were based on the most recent experience study for CalPERS members.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

Discount rate: GASB 75 requires a discount rate that reflects the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (if any) and a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

To determine the discount rate, the amount of the plan's projected fiduciary net position (if any) and the amount of projected benefit payments are compared in each future period.

At July 1, 2022, the District has an irrevocable trust account for prefunding OPEB liabilities. Plan assets are expected to be sufficient. The discount rate used is 7.00%, equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (continued):

The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total OPEB			ın Fiduciary		Net OPEB		
	Liability			et Position	Liability (Asset)			
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	6,577,968	\$	6,724,843	\$	(146,875)		
Changes in the year:								
Service cost		171,290		-		171,290		
Interest on the								
total OPEB liability		389,783		-		389,783		
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		(1,035,390)		-		(1,035,390)		
Contributions from the employer		-		70,519		(70,519)		
Net investment income		-		558,077		(558,077)		
Benefit payments, including								
refunds of employee contributions		(296,080)		(440,155)		144,075		
Administrative expense				(20,930)		20,930		
Net change		(770,397)		167,511		(937,908)		
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	5,807,571	\$	6,892,354	\$	(1,084,783)		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset), as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

		Current										
	Dis	count Rate	D	iscount Rate	Discount Rate							
	1	.% (6.00%)		(7.00%)	+ 1% (8.00%)							
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(345,564)	\$	(1,084,783)	\$	(1,703,295)						

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset), as well as what the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.20 percent decreasing to 4.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.20 percent increasing to 6.20 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	:	L% Decrease Trend Rate			1% Increase	
		(4.20%)		(5.20%)		(6.20%)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,836,196)	\$	(1,084,783)	\$	(153,124)

NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:</u>

At June 30, 2023, the District's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to OPEB from the following source are:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred nflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Differences between projected and actual return investments	\$	773,499 404,259 916,895	\$	1,381,065 357,394 462,095
Total	\$	2,094,653	\$	2,200,554

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	De	Deferred Outflows		rred Inflows of
Year		of Resources		Resources
2024	\$	515,628	\$	(483,546)
2025		470,790		(483,546)
2026		470,788		(284,152)
2027		180,102		(284,143)
2028		99,424		(194,538)
2029		99,424		(94,128)
2030		99,424		(94,127)
2031		99,424		(94,127)
2032		59,649		(94,127)
2033		-		(94,120)

Net OPEB Expense: For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District's Net OPEB expense (benefit) was \$68,879.

Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - beginning (a)	\$ (146,875)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - ending (b)	 (1,084,783)
Change in Net OPEB Liability (Asset) [(b)-(a)]	(937,908)
Change in Deferred Outflows	516,278
Change in Deferred Inflows	419,990
Employer Contributions	 70,519
Net OPEB Expense (Benefit)	\$ 68,879

NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

<u>Investments</u>: The District's policy regarding the allocation of the Plan's invested assets is established and may be amended by District management. The primary objective is to maximize total Plan return, subject to the risk and quality constraints set forth in the investment guidelines. The District has selected a balanced objective, which has a dual goal of growth of principal and income. While dividend and interest income are an important component of the objective's total return, it is expected that capital will comprise a larger portion of the total return. The asset allocation ranges for this objective as of June 30, 2023, are listed as follows:

Strategic Asset Allocation Ranges									
Cash Fixed Income Equity									
Stated Range	0-20%	40%-60%	40%-60%						

<u>Rate of Return</u>: For the year ended June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 8.50%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Litigation</u>: The District is a party to a number of lawsuits, claims, and eminent domain litigation arising out of the conduct of its operation. While the ultimate results of lawsuits or other proceedings against the District cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District.

<u>Construction Projects</u>: The District has executed construction contracts for system improvements of \$5,298,905. The financial statements have \$1,865,894 recorded, which reflects the percent of the contract completed at June 30, 2023, and the District has remaining commitments under the contracts of \$3,433,011.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District has entered into a joint powers authority agreement along with other members of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA JPIA) to form a self-insuring pool for liability coverage up to \$500,000. Insurance in excess of \$500,000 is collectively purchased through excess policies covering all included members. The excess insurance is for \$39,500,000 per occurrence for a total coverage of \$40,000,000.

The ACWA JPIA is governed by a board of directors composed of one representative from each member agency. The JPIA governing board controls the operation of the ACWA JPIA, independent of any influence by the District other than the District's representation on the governing board.

The ACWA JPIA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters. The ACWA JPIA maintains its own accounting records. The ACWA JPIA's budget is not subject to any approval other than that of its governing board.

The relationship between the District and the ACWA JPIA is such that the ACWA JPIA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Separate financial statements of the ACWA JPIA are available upon request at 2100 Professional Drive, Roseville, California 95661, (916) 786-5742.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Condensed financial information for the ACWA JPIA's most recent year audited is shown below:

	September 30, 2022			
Total assets	\$	246,615,214		
Deferred outflows of resources		6,108,562		
Total liabilities		137,126,606		
Deferred inflows of resources		2,813,249		
Net position	\$	112,783,921		
Total revenues	\$	175,619,417		
Total expenditures		212,646,028		
Net increase in net position	\$	(37,026,611)		

During the year ending June 30, 2023, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

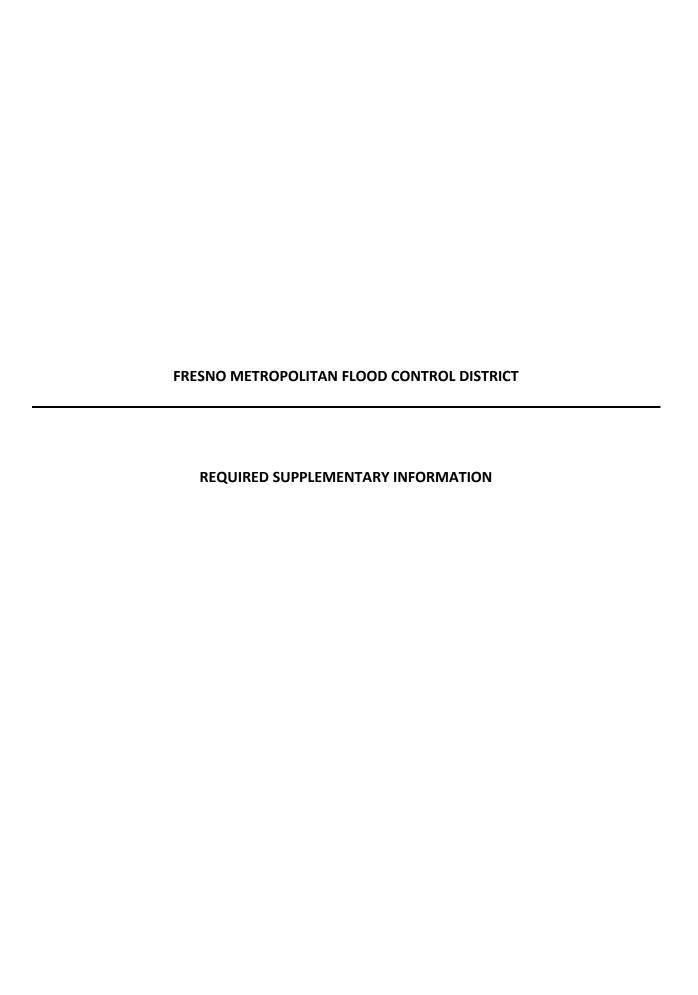
NOTE 13 – EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

Expenditures	 Amount
General Fund:	
Operations center expense	\$ 31,330

NOTE 14 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A prior period adjustment of \$1,157,465 was recorded to properly record State of California grant receivables as of June 30, 2022. The grant expenses incurred related to these grants occurred prior to the start of the year ended June 30, 2023 but the related grant revenues and grant receivable were not recorded, but rather the revenues were being recorded upon receipt of the reimbursements from the State of California. The adjustment was an increase to Accounts Receivable, Other, as of the start of the current fiscal year and an increase to Beginning Net Position on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.



FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	 2023	 2022	 2021	2020		2019		 2018
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$ 171,290	\$ 181,110	\$ 105,672	\$	115,475	\$	106,676	\$ 103,569
Interest	389,783	441,234	352,973		392,394		359,855	338,095
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,035,390)	555,616	(703,685)		645,437		-	(1,969,136)
Changes of assumptions	-	498,273	(99,625)		(590,260)		-	-
Benefit payments	(296,080)	(327,679)	 (326,531)		(191,595)		(153,708)	(108,671)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(770,397)	1,348,554	(671,196)		371,451		312,823	(1,636,143)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	6,577,968	5,229,414	 5,900,610		5,529,159		5,216,336	 6,852,479
Total OPEB Liability - ending (a)	5,807,571	6,577,968	5,229,414		5,900,610		5,529,159	5,216,336
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	70,519	327,679	526,531		391,595		653,708	1,308,671
Net investment income	558,077	(894,935)	1,440,284		196,665		348,825	258,434
Benefit payments	(440,155)	(327,679)	(326,531)		(191,595)		(153,708)	(107,671)
Administrative expense	 (20,930)	(23,459)	 (21,584)		(18,737)		(15,174)	 (13,951)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	167,511	(918,394)	1,618,700		377,928		833,651	1,445,483
Plan fiduciary net position	 6,724,843	7,643,237	 6,024,537		5,646,609		4,812,958	 3,368,475
Plan fiduciary net position (b)	 6,892,354	6,724,843	7,643,237		6,024,537		5,646,609	 4,813,958
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)	\$ (1,084,783)	\$ (146,875)	\$ (2,413,823)	\$	(123,927)	\$	(117,450)	\$ 402,378
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the								
total OPEB liability	118.68%	102.23%	146.16%		102.10%		102.12%	92.29%
District's covered-employee payroll	6,888,904	6,348,022	6,238,634		6,064,213		5,835,980	5,646,134
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	-15.75%	-2.31%	-38.69%		-2.04%		-2.01%	7.13%
covered employee payron	13.7370	2.51/0	30.0370		2.04/0		2.01/0	7.13/0

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

^{*} Fiscal Year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore; only six years are shown.

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	 2022	2022		2021		2020		2019		 2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$	56,743	\$	119,901	\$	495,412	\$ 495,412
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution Contribution in deficiency (excess)	\$ (70,519) (70,519)	\$	(327,679) (327,679)	\$	(526,531) (469,788)	\$	(391,595) (271,694)	\$	(653,708) (158,296)	\$ (1,308,671) (813,259)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,888,904	\$	6,348,022	\$	6,238,634	\$	6,064,213	\$	5,835,980	\$ 5,646,134
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.02%		5.16%		8.44%		6.46%		11.20%	23.18%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Valuation Date July 1, 2021

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Amortization period 9 years
Asset valuation method Market value
Inflation 2.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.20% for 2022 through 2034; 5.00% for 2035 through 2049; 4.50% for

2050 through 2064; and 4.00% for 2065 and later years

Salary increases 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense

Retirement age 5% for ages 55 through 57; 10% at age 58; 12% at age 59; 15% at age

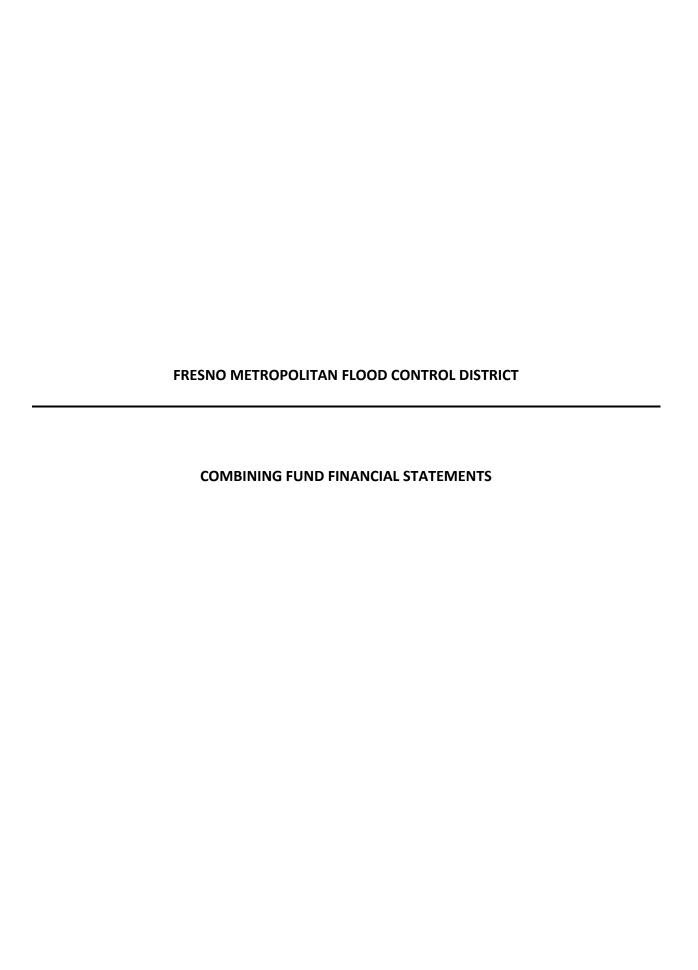
60; 18% at age 61; 20% at age 62; 25% at age 63; 30% at age 64; 40% at

age 65; 50% at age 66; and 100% at age 67

Mortality CalPERS mortality miscellaneous rates from the most recent actuarial

experience study

^{*} Fiscal Year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore; only six years are shown.



FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Total	CIEDB Loan				
ASSETS						
Restricted cash Interest receivable	\$ 1,340,552 7,898	\$	1,340,552 7,898			
Total Assets	\$ 1,348,450	\$	1,348,450			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$	-			
Total Liabilities	 					
Fund balances: Restricted for debt service	 1,348,450		1,348,450			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,348,450	\$	1,348,450			

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Total		CIEDB Loan
REVENUES Interest	\$	15,771	\$	15,771
interest	<u>,</u>	15,771	<u> </u>	13,771
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service		1,124,832		1,124,832
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,109,061)		(1,109,061)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		1,170,910		1,170,910
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,170,910		1,170,910
Net Change in Fund Balances		61,849		61,849
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		1,286,601		1,286,601
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	1,348,450	\$	1,348,450

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECT FUND JUNE 30, 2023

Capital

			Сарітаі					
		(Construction			Basin		Park
	Total		Fund	Land	D		Fund	
ASSETS	 	-						
	222.422		207.602	20.746				2.050
Interest receivable	\$ 330,488	\$	297,683	\$ 29,746	\$	-	\$	3,059
Restricted cash	 51,291,959		46,323,805	 4,504,945		15,785		447,424
Total Assets	\$ 51,622,447	\$	46,621,488	\$ 4,534,691	\$	15,785	\$	450,483
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Accounts payable	\$ 18,208	\$	18,208	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Contracts payable	 1,865,894		1,865,894	 				
Total Liabilities	 1,884,102		1,884,102	 				
Fund balances:								
Committed for construction	 49,738,345		44,737,386	 4,534,691		15,785		450,483
Total Fund Balances	 49,738,345		44,737,386	 4,534,691		15,785		450,483
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 51,622,447	\$	46,621,488	\$ 4,534,691	\$	15,785	\$	450,483

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Capital

		_	Construction		Basin	Park
	Total		Fund	Land	D	Fund
REVENUES	 				 	
Interest	\$ 1,007,498	\$	907,492	\$ 90,681	\$ -	\$ 9,325
Total Revenues	1,007,498		907,492	90,681	 	 9,325
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	 3,348,475		3,348,475	 	 	
Total Expenditures	3,348,475		3,348,475		 	 -
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	 (2,340,977)		(2,440,983)	 90,681	 	 9,325
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	8,300,383		8,300,383	-	-	-
Transfers out	 (6,469)		(6,469)	 -	 	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 8,293,914		8,293,914		 	
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,952,937		5,852,931	90,681	-	9,325
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 43,785,408		38,884,455	 4,444,010	 15,785	 441,158
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 49,738,345	\$	44,737,386	\$ 4,534,691	\$ 15,785	\$ 450,483



FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Gene	eral Fu	ınd - Budgetary E	Basis	
	Budget		Actual		riance with
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes - current	\$ 12,730,500	\$	13,394,635	\$	664,135
Property taxes - prior year levies	22,600		19,905		(2,695)
General subventions	300,000		482,033		182,033
Other	700,000		1,052,153		352,153
Assessment tax revenue	8,453,702		8,402,727		(50,975)
Interest revenue	398,120		723,694		325,574
Grant revenue	3,410,000		590,792		(2,819,208)
Construction contributions	-		18,685		18,685
Fees and charges for services:					
Non-conforming facilities fees	100,000		81,060		(18,940)
Master plan engineering fees	200,000		278,559		78,559
Excavation permit fees	175,000		123,397		(51,603)
Recharge maintenance	20,000		4,292		(15,708)
PPDA administration fees	12,000		13,359		1,359
Other fees and charges	251,600		307,429		55,829
Miscellaneous	108,700		90,863		(17,837)
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	(1,100,000)		1,345,966		2,445,966
Lease and other financing proceeds	76,300		42,033		(34,267)
Revenue from sale of assets	 20,200		13,152		(7,048)
Total Revenues and Other					
Financing Sources	 25,878,722		26,984,734		1,106,012
Expenditures:					
Personnel expense:					
Salaries, regular and part-time	8,026,902		6,893,162		1,133,740
Payroll related taxes	569,000		585,144		(16,144)
Employee insurance	1,395,200		1,201,932		193,268
Workers' compensation	101,080		91,488		9,592
Retirement	812,000		692,416		119,584
Annual leave	164,000		291,330		(127,330)
OPEB contribution	42,000		(115,242)		157,242
Unemployment insurance	15,000		-		15,000
Temporary help	5,000		694		4,306
Employee assistance program	2,500		2,050		450
Total personnel expense	 11,132,682		9,642,974		1,489,708

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Ger	neral Fund - Budgetary I	Basis
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures, continued:		-	
Office administration:			
General office supplies	\$ 73,000	\$ 69,902	\$ 3,098
Records and maps	26,000	11,352	14,648
Reproduction	6,000	5,163	837
Office equipment maintenance	154,020	158,910	(4,890)
Communications	43,000	41,889	1,111
Postage	4,300	3,351	949
Printing	2,600	1,961	639
Courier service	1,300	197	1,103
Total office administration	310,220	292,725	17,495
Management support:			
Conferences and meetings	49,300	28,443	20,857
General management	72,500	76,590	(4,090)
Professional education	45,000	8,819	36,181
Corps project representation	5,000	<u> </u>	5,000
Total management support	171,800	113,852	57,948
Insurance:			
Employee bonding	1,600	1,554	46
Notary, trustee, and fiduciary	12,500	12,449	51
Directors' liability	12,000	7,129	4,871
Fire, theft, and office content	40,000	57,207	(17,207)
Automobile	37,800	23,210	14,590
General liability	204,500	121,192	83,308
Deductibles, settlements	10,000	25,381	(15,381)
Total insurance	318,400	248,122	70,278
Professional services:			
Legal services	158,000	125,369	32,631
Accounting services	39,000	44,915	(5,915)
Consulting engineers	600	-	600
Computer support	5,000	5,970	(970)
Other professional services	234,000	30,481	203,519
Legislative services	5,000	-	5,000
Personnel services	5,000	4,360	640
Benefit administration	8,000	4,800	3,200
Total professional services	454,600	215,895	238,705

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund - Budgetary Basis								
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget						
Expenditures, continued:									
Other administrative expense:									
Revenue collection expense	\$ 261,000	\$ -	\$ 261,000						
Directors' expense	53,400	37,200	16,200						
Public information	23,500	102,796	(79,296)						
Advertising	2,000	199	1,801						
Service charges	7,200	5,172	2,028						
Special events expense	2,500	· -	2,500						
Employee recognition expense	5,500	3,069	2,431						
Miscellaneous expense	880	891	(11)						
Total other administrative									
expense	355,980	149,327	206,653						
System operations and maintenance: Basin maintenance:									
Developed basin maintenance	800,000	733,502	66,498						
Undeveloped basin maintenance	400,000	351,684	48,316						
Recharge maintenance	150,000	17,835	132,165						
Parks and recreation maintenance	55,000	44,867	10,133						
Winter operations	25,000	-	25,000						
Fence repair	122,000	172,961	(50,961)						
Pump operations/maintenance	325,000	475,766	(150,766)						
Drainline operations	120,000	59,081	60,919						
Flood control maintenance:									
Dam operations/maintenance	385,000	277,516	107,484						
Channel operations	305,000	186,850	118,150						
Detention basin operations	155,000	117,816	37,184						
Flood fight expense	, -	123,133	(123,133)						
Vehicle operations	160,000	126,275	33,725						
Vehicle repairs	35,000	59,914	(24,914)						
Vehicle supplies	10,000	4,123	5,877						
Operation expense	28,000	22,587	5,413						
Field equipment maintenance	60,000	95,657	(35,657)						
Warehouse expense	500	, -	500						
Other operations expense	11,000	19,861	(8,861)						
Uniform expense	10,000	6,453	3,547						
Telemetry maintenance	14,000	13,770	230						
Environmental management:	,	,							
Environmental analysis	120,000	17,092	102,908						
Other environmental management	22,700	16,708	5,992						
Total system operations and									
maintenance	3,313,200	2,943,451	369,749						

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund - Budgetary Basis									
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget							
Expenditures, continued:										
Operations center expense:										
Utilities	\$ 133,700	\$ 149,209	\$ (15,509)							
Building maintenance	99,500	108,135	(8,635)							
Landscape maintenance	27,000	39,679	(12,679)							
Repairs and rehabilitation	16,000	11,164	4,836							
Other operations center	1,500	843	657							
Total operations center expense	277,700	309,030	(31,330)							
Storm water quality management										
(SWQM) expense:										
Consulting services	30,000	23,636	6,364							
Municipal NPDES development	45,000	24,385	20,615							
SWQM operations/maintenance	375,000	166,750	208,250							
Municipal NPDES implementation	465,000	437,076	27,924							
Total SWQM expense	915,000	651,847	263,153							
Capital outlay:										
Operations center	350,000	(1,210,000)	1,560,000							
Telemetry	50,000		(26,275)							
Vehicles	257,000	131,077	125,923							
Computer hardware and software	43,000	•	3,225							
Office equipment and furniture	3,500	6,961	(3,461)							
Field equipment	3,000	11,538	(8,538)							
Site improvement	40,000	1,351,669	(1,311,669)							
Total capital outlay	746,500	407,295	339,205							
Total Expenditures	17,996,082	14,974,518	3,021,564							
Other uses:										
Transfers out	11,632,000	8,654,823	2,977,177							
Total Expenditures and										
Other Uses	29,628,082	23,629,341	5,998,741							
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,749,360) 3,355,393	7,104,753							
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	12,094,334	34,663,156	22,568,822							
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 8,344,974	\$ 38,018,549	\$ 29,673,575							

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (DEVELOPER PAYABLE AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS INCLUDED AS A LIABILITY) JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Capital Project		Debt Service	PPDA Trust Fund		Gove	Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash	\$ 37,609,693	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37,609,693
Receivables:								
Taxes	-	-		-		-		-
Developer	-	-		-		-		-
Fees and charges	-	-		-		=		-
Interest	237,832	330,488		7,898		3,498		579,716
Lease	403,017	-		-		=		403,017
Other	1,446,725	-		-		-		1,446,725
Due from other funds	1,024,734	-		-		-		1,024,734
Restricted cash	 528,350	 51,291,960		1,340,552		25,327,055		78,487,917
Total Assets	\$ 41,250,351	\$ 51,622,448	\$	1,348,450	\$	25,330,553	\$	119,551,802
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 917,662	\$ 18,208	\$	-	\$	2,384,912	\$	3,320,782
Contracts payable	1,393,925	3,904,980		-		-		5,298,905
Salaries payable	273,772	-		-		-		273,772
Due to other funds	, -	-		-		1,024,734		1,024,734
Developers payable	 -	 		-		10,368,877		10,368,877
Total Liabilities	 2,585,359	 3,923,188		<u>-</u> _		13,778,523		20,287,070
DEFERRED INFLOWS								
Deferred inflows from grantors	1,446,724	-		-		-		1,446,724
Deferred inflows from leases	424,462	-		-		-		424,462
Total Deferred Inflows	1,871,186	-		-		-		1,871,186
FUND BALANCES Restricted:								
Debt service	-	-		1,348,450		-		1,348,450
Drainage assessments	-	-		-		11,552,030		11,552,030
Committed:								
Construction	1,393,925	47,699,260		-		-		49,093,185
Assigned:								
General obligations	9,397,768	-		-		-		9,397,768
Unassigned	 26,002,113	 -				-		26,002,113
Total Fund Balances	 36,793,806	 47,699,260		1,348,450		11,552,030		97,393,546
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
and Fund Balances	\$ 41,250,351	\$ 51,622,448	\$	1,348,450	\$	25,330,553	\$	119,551,802

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF COMBINED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (DEVELOPER PAYABLE AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS INCLUDED AS A LIABILITY) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		General	Capital Debt Project Service			PPDA Trust Fund		Gove	Total rnmental Funds
REVENUES		General	Troject		Scrvice		Trastrana	0010	Timental Fanas
Taxes and subventions	\$	14,948,726	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,948,726
Assessment tax revenue	·	8,402,727	-		-		-	·	8,402,727
Drainage fees - cash		· · · · -	-		-		4,054,672		4,054,672
Drainage fees - noncash		-	-		-		1,395,764		1,395,764
Fees and charges for services		808,096	-		-		-		808,096
Investment earnings		723,694	1,007,500		15,771		514,426		2,261,391
Grants, loans, and contributions		609,477	-		-		944,291		1,553,768
Miscellaneous		90,863	-		-		-		90,863
Total Revenues		25,583,583	1,007,500		15,771		6,909,153		33,516,007
EXPENDITURES									
Personnel expense		9,702,649	-		-		-		9,702,649
Office administration		292,725	-		-		-		292,725
Management support		113,852	-		-		-		113,852
Insurance		248,122	-		-		-		248,122
Professional services		215,895	-		-		-		215,895
Other administrative expense		149,327	-		-		249,514		398,841
System operations and maintenance		2,943,451	-		-		-		2,943,451
Operations center expense		309,030	-		-		-		309,030
Storm water quality management		651,847	-		-		-		651,847
Capital outlay		1,541,020	4,337,233		-		2,673,562		8,551,815
Debt service					1,124,832				1,124,832
Total Expenditures		16,167,918	4,337,233		1,124,832		2,923,076		24,553,059
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		9,415,665	(3,329,733)		(1,109,061)		3,986,077		8,962,948
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		_			_		_		_
Transfers in		1,345,966	8,300,383		1,170,910		-		10,817,259
Transfers out		(8,654,823)	(6,469)		-		(2,155,967)		(10,817,259)
Lease and other financing proceeds		42,033	-		-		-		42,033
Proceeds from the sale of assets		13,152					-		13,152
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(7,253,672)	8,293,914		1,170,910		(2,155,967)		55,185
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,161,993	4,964,181		61,849		1,830,110		9,018,133
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		34,631,813	42,735,079		1,286,601		9,721,920		88,375,413
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	36,793,806	\$ 47,699,260	\$	1,348,450	\$	11,552,030	\$	97,393,546

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	General Fund							
		June 30,		June 30,				
		2023		2022		Variance		
Revenues:								
Taxes and subventions	\$	14,948,726	\$	13,942,470	\$	1,006,256		
Assessment tax revenue		8,402,727		8,439,183		(36,456)		
Fees and charges for services		808,096		1,481,431		(673,335)		
Interest revenue		723,694		457,721		265,973		
Grants revenue		599,487		1,518,076		(918,589)		
Miscellaneous		90,863		284,331		(193,468)		
Construction contributions		9,990		<u>-</u>		9,990		
Total Revenues		25,583,583		26,123,212		(539,629)		
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		1,345,966		1,794,363		(448,397)		
Lease and other financing proceeds		42,033		59,229		(17,196)		
Proceeds from sale of assets		13,152		62,248		(49,096)		
Total Revenues and Other								
Financing Sources		26,984,734		28,039,052		(1,054,318)		
Expenditures:								
Personnel expense		9,702,649		9,378,490		324,159		
Office administration		292,725		302,774		(10,049)		
Management support		113,852		83,938		29,914		
Insurance		248,122		208,507		39,615		
Professional services		215,895		210,241		5,654		
Other administrative expense		149,327		266,285		(116,958)		
System operations and maintenance		2,943,451		2,778,455		164,996		
Operations center expense				234,584		74,446		
Storm water quality management		309,030		234,364		74,440		
expense		651,847		672,912		(21,065)		
Capital outlay		407,295		21,280		386,015		
Total Expenditures		15,034,193		14,157,466		876,727		
Other uses:								
Transfers out		8,654,823		11,624,845		(2,970,022)		
Total Expenditures and								
Other Uses		23,689,016		25,782,311		(2,093,295)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,295,718		2,256,741		1,038,977		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		34,892,013		32,635,272		2,256,741		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	38,187,731	\$	34,892,013	\$	3,295,718		

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

		June 30,	June 30,	
		2023	2022	Variance
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes - current	\$	13,394,635	\$ 12,608,509	\$ 786,126
Property taxes - prior year levies		19,905	29,379	(9,474)
General subventions		482,033	354,339	127,694
Other		1,052,153	950,243	101,910
Assessment tax revenue		8,402,727	8,439,183	(36,456)
Interest revenue		723,694	457,721	265,973
Grant revenue		590,792	1,518,076	(927,284)
Construction contributions		18,685	-	18,685
Fees and charges for services:				
Non-conforming facilities fees		81,060	257,260	(176,200)
Master plan engineering fees		278,559	258,218	20,341
Excavation permit fees		123,397	508,385	(384,988)
Recharge maintenance		4,292	4,152	140
PPDA administration fees		13,359	27,842	(14,483)
Other fees and charges		307,429	425,574	(118,145)
Miscellaneous		90,863	284,331	(193,468)
Other financing courses.				
Other financing sources: Transfers in		1 245 066	1 704 262	(449.207)
		1,345,966	1,794,363	(448,397)
Lease and other financing proceeds Proceeds from sale of assets		42,033	59,229 62,249	(17,196)
Proceeds from safe of assets		13,152	 62,248	 (49,096)
Total Revenues and Other				
Financing Sources		26,984,734	28,039,052	(1,054,318)
F 10				
Expenditures:				
Personnel expense:		6 05 0 00 7	6 202 445	650.000
Salaries, regular and part-time		6,952,837	6,302,445	650,392
Payroll related taxes		585,144	472,428	112,716
Employee insurance		1,201,932	1,258,433	(56,501)
Workers' compensation		91,488	66,769	24,719
Retirement		692,416	654,694	37,722
Annual leave		291,330	333,265	(41,935)
OPEB contribution		(115,242)	261,774	(377,016)
Unemployment insurance		-	19,404	(19,404)
Temporary help		694	7,255	(6,561)
Employee assistance program		2,050	 2,023	 27
Total personnel expense		9,702,649	9,378,490	324,159
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Office administration:				
General office supplies		69,902	94,269	(24,367)
Records and maps		11,352	13,098	(1,746)
Reproduction		5,163	5,411	(248)
Office equipment maintenance		158,910	145,804	13,106
Communications		41,889	37,713	4,176
Postage		3,351	5,117	(1,766)
Printing		1,961	1,178	783
Courier service		197	 184	 13
Total office administration		292,725	 302,774	 (10,049)

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (continued) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	General Fund						
	Jı	une 30,	Jı	une 30,			
		2023		2022	V	ariance	
Expenditures, continued:						_	
Management support:							
Conferences and meetings	\$	28,443	\$	15,824	\$	12,619	
General management		76,590		60,964		15,626	
Professional education		8,819		7,150		1,669	
Total management support		113,852		83,938		29,914	
Insurance:							
Employee bonding		1,554		1,554		-	
Notary, trustee, and fiduciary		12,449		12,492		(43)	
Directors' liability		7,129		6,779		350	
Fire, theft, and office content		57,207		38,348		18,859	
Automobile		23,210		21,091		2,119	
General liability		121,192		115,243		5,949	
Deductibles, settlements		25,381		13,000		12,381	
Total insurance		248,122		208,507		39,615	
Professional services:							
Legal services		125,369		108,987		16,382	
Accounting services		44,915		38,565		6,350	
Computer support		5,970		375		5,595	
Other professional services		30,481		55,092		(24,611)	
Personnel services		4,360		4,447		(87)	
Benefit administration		4,800		2,775		2,025	
Total professional services		215,895		210,241		5,654	
Other administrative expense:							
Revenue collection expense		-		210,730		(210,730)	
Directors' expense		37,200		24,051		13,149	
Public information		102,796		20,824		81,972	
Advertising		199		574		(375)	
Service charges		5,172		5,554		(382)	
Employee recognition expense		3,069		3,672		(603)	
Miscellaneous expense		891		880		11	
Total other administrative							
expense		149,327		266,285		(116,958)	

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (continued) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	General Fund								
		June 30,		June 30,					
		2023		2022		Variance			
Expenditures, continued:		_		_					
System operations and maintenance:									
Basin maintenance:									
Developed basin maintenance	\$	733,502	\$	706,744	\$	26,758			
Undeveloped basin maintenance		351,684		346,448		5,236			
Recharge maintenance		17,835		57,813		(39,978)			
Parks and recreation maintenance		44,867		36,985		7,882			
Fence repair		172,961		176,891		(3,930)			
Pump operations/maintenance		475,766		244,419		231,347			
Drainline operations		59,081		85,708		(26,627)			
Flood control maintenance:									
Dam operations/maintenance		277,516		370,144		(92,628)			
Channel operations		186,850		284,676		(97,826)			
Detention basin operations		117,816		141,623		(23,807)			
Flood fight expense		123,133		-		123,133			
Vehicle operations		126,275		151,541		(25,266)			
Vehicle repairs		59,914		53,355		6,559			
Vehicle supplies		4,123		6,122		(1,999)			
Operation expense		22,587		24,268		(1,681)			
Field equipment maintenance		95,657		32,123		63,534			
Other operations expense		19,861		2,940		16,921			
Uniform expense		6,453		7,851		(1,398)			
Telemetry maintenance		13,770		13,576		194			
Environmental management:									
Environmental analysis		17,092		11,552		5,540			
Other environmental management		16,708		23,676		(6,968)			
Total system operations									
and maintenance		2,943,451		2,778,455		164,996			
Operations center expense:									
Utilities		149,209		129,006		20,203			
Building maintenance		108,135		75,416		32,719			
Landscape maintenance		39,679		26,680		12,999			
Repairs and rehabilitation		11,164		2,106		9,058			
Other operations center		843		1,376		(533)			
Total operations center expense		309,030		234,584		74,446			
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FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (continued) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

		General Fund					
	June 30,		June 30,				
		2023		2022		Variance	
Expenditures, continued:							
Storm water quality management							
expense:							
Consulting services	\$	23,636	\$	13,203	\$	10,433	
Municipal NPDES development		24,385		24,932		(547)	
SWQM operations/maintenance		166,750		187,989		(21,239)	
Municipal NPDES implementation		437,076		446,788		(9,712)	
Total storm water quality							
management expense		651,847		672,912		(21,065)	
Capital outlay:							
Operations center		(1,210,000)		(8,949)		(1,201,051)	
Telemetry		76,275		(11,469)		87,744	
Vehicles		131,077		26,396		104,681	
Computer hardware and software		39,775		13,123		26,652	
Office equipment and furniture		6,961		2,179		4,782	
Field equipment		11,538		-		11,538	
Site improvement		1,351,669		-		1,351,669	
Total capital outlay		407,295	·	21,280		386,015	
Total Expenditures		15,034,193		14,157,466		876,727	
Other uses:							
Transfers out		8,654,823		11,624,845		(2,970,022)	
Total Expenditures and							
Other Uses		23,689,016		25,782,311		(2,093,295)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,295,718		2,256,741		1,038,977	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		34,892,013		32,635,272		2,256,741	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	38,187,731	\$	34,892,013	\$	3,295,718	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, the budgetary comparative statement for the general fund and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

HHC, INC.

Fresno, California January 29, 2024