#### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS,
COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	. 1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	. 4
Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	. 28
Statement of Activities	. 29
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	. 30
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Net Position	. 31
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	. 32
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Activities	. 33
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	. 34
Notes to Financial Statements	. 35
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	
and Related Ratios	. 51
Schedule of Plan Contributions - OPEB	. 52
Combining Fund Financial Statements:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Debt Service Fund	. 53
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Debt Service Fund	. 54
Combining Balance Sheet – Capital Project Fund	. 55
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Capital Project Fund	56

#### Supplementary Schedules:

Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund – Budgetary Basis	57
Schedule of Combined Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	
(Developer Payable and Construction Contracts included	
as a Liability)	61
Schedule of Combined Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and	
Construction Contracts included as a Liability)	62
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Current Year vs. Prior Year – General Fund	63
Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Current Year vs. Prior Year – General Fund	64
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial	
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an	
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	68



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Directors
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, the budgetary comparative statement for the general fund and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2021, the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison statement for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, and Schedule of Plan Contributions - OPEB, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The schedules on pages 61 and 62 include the effects of recording a liability to developers in the special revenue PPDA Trust Fund. Most of this liability is not actually payable from the fund assets at June 30, 2021, instead it may be paid over the next 20 years from future receipts. Management internally treats this as a true liability despite not being recognized as such by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Developers will only be paid when the improvements, which were financed by the developers, are later reimbursed by the District from future fees collected in that drainage area that are eligible under District ordinances to reimburse the developers. The schedules also include the gross amount of contracts payable for awarded contracts rather than presenting the liability net of the percent incomplete, as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The District internally treats all contracts in gross amount as awarded by the Board of Directors as a liability the current resources will be used to pay. These schedules are presented by the District to show these gross amounts for users of the financial statements.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Fresno, California January 18, 2022

#### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2021

This section of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District's (the District) Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview of the District and its programs along with an analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information presented in our financial statements.

#### INTRODUCTION

The District is a "special act" district, created by the electorate to provide fully coordinated and comprehensive stormwater management and related services on a regional basis through a quasi-joint powers relationship among the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno.

In the following sections, the mission, history, and organization of the District are presented, as well as an overview of District services and programs.

#### GOAL AND MISSION OF THE DISTRICT

The mission of the District is to control and manage the flood, storm, and surface and groundwater resources of the area, so as to prevent damage, injury, and inconvenience; to conserve such waters for local, domestic, and agricultural use; and to maximize the public use and benefit of the District's programs and infrastructure.

The District is a service agency created by and for the benefit of the community. Its goal is to meet the flood control, drainage, and water resources management needs of its constituency, while adhering to high standards of performance, environmental sensitivity, economic efficiency, and maximization of public benefit.



McKinley and Fairfax 1962

The District works to address stormwater and related water resource problems and needs, while seeking to prevent the creation of new problems. The District strives to achieve these goals within the reasonable time and economic parameters established through collective community discussion and decision-making as entrusted to the District Board of Directors. As a service agency, it is the District's responsibility to respond to the community's needs for technical information; resources conservation; and facility construction, operation, and maintenance.

#### DISTRICT HISTORY

The District exists as a direct creation of the electorate of the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area. Until June 5, 1956, the responsibility for stormwater management and related functions were vested individually in the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno. Until that time, stormwater management generally consisted of independent, site-specific actions intended only to alleviate individual problem locations, but failing to create comprehensive solutions. In response to the rapidly increasing number of stormwater management problems and the inability of the three independent jurisdictions to provide an effective, coordinated solution, a citizens' committee formed to explore alternatives.

The result of the citizens' efforts was draft legislation creating a "special act" district designed to mandate a quasi-joint powers relationship among the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno, which would provide the desired stormwater management The act is known as the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Act of 1955 (the District Act) and was signed into law on May 13, 1955. The District Act became law on September 17, 1955, subject to voter approval. On June 5, 1956, the District Act was ratified by a five-to-one majority vote (32,030 voting in favor, 5,974 voting in opposition) and was established as Chapter 73 of the California Water Code appendix. Additional information is available from the District's web site at www.fresnofloodcontrol.org.



Downtown Fresno 1925

#### **OVERVIEW OF DISTRICT SERVICES AND PROGRAMS**

#### **District Service Area**

The District is located in the north-central portion of Fresno County between the San Joaquin and Kings rivers. The District is authorized to control stormwaters within an urban and rural foothill watershed of approximately 400 square miles, known as the Fresno County Stream Group. The watershed extends eastward into the Sierra Nevada to an elevation of approximately 4,500 feet above sea level. The District service area includes most of the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area (excluding the community of Easton), and unincorporated lands to the east and northeast.



Basin "D" on Forkner Ave.

For the purposes of program planning, structure, service delivery, and financing, a distinction is made between flood control and local drainage services. The flood control program relates to the control, containment, and safe disposal of stormwaters that flow onto the valley floor from the eastern streams. The local drainage program relates to the collection and safe disposal of stormwater runoff generated within the urban and rural watersheds or "drainage areas." These and other major District programs are introduced below described in detail in the District's Service Plan. All are closely integrated and coordinated to provide efficient, comprehensive services. Collectively, these facilities comprise the "Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan."

#### Flood Control Program



Redbank Creek Reservoir, Fresno County

The District's flood control program consists of a system of facilities and operations which control the flows from several low-elevation streams that drain a part of the west slope of the Sierra Nevada between the San Joaquin and Kings rivers. These streams are collectively referred to as the Fresno County Stream Group. The system is currently composed of eight major flood control facilities and many related streams and channel features. The District is the local sponsor of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Redbank-Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project, which consists of five of the system's major facilities. Through its contract with the federal government, the District is responsible for construction costs

sharing, land acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the Redbank-Fancher Creeks project. The District is also responsible for construction, operation, and maintenance of additional, non-federal flood control facilities required to control the stream group, and for flood plain management.

#### **Rural Streams Program**

Between the easterly boundary of the planned urban stormwater drainage system and the District's eastern boundary, there are approximately 175 miles of streams and channels, many of which are severely obstructed. The District has implemented the rural streams program to preserve, restore, and maintain these channels, and to complete any additional facilities necessary to safely convey storm flows through the rural area and the downstream urban area. The rural streams program includes activities to secure and maintain drainage amenities necessary for rural lands within the watershed.

#### Local Stormwater Drainage Program

The District's local stormwater drainage system consists of storm drains, detention and retention basins, and pump stations, some of which discharge to irrigation canals, creeks, and the San Joaquin River. The system is designed to retain and infiltrate as much runoff as possible. The District's Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan includes 156 drainage areas, each providing service to approximately one to two square miles. All but five of the developed drainage areas are served by a retention or detention facility. Local drainage services include topographic mapping; Master Plan engineering and facility design; system construction, operation, and maintenance; and engineering design services to ensure adequate drainage for new development.

#### Stormwater Quality Management Program

In compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act and implementing stormwater permit regulations, the District and four other local public agencies (County of Fresno, City of Fresno, City of Clovis, and CSU Fresno) developed a Stormwater Quality Management Program to be implemented in the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area. The program proposal was submitted to the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) as a part of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program (NPDES) municipal stormwater permit process. The RWQCB incorporated into the permit specific program requirements, including best management practices to prevent and reduce stormwater pollutants. The NPDES permit was originally issued to the participating agencies in September 1994, and was renewed in March 2001 and May 2013.

As owner and operator of the stormwater drainage system serving the metropolitan area, the District has primary responsibility for implementing this mandated program. The Stormwater Quality Management Program includes specific pollution prevention and control practices for urban drainage system planning, design, construction, and maintenance. The program also includes public education to prevent stormwater pollution, municipal operations control measures, commercial and industrial control measures, illicit discharges control measures, and control measures associated with planning and land development. The program also includes monitoring to assess stormwater impacts on receiving water and methodologies to evaluate the effectiveness of targeted best management practices; and development and implementation of ordinances to effect and enforce stormwater quality controls.

#### **Water Conservation Program**

Water conservation benefits are a design objective of the Flood Control and Urban Drainage Systems, which detain and retain stormwater runoff for groundwater recharge. The District also maintains groundwater recharge contracts with the Fresno Irrigation District (FID) and the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, which provide for dry season delivery of imported surface water into many of the District's local stormwater drainage retention basins. Through cooperative agreements with the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, the District continually investigates the feasibility of building additional interties between the surface water channels and basins, and otherwise expanding the system, to increase the system's water conservation capabilities. When practical, the District will irrigate with surface water to preserve higher quality water for commercial or industrial use.

#### **Recreation Program**

The District includes landscaping of urban basin sites with turf, trees, and irrigation systems as part of the improvements in the drainage system. The landscaping stabilizes the soil, adds a green and open space area with aesthetic appeal, and provides the opportunity for recreational activities. Basins in residential areas are designed with depths and slopes that permit large open basin floors to be landscaped and available for passive or recreational activities. Non-residential basins are designed with depths and slopes that are not accommodative to public access. These basins are only landscaped around the top perimeter and are not available for recreational



Oso De Oro Park, Basin "D"

access. The basins in residential areas are made available for recreational use during the dry weather season and are commonly used for public open space, playing fields, and other organized and unorganized recreation. Organized recreation is controlled by the District through facility use agreements. The District has cooperated with the Cities of Fresno and Clovis to provide active recreational features, such as baseball fields and playgrounds. The District has improved three sites with recreational features specifically designed for use by physically challenged citizens.

#### Wildlife Management Program



Canada Geese

The District's flood control and urban stormwater drainage programs provide benefits to wildlife. The District's flood control reservoirs and rural streams provide riparian habitat for many birds other animals. Through implementation of a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), which serves as a section 1601 Master Streambed Alteration Agreement between the District and the Department of Fish & Wildlife (DFW), authorized rural stream activities, including channel flow restoration, are intended to accomplish long-term net benefits for fish, wildlife, water quality, native plants, and stream habitat. Furthermore, the Master MOU

provides for wildlife habitat improvement to be incorporated comprehensively into District stream restoration projects in lieu of imposing incremental requirements on a project-by-project basis, and results in a net benefit to wildlife and habitat.

The District has also designated three areas at its reservoirs as existing or potential wildlife habitat. Many urban retention basins also provide wildlife benefits. The District has implemented the wildlife program to conserve and enhance habitats in its facilities, and to provide related environmental education and awareness opportunities to the public.

#### **DISTRICT ORGANIZATION**

#### **District Board of Directors**

A seven-member Board of Directors (the Board) governs the District. The Fresno City Council appoints four members; the Fresno County Board of Supervisors appoints two members; and the Clovis City Council appoints one member. Each Director serves a 4-year term and may be re-appointed for consecutive terms. Board meetings normally occur on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. The Board must approve the District budget, fees and assessments, direct matters of policy and enact ordinances, and perform other responsibilities authorized and required by the District Act.

#### **Assets**

The District's physical assets consist of the flood control and local drainage structures and real property, the operations center, and equipment. With the completion of the District's system of flood control facilities, the flows of the stream group will be controlled by eight major flood control structures (dams, reservoirs, and detention basins) and other appurtenant facilities. The five major components of the system initially constructed with the Corps of Engineers as the Redbank-Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project was completed in December 1993 at a total cost of \$67,004,005.

As of June 30, 2021, the District had invested \$76,632,070 for land and \$325,644,751 for infrastructure building the Local Stormwater Drainage System. This value represents the actual costs at the time of construction, and does not reflect the current value of the system to the community.

#### Revenue Sources and Financing

The financing program of the District includes five major categories of revenues. These include (1) general property tax; (2) assessments; (3) capital construction contributions by other public agencies; (4) fees and service charges; and (5) grants. In addition to these, the District receives minor miscellaneous revenues such as rents and leases, interest, and an occasional gift. The general authority to receive or collect such revenues is set forth in the District's enabling legislation, other state legislation under which the District is an eligible participant, and through joint powers relationships in which the District participates.

#### **Organizational Structure and Functions**

#### District Personnel

For the fiscal year 2020-2021, the Board of Directors authorized 76 full-time positions. Organizational functions are separated into two primary divisions: administration and engineering. The General Manager-Secretary, District Engineer-Assistant General Manager, Assistant General Manager-Administration and support staff performs District administration. Major administrative functions include accounting, assessment collection, office management and clerical support, land acquisition, legal services, community relations, information systems, and environmental resources management.

District engineering functions include system master planning, design, construction, development review, and facility operations and maintenance. These duties are performed by staff engineering personnel, consultants, and contractors under the direction of the District General Manager-Secretary through the District Engineer-Assistant General Manager.

System operations and maintenance activities involve District field staff that monitor all facility operations, perform pump maintenance and equipment repairs, facilitate water diversions and deliveries, and investigate illegal dumping and nuisance complaints related to the storm drain system. Field staff monitors the performance of contractors that provide maintenance services and direct maintenance crews that perform pipeline system cleaning on a contract basis to the District. Field staff also performs inspections of all construction projects to ensure conformance to District design and construction standards.

District engineering staff performs master plan and design engineering for the rural streams system, reviews and comments on development entitlement applications within the District boundaries, and performs and directs the master planning and design engineering of the urban storm drainage systems with the assistance of the District's consultants. Staff administers the Drainage Fee Ordinance of the three land use entitlement agencies (City of Fresno, County of Fresno, and the City of Clovis) and administers a system of reimbursements for developers who advance facility construction in excess of their drainage fee obligation.

#### Outsourcing to Private Contractors and Consultants

The District contracts with private entities for many administrative, environmental, and engineering services; for most maintenance services; and for all appraisal and construction services. Legal services and legislative review are performed through an agreement with private legal counsel. Community relations activities and many environmental resources planning and compliance activities are performed through professional service contracts. Master plan design engineering is performed by staff plus private engineering firms under professional service contracts. Maintenance of all dams, reservoirs, basins, pipeline systems, and all construction activity are contracted with private enterprise entities. Approximately \$13.5 million in expenditures were outsourced during the current fiscal year.

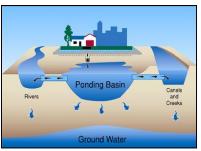
#### Storm Drainage System

The Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan includes a five-year construction schedule, which includes projects managed on a priority basis. The urban Master Plan calls for the construction of basin facilities with an interconnected network of underground pipes and above ground conveyance facilities. The Master Plan is subdivided into urban drainage areas and rural watersheds. Nearly all drainage areas have at least one basin, and a network of underground pipelines. In recent years, pump stations and telemetry have been added to basin sites to improve the efficiency of moving stormwater through the system.

#### **BASINS**







Ponding basins vary in size from the smallest 4.2 acre site at Basin "CC" to 33 acres for Basin "DP".

#### "CAST IN PLACE" PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION





The drainage system is comprised of pipes with diameters as large as 96 inches and as small as 15 inches.

#### CONSTRUCTION OF A PUMP STATION













#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

		AN FLOOD CONT T OF NET POSITIO	_	DISTRICT		
		une 30, 2021		Change	J	une 30, 2020
ASSETS	· ·					
Cash and Investments	\$	32,773,175	\$	4,234,136	\$	28,539,039
Receivables		3,217,248		(412,938)		3,630,186
Restricted Cash		64,762,677		4,073,981		60,688,696
Net OPEB Asset		2,413,823		2,289,896		123,927
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)		280,998,982		3,114,221		277,884,761
Total Assets		384,165,905		13,299,296		370,866,609
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS						
Deferred Outflows - OPEB		643,723		(149,994)		793,717
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:		3,947,327		(600,027)		4,547,354
Non-Current Liabilities:						
Due within One Year		1,581,611		(116,753)		1,698,364
Due in More Than One Year		9,514,097		(684,956)		10,199,053
Total Liabilities		15,043,035		(1,401,736)		16,444,771
DEFERRED INFLOWS						
Deferred Inflows - OPEB		2,505,788		1,075,068		1,430,720
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		271,327,656		3,891,719		267,435,937
Restricted for:						
Debt Service		1,296,764		7,272		1,289,492
Construction		60,541,613		4,756,922		55,784,691
Unrestricted		34,094,772		4,820,057		29,274,715
Total Net Position	\$	367,260,805	\$	13,475,970	\$	353,784,835

#### Statement of Net Position-Total Assets

The total assets of the District increased \$13,299,296 from the prior year. Capital assets increased \$3,114,221 net of depreciation. Non-Capital assets, which are comprised of cash, receivables on hand, and net OPEB asset at the end of the fiscal period, increased \$10,185,075. The District saw an decrease in receivables of \$412,938, while increasing restricted and unrestricted cash on hand of \$8,308,117.

#### Statement of Net Position-Total Liabilities

As of the end of the year, total liabilities decreased \$1,401,736. Current liabilities decreased \$600,027 and Non-current liabilities decreased \$801,709 from the prior year.

#### **Statement of Net Position-Net Position**

At the end of the year, assets exceeded liabilities by \$367,260,805 (net position). Unrestricted Net Position increased \$4,820,057 to \$34,094,442 and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Restricted Net Position, which may only be used for construction or debt service, increased by \$4,764,194. The Net Investment in Capital Assets increased \$3,891,719 to \$271,327,656.

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION									
		he Year Ending ine 30, 2021		Change		the Year Ending une 30, 2020			
Revenues									
Program Revenues									
Charges for Services	\$	1,105,712	\$	31,376	\$	1,074,336			
Capital Grants and Contributions		10,101,671		182,568		9,919,103			
Total Program Revenues		11,207,383		213,944		10,993,439			
General Revenues									
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes		13,278,843		1,027,114		12,251,729			
Assessment Tax, Levied for Specific Benefit		8,369,037		24,703		8,344,334			
Investment Earnings and Rental Revenue		1,407,019		(401,341)		1,808,360			
Gain on Disposal of Assets		2,995		(22,621)		25,616			
Miscellaneous		104,598		(36,905)		141,503			
Total General Revenues		23,162,492		590,950		22,571,542			
Total Revenues		34,369,875		804,894		33,564,981			
Functions and Programs									
Flood Control System		9,982,986		303,198		9,679,788			
General Government		10,536,487		(123,408)		10,659,895			
Interest on Long-Term Debt		374,432		(45,259)		419,691			
Total Functions and Programs		20,893,905		134,531		20,759,374			
Change in Net Position		13,475,970		670,363		12,805,607			
Net Position - Beginning		353,784,835		12,805,607		340,979,228			
Net Position - Ending	\$	367,260,805	\$	13,475,970	\$	353,784,835			

#### **Changes in Net Position**

Change in Net Position increased \$670,363 compared to the prior year; for a net position increase of \$13,475,970. Revenues increased \$804,894 over prior year; primarily due to an increase of \$1,027,114 in General Revenues – Property Taxes, and a decrease in Investment Earnings and Rental Revenue of \$401,341. Total Functions and Program Expenses increased \$134,531, due to an increase of Flood Control Systems of \$303,198.

#### Governmental Funds-Fund Balance Reporting Requirements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 requires all governmental entities to implement changes to governmental fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 54 requires that the new requirements must be implemented for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2010. It changes the presentation of the elements of the fund balance. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarified the definitions of special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, and their relationship to the General Fund. GASB Statement No. 54 challenges norms that have been in place since fiscal year 2002. Listed are the Fund Balance Categories:

- **Non-spendable** fund balances are balances in permanent funds. This could apply to non-restricted long-term receivables.
- **Restricted** fund balances are legally enforceable requirements that the resources can only be used for specific purposes enumerated in the law. This would apply to the District's Debt Service and Special Revenue Funds (PPDA).
- **Committed** fund balances are balances that the District's Board has approved for construction for the fiscal year. This would apply to the District's Capital Project Fund.
- **Assigned** fund balances are amounts intended for a specific purpose by the government entities management team. This would apply to general obligations including payroll and overhead expenses in the District's General Fund.
- **Unassigned** fund balances are amounts available for any purpose. They are not precluded by a management decision in the General Fund.

The fund balance categories focus largely on the nature of inflows in relation to laws and management decisions. Reserves will no longer be presented, nor will encumbrances, in the fund financial statements. Reserves are either renamed as restricted, committed, or assigned balances.

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT									
BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS									
June 30, 2021 Change J									
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$	32,773,175	\$	4,234,136	\$	28,539,039			
Receivable:									
Fees and Charges		189,574		(322,837)		512,411			
Interest		611,327		197,573		413,754			
Other		2,084,024		(172,962)		2,256,986			
Due from Other Funds		865,579		59,176		806,403			
Restricted Cash		64,762,677		4,073,981		60,688,696			
Total Assets	\$	101,286,356	\$	8,069,067	\$	93,217,289			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS									
AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	3,103,990	\$	239,443	\$	2,864,547			
Contracts Payable (See Supplemental									
Schedule on Pg. 61)		396,028		(843,825)		1,239,853			
Salaries Payable		447,309		4,355		442,954			
Due to Other Funds		865,579		59,176		806,403			
Total Liabilities		4,812,906		(540,851)		5,353,757			
Deferred Inflows:									
Deferred inflow from grantors		2,084,024		(172,962)		2,256,986			
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Debt Service		1,296,764		7,272		1,289,492			
Drainage Assessments		20,199,248		687,375		19,511,873			
Committed:									
Construction		40,342,365		4,069,547		36,272,818			
Assigned:									
General Obligations		9,060,648		517,828		8,542,820			
Unassigned:		23,490,401		3,500,858		19,989,543			
Total Fund Balances		94,389,426		8,782,880		85,606,546			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows									
and Fund Balances	\$	101,286,356	\$	8,069,067	\$	93,217,289			

#### Fund Balance-Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$94,389,426, an increase of \$8,782,880. Total assets increased \$8,069,067 of which unrestricted cash and investments increased \$4,234,136 during the fiscal year.

### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	the Year Ending		For the Year End		
	 lune 30, 2021		Change	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Revenues					
Taxes and Subventions	\$ 13,278,843	\$	1,027,114	\$	12,251,729
Assessment Tax Revenue	8,369,037		24,703		8,344,334
Drainage Fees - Cash	3,030,573		(731,628)		3,762,201
Drainage Fees - Noncash	2,335,826		1,138,161		1,197,665
Fees and Charges for Services	1,105,712		31,376		1,074,336
Interest and Rental Revenue	1,407,019		(401,341)		1,808,360
Grants, Loans, and Contributions	5,022,946		854,395		4,168,551
Miscellaneous	 104,598		(36,905)		141,503
Total Revenues	 34,654,554		1,905,875		32,748,679
Expenditures					
Personnel Expense	9,517,088		336,081		9,181,007
Office Administration	270,566		42,459		228,107
Management Support	88,682		(33,320)		122,002
Insurance	258,753		28,135		230,618
Professional Services	161,580		(24,959)		186,539
Other Administrative Expense	833,874		35,393		798,481
System Operations and Maintenance	2,705,976		16,207		2,689,769
Operations Center Expense	235,991		(20,924)		256,915
Storm Water Quality Management Expense	758,259		162,499		595,760
Capital Outlay	9,864,199		152,539		9,711,660
Debt Service	1,179,701		(2,770)		1,182,471
Total Expenditures	 25,874,669		691,340		25,183,329
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8,779,885		1,214,535		7,565,350
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	44 404 604		(407.540)		44 000 000
Transfers In	11,484,691		(437,548)		11,922,239
Transfers Out	(11,484,691)		437,548		(11,922,239)
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	 2,995		(57,239)		60,234
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,995		(57,239)		60,234
Net Change in Fund Balances	8,782,880		1,157,296		7,625,584
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 85,606,546		7,625,584		77,980,962
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 94,389,426	\$	8,782,880	\$	85,606,546

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The statements are comprised of four components:

- 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements
- 2) Fund Financial Statements
- 3) Notes to Financial Statements
- 4) Supplementary Information

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of District finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- ❖ The <u>Statement of Net Position</u>, which is similar to a Balance Sheet, presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.
- ❖ The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, instead of when the related cash flows in or out. Revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as the collection of year-end Accounts Receivable or the payment of year-end Accounts Payable.
- ❖ The governmental activities or programs of the District include general government, flood control system, and interest on long-term debt.

**Fund Financial Statements** are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the District are *governmental funds*.

❖ Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of each fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the District's projects and operations.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund's <u>Balance Sheet</u> and the governmental fund's <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances</u> provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between Governmental Funds and Governmental Activities.

The <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual-General Fund</u> provides a comparison to the adopted budget and the activities of the General Fund.

#### Governmental Fund Structure:

The District maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general, debt service, capital project, and an expendable trust fund). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund's Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for each of these funds.

#### General Fund:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. Generally, all revenue resources are recorded in the General Fund and allocated to the Capital Project Fund or

Debt Service Fund by Board of Directors action through its adopted Budget. These allocated resources are transferred as the resources become available.

#### Special Revenue Fund (Drainage Fees):

This fund is an expendable trust fund that is used to account for Developer Impact fees (Drainage Fees) received from the development community. These fees, commonly called Assembly Bill (AB) 1600 fees, are used to pay for the construction of Master Planned Facilities either by the Developer or the District. A trust account has been established for each planned local drainage area. As drainage fees are received, they are deposited in this fund and are allocated to the appropriate planned local drainage areas. The ending fund balance is restricted by statute. Expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Reporting of fund balance, revenue, and expenditure activity is done monthly, quarterly, and annually.

These resources are restricted and may only be used to:

- a. Construct drainage facilities,
- b. Reimburse Developers for obligations resulting from construction activity,
- c. Pay for debt service obligations whose funds were used exclusively to purchase or build planned facilities,
- d. Reimburse construction expenditures of the General Fund for construction in a specific planned local drainage area,
- e. Reimburse Developer Construction Agreement administrative costs, or
- f. Reimburse the General Fund for engineering costs for Master Plan engineering related development services.

#### Capital Project Fund:

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources to be used to construct Master Plan capital facilities. Funding comes from the General Fund. The District Budget allocates resources in this fund to support the Capital Project construction program for all planned drainage areas of the master plan and rural facilities. This fund includes a number of sub-funds with resources for specific projects. The ending fund balance is restricted by Board of Directors action for use for capital facilities only.

#### Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all Debt Service. Funding comes from the General Fund. The Debt Service Fund includes resources for the debt service payments for the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan that was used to purchase or construct Master Planned facilities. As of the end of the fiscal year, there were sufficient resources to make loan payments during the first six months of the next fiscal year.

❖ **Notes to the Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Combining Fund Financial Statements** provide information for the major governmental funds, and are presented following the notes to the financial statements.

#### Combining Balance Sheet - Debt Service Fund

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Debt Service Fund

These statements present the fiscal year activities and the resources available as of June 30, 2021, for the obligations of the District's Debt Service Fund. Debt service accounts for the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan is part of this fund.

#### Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Project Fund - Project Areas

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Capital Project Fund – Project Areas

These statements present the fiscal year activities and the resources available as of June 30, 2021, for the obligations of the District's Capital Project Fund. Each of the sub funds show resources currently allocated and available for construction activity in those project areas.

#### Supplementary Schedules include:

## Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund

This schedule compares actual results to the final adopted budget.

# Schedule of Combined Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability) and Schedule of Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability)

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), requires the use of the percentage of completion method for capital construction projects, which reduces the year-end liability for outstanding construction contracts of \$4,527,443 by \$4,380,762 (the amount that is not yet complete). GAAP also precludes the District from recording as a liability of its Special Revenue Fund, the liability due to the development community of \$10,755,004 for amounts owed by it because of the contingent nature of that liability. It is contingent, as the reimbursement obligation from the Special Revenue Fund to the developers, because the repayment obligation expires after 20 years. Payments are made semi-annually to the Development Community based upon the current collection of fees. Management presents this schedule as the GAAP adjustment materially increases the ending fund balance and understates the potential obligations of the District as of the end of the fiscal year. The purpose of this statement is to show the financial obligations and financial impact on the District's governmental funds as though these rules did not exist. Management believes this reflects a better picture of the liabilities due from its operations.

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Current Year vs. Prior Year - General Fund

This schedule compares actual results for the current year to the actual results of the prior year. It is not intended to show compliance with the budget, but to show how the results for the current year compare to the results of the prior year.

### Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Current Year vs. Prior Year - General Fund

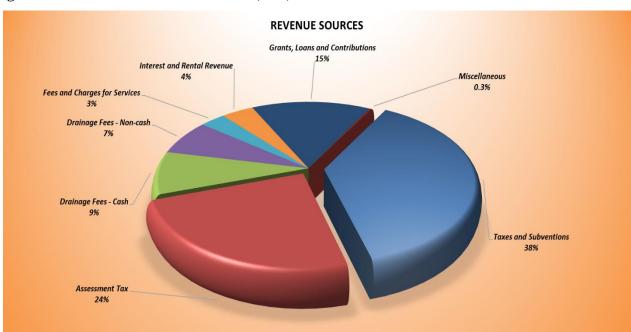
This schedule is a line by line detail of the previous schedule.

#### **ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

#### **REVENUES**

#### **Property Tax Revenue Loss:**

After the passage of Proposition (Prop) 13 in 1978, the California legislature enacted legislation that changed the allocation and apportionment of property tax revenues to local governments and public schools. In 1978-79 to help local government deal with the significant revenue loss associated with Prop 13, the State offered agencies bail-out funds. For those agencies, like the District, who took bail-out funds in 1978-79, the State, in 1979-80, converted the bail-out funds to property tax allocations by reducing property taxes allocated to local education and reallocating those property taxes to local government. From 1980 through 1992, those property taxes grew based upon a formula developed by the State called the "AB-8" formula. The AB-8 legislation was designed to provide local agencies and public schools with a property tax base that would grow as assessed property values increased. Under that formula, property tax allocations were comprised of a base amount (which is equal to the amount of property taxes received in the prior fiscal year) and a proportionate share of any incremental growth (which is the growth or reduction in the property taxes from one year to the next). Beginning in fiscal year 1992-93, the legislature enacted legislation that shifted a portion of local property tax revenues from local public agencies back to the public schools to meet the State's Proposition 98 mandates. This legislation was known as the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund or "ERAF." In 1992-93, the District lost \$1,475,500 of its base property tax revenue to ERAF. In 1993-94, the State enacted legislation titled ERAF II that limited the ERAF I computation to the current value of the property taxes allocated to local government from schools in 1979-80. In 2003-04, the legislature enacted a two year amendment to the ERAF formula called ERAF III. For the two fiscal years 2004-05 and 2005-06, an additional \$438,197 of District property tax revenues was shifted to schools. In 2004, the District discovered an error in the computation of the original 1992-93 ERAF I and 1993-94 ERAF II. This error was verified by the audit staff of the State Controller's office and determined to be a loss of \$633,000. After working with the Fresno County Auditor-Controller's Office and the State Controller's office, it was determined the only way to correct this error was through legislation. In 2007, former CA State Assemblyman Juan Arambula introduced AB 263 which was designed to fix the error. The bill received endorsement from local Assembly and Senate Republicans and Democrats and was signed into law on October 11, 2007. For the fiscal year 2020-2021, the District's ERAF contribution has grown to an annual revenue loss of \$8,301,136.



Total revenues were \$34,654,554 with General Fund revenues of \$26,329,593, PPDA revenues of \$7,762,381, Capital Project revenues of \$552,427, and Debt Service revenues of \$10,153.

#### **Property Tax Revenues:**

Property Tax Revenues, net of the ERAF shift, comprise 50% of the District's General Fund revenues and 38% of the District's total revenues. Property taxes are based upon the District's proportionate share of Fresno County's ad-valorem property tax. The District receives about 1.5% of the total countywide property tax revenue collected by the County of Fresno through property tax assessment rolls prepared by the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's office.

Property tax revenues are recorded in the General Fund. This category includes current secured taxes, current unsecured taxes, current collections of unsecured taxes for prior periods, any supplemental taxes, and subventions received from the State and allocated by the County of Fresno to the District and homeowners' relief.

#### **Assessments:**

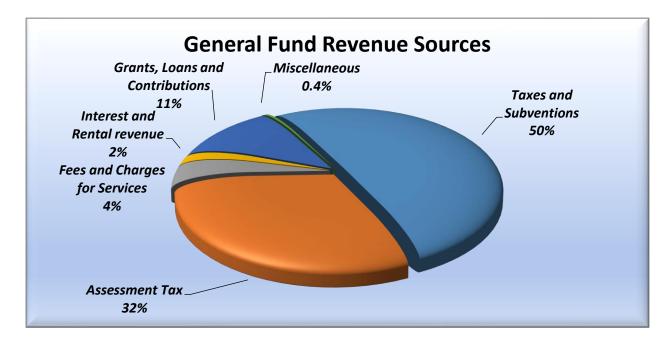
Assessment Revenues comprise 24% of the District's total revenue, 32% of the General Fund revenue. Of the assessment revenue, approximately 14% (approximately \$1.2 million) is earmarked for debt service for our California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB) loan. Assessment tax revenues are recorded in the General Fund.

#### Interest and Rental Revenue:

Interest revenue is recorded in all funds while rental revenues are recorded only in the General Fund.

#### Fees and Charges for Services:

Fees and Charges are recorded in the General Fund. This income category includes charges for Non-Conforming Facilities; Master Plan Engineering Fees; Excavation Permits; reimbursements for recharge maintenance; PPDA Administration Fees; and other miscellaneous fees, charges, and income.



#### **Drainage Fees:**

Drainage Fees are recorded only in the Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund." A cash fee is collected and recorded when the fee charged exceeds any construction requirement. An in lieu or non-cash fee is recorded when a developer constructs qualifying master planned facilities and those costs are deducted from the cash fee owed.

#### Grants, Loans, and Construction Contributions:

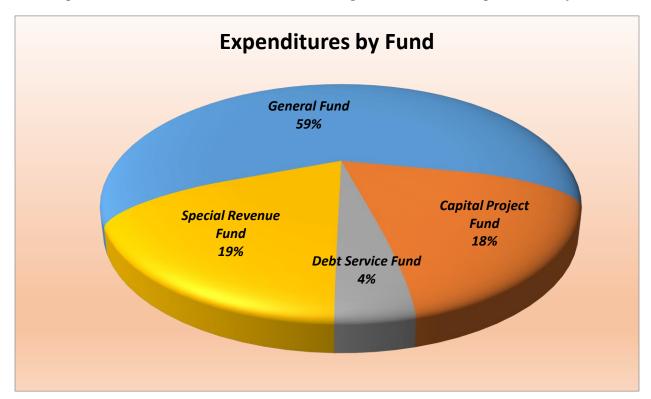
Grants and construction contributions are both recorded in multiple Funds. General Fund activity primarily reflects contributions and grants from other public agencies, while Developers make up the primary contributors of capital in the Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund." General Fund grant income is recorded on a reimbursement basis. Revenue is recognized on the accrual basis. Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund" contribution revenues represent the value of contributions by Developers of master plan facilities through the developer agreement process. These contributions do not create expendable resources.

#### Other Financing Sources-Operating Transfers In:

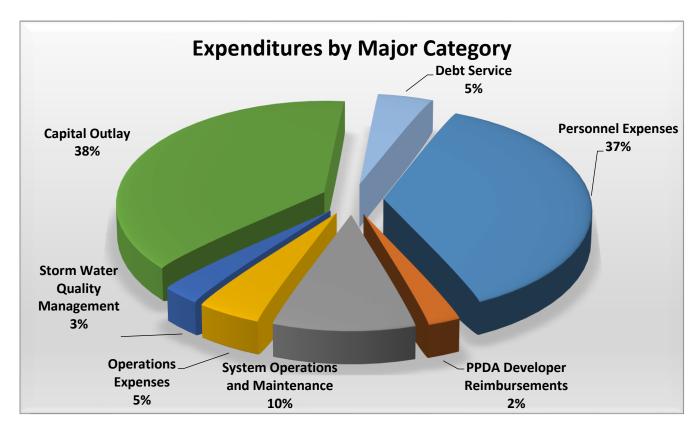
Operating Transfers represent the movement of cash from one fund to another. The Capital Project Fund is funded primarily from resources of the Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund" and allocations by the Board of Directors of available resources in the General Fund. The Debt Service Fund is funded primarily from the General Fund.

#### **EXPENDITURES**

Total expenditures were \$25,874,669. The following chart shows the expenditures by fund.



The following chart shows the expenditures by major category.



#### PERSONNEL, SERVICES, AND SUPPLIES

- ❖ Personnel Expense represents all costs related to personnel including salaries, benefits, workers' compensation insurance, retirement plans, and temporary services. It represents 37% of total expenditures and was under budget approximately 3%.
- Operations Expense represents all operational expenses including liability insurance, office administration expenses, legal expenses, and supplies. It represents 5% of total expenditures and was under budget approximately 26%.
- ❖ Systems Operations and Maintenance includes all expenditures for maintaining the urban and rural drainage facilities. It represents 10% of total expenditures and was approximately 11% under budget. Maintenance expenditures vary based upon how the weather impacts the full implementation of the program.
- ❖ <u>Stormwater Quality Management Expense</u> represents those costs associated with the implementation of our NPDES permit. This account group represents 3% of total expenditures and was approximately 23% under budget.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

On June 30, 2021, the District had total loans outstanding of \$9.5 million as compared to \$10.3 million in the prior year. The major component of this balance is our California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan.

❖ CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK LOAN totaled \$20,000,000 and was used exclusively for infrastructure construction in an older area of the City of Fresno (Drainage Areas "II" & "RR"). As of June 30, 2010, the entire loan had been funded. Annual debt service payments are about \$1.2 million. A principal and interest payment is due each August and an interest only payment is due each February. The remaining principal balance due as of June 30, 2021, was \$9,562,538. The final payment is due July 30, 2030.

#### Other Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2021, other long-term debt totaled \$1,361,392 and included \$1,252,604 in compensated absences and \$108,788 to the City of Fresno.

- ❖ Compensated Absences are the value of accumulated annual leave as of June 30, 2021. Employees can accumulate up to 100 days of service. Any accumulation of annual leave in excess of 100 days is paid out annually.
- ❖ Advance from the City of Fresno: The City of Fresno advanced the District \$175,000 without interest to assist in the construction of drainage facilities in drainage areas "KK", "LL", and "AW".

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

- ❖ Net OPEB Liability (Asset) is the actuarial value required to be accrued per GASB Statement No. 75 (see the Notes to the Financial Statements).
- ❖ For employees hired before May 8, 2013, the District subsidizes the health insurance cost for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District pays 50% of the "full benefit" for employees with more than 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service. The employees who retire after the age of 55 with more than 15 years of service receive a "full benefit".
- ❖ Employees hired after May 8, 2013 who retire after age 60 and have completed 15 years of service are eligible to receive a "full benefit".

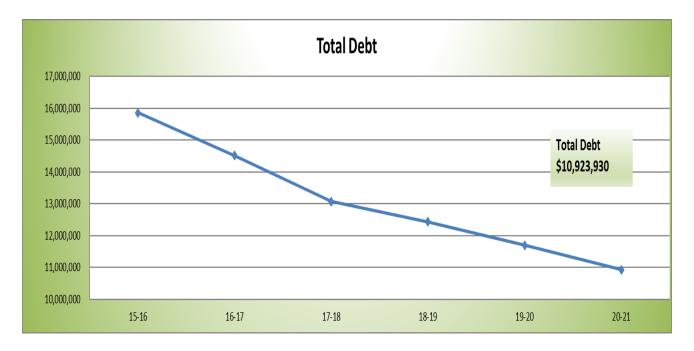
#### **The Full Benefit:** There are two tiers of employee health benefits.

- ❖ For employees hired prior to July 1, 1988, the District pays either 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance or 60% of the cost of the employee plus dependents premium.
- ❖ For those employees hired after July 1, 1988 the District pays 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance plus 60% of the cost of the additional dependent's premium.

The District's Board of Directors is committed to fully fund the OPEB liability, so it established a Trust fund and has made regular deposits to fund the OPEB liability. As of June 30, 2021, the Total Liability is \$5,229,414, with the District being 146% funded with a cash balance of \$7,643,237. In addition, the Board of Directors has elected to continue to pay the retiree health premiums in addition to making annual contributions to the Trust fund. The contribution this year, including the payment of retiree health benefits, was \$463,048.

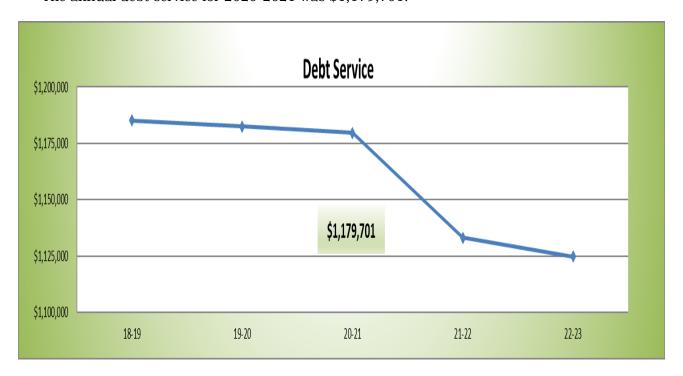
#### Chart of Historical Total Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt was used primarily to finance the acquisition of land for basin sites and for the construction of the drainage system. The increase in long-term debt beginning in 2001 is primarily the result of a new \$20 million loan for the construction of the drainage system in Drainage Areas "II" and "RR".



#### **Chart of Historical Debt Service**

The annual debt service for 2020-2021 was \$1,179,701.



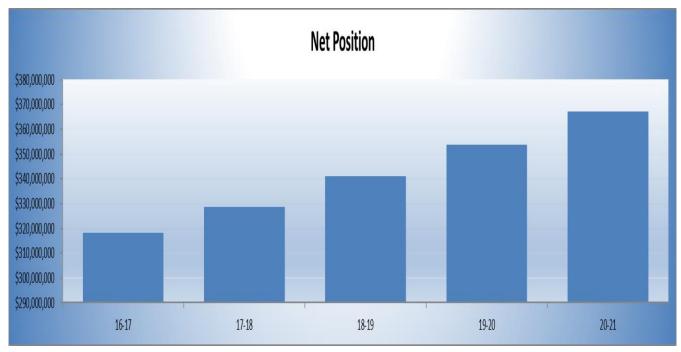
#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

**Capital Assets:** The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021, amounted to \$280,998,982 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, easements, infrastructure, structures and improvements, equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current period is \$9,854,199. Current period depreciation is \$6,739,778. Retirements/ Adjustments of assets totaled \$200, net of depreciation.



#### **CHART OF NET POSITION**

Over the last five years, net position has increased \$59,989,869. A principal reason for the increase is the District's and the Development Community's commitment to constructing new drainage area facilities. The District has constructed \$22,195,341 and the Development Community has constructed \$15,759,312 in drainage area facilities in the last 5 years.



Budgeted Drainage Area capital expenditures for 2020-2021 were estimated at \$14,664,704 including \$873,152 in budget contingencies and construction reserves. Actual expenditures were \$4,601,106. Capital Expenditures in the Expendable Trust Fund (PPDA) totaled \$4,237,873 and were all from development activities. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

#### **URBAN FACILITIES**

Drainage area locations are provided to give the reader the general locations. All Drainage Areas are irregular shapes, as they are based on topography. For actual boundaries, please refer to the District's Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan Map.

**Drainage Area "Y":** This drainage area is located in near E Kings Canyon Blvd and N Peach Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$85,254.

**Drainage Area "T":** This drainage area is located on E Airways Blvd between N Peach Ave and N Clovis Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$1,171,207.

**Drainage Area "7H":** This drainage area is located in Clovis near E Herndon and N Temperance avenues next to the Pup Creek Detention Basin. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$303,513.

**Drainage Area "AX":** This drainage area is located on E Central Ave between S East and S Orange Aves. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$98,838.

**Drainage Area "BS":** This drainage area is located on N Fowler Ave and E McKinley Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$957,785.

**Drainage Area "CF":** This drainage area is located in near E Central Ave and S Peach Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$5,574.

**Drainage Area "DV":** This drainage area is located in near E Kings Canyon Rd and N Temperance Ave, along Freeway 168. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$2,500.

**Drainage Area "EH":** This drainage area is located between N Golden State Blvd and Highway 99, near W Herndon Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$889,366.

**Drainage Area "II3":** This drainage area is located near E Ventura Ave and Highway 41. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$25,003.

#### **RURAL FACILITIES**

**Drainage Area "FCB":** This drainage area is Fancher Creek Detention Basin. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$2,469,946.

**PPDA (Pre-Paid Drainage Assessment):** The District processed and finalized nine (9) developer agreements during the fiscal year. The total capital improvements were \$4,237,873.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year using the straight-line depreciation method. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

The District's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical costs in the government-wide financial statements as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

#### LOOKING INTO THE FUTURE

The following summarizes the basic focus and direction of the 2021-2022 Budget.

The Budget significantly advances the District commitment to support economic development initiatives of the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and County of Fresno by means of the following:

- 1. For another consecutive year, funding an economic development capital project program.
- 2. Continuing the system excavation program which produces a significant costs savings to the development community in reduced development fees.

As the District's inventory of completed facilities continues to increase, the non-capital expenditures will increase as a percentage of total expenditures. The District continues its commitment to the local economy by its use of local businesses for most of the maintenance services and capital construction programs.

A significant portion of the total storm drainage improvements constructed today occurs through the drainage ordinance process. The Budget continues to be pro-active toward constructing local drainage and flood control systems by allocating a portion of property and assessment revenues to Capital related projects. This includes budget support of drainage system construction in older neighborhoods, construction in support of development, and construction of the Rural Flood Control System.

The Budget continues the District's commitment to the environmental quality and compliance with the stormwater regulations. The total sum of \$1,010,500 was budgeted for continued water and soil monitoring activities, environmental analysis, and stormwater quality control programs and facilities. Also included is a parks and wildlife element in our Storm Drainage Master Plan.

The Budget addresses the growing operations, maintenance, and repair needs of the District's completed urban and rural facilities through budget allocations totaling \$3,136,300.

#### REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This Financial Report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Berta Mims, Assistant General Manager-Administration, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, 5469 East Olive Avenue, Fresno, California 93727. The District's website is at <a href="https://www.fresnofloodcontrol.org">www.fresnofloodcontrol.org</a>.

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	G 	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	32,773,175
Receivable:		
Developer		332,323
Fees and charges		189,574
Interest		611,327
Other		2,084,024
Restricted cash		64,762,677
Net OPEB Asset		2,413,823
Capital assets:		
Land		76,632,070
Structures and improvements		325,644,751
Office building		6,475,865
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		4,410,895
Accumulated depreciation		(132,164,599
Total Assets		384,165,905
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows - OPEB		643,723
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		3,103,990
Contracts payable (see supplementary schedule on pg. 61)		396,028
Salaries payable		447,309
Non-current liabilities:		
Due within one year:		
Interest payable		171,778
Compensated absences		603,334
CIEDB loan		806,499
Due in more than one year:		
Compensated absences		649,270
CIEDB loan		8,756,039
Other debt		108,788
Total Liabilities		15,043,035
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - OPEB		2,505,788
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		271,327,656
Restricted for:		
Debt service		1,296,764
Construction		60,541,613
Unrestricted		34,094,772
Total Net Position	\$	367,260,805

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Net (Expense) Revenue and			
		Program	Revenues	Net Position			
			Capital	Total			
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities			
General government	\$ 10,536,487	\$ 1,105,712	\$ -	\$ (9,430,775)			
Flood control system	9,982,986	-	10,101,671	118,685			
Interest on long-term debt	374,432			(374,432)			
Total	\$ 20,893,905	\$ 1,105,712	\$ 10,101,671	(9,686,522)			
	General revenues:						
	Taxes:						
	Property taxes			13,278,843			
	Assessment tax			8,369,037			
	Investment earnir	ngs and rental revenu	ıe	1,407,019			
	Miscellaneous			104,598			
	Gain on disposal	of capital assets		2,995			
	Total general revenu	Total general revenues					
	Change in net positi	Change in net position					
	Net position - begin	Net position - beginning					
	Net position - endin	g		\$ 367,260,805			

#### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS		General		Capital Project		Debt Service		PPDA Trust Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$	32,773,175	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	32,773,175
Receivable:	7	32,773,173	Y		Y		Y		Υ	32,773,173
Fees and charges		-		-		-		189,574		189,574
Interest		193,490		254,411		5,965		157,461		611,327
Other		2,084,024		-		· -		-		2,084,024
Due from other funds		865,579		-		-		-		865,579
Restricted cash		17,119		40,361,935		1,290,799		23,092,824		64,762,677
Total Assets	\$	35,933,387	\$	40,616,346	\$	1,296,764	\$	23,439,859	\$	101,286,356
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	683,721	\$	45,237	\$	_	\$	2,375,032	\$	3,103,990
Contracts payable (see	Ţ	003,721	Ţ	73,237	Ţ		Ţ	2,373,032	Ţ	3,103,330
supplementary schedule										
on page 61)		83,061		312,967		_		_		396,028
Salaries payable		447,309		-		-		-		447,309
Due to other funds		<u> </u>		-		-		865,579		865,579
Total Liabilities		1,214,091		358,204	_			3,240,611		4,812,906
DEFERRED INFLOWS										
Deferred inflows from grantors		2,084,024						-		2,084,024
FUND BALANCES Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		1,296,764		-		1,296,764
Drainage assessments Committed:		-		-		-		20,199,248		20,199,248
Construction		84,223		40,258,142		-		-		40,342,365
Assigned:										
General obligations		9,060,648		-		-		-		9,060,648
Unassigned		23,490,401		-				-		23,490,401
Total Fund Balances		32,635,272		40,258,142	_	1,296,764		20,199,248		94,389,426
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										
and Fund Balances	\$	35,933,387	\$	40,616,346	\$	1,296,764	\$	23,439,859	\$	101,286,356

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 94,389,426
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (net of accumulated depreciation of \$132,164,599).	280,998,982
Certain accrued revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position, they are recorded as revenues.	2,084,024
Certain revenues are not recognized in the governmental funds Balance Sheet because they are long-term in nature. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position, these revenues are recorded as receivables.	332,323
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not included in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Long-term liabilities and associated Deferred Inflows/Outflows at year-end totaled:	 (10,543,950)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 367,260,805

#### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 General	 Capital Project	Debt Service	PPDA Trust Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES	10.070.010					10.070.010
Taxes and subventions	\$ 13,278,843	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	13,278,843
Assessment tax revenue	8,369,037	-	-	2 020 572		8,369,037
Drainage fees - cash	-	-	-	3,030,573		3,030,573
Drainage fees - noncash	-	-	-	2,335,826		2,335,826
Fees and charges for services	1,105,712	<u>-</u>	-	-		1,105,712
Interest and rental revenue	484,413	552,427	10,153	360,026		1,407,019
Grants, loans, and contributions	2,986,990	-	-	2,035,956		5,022,946
Miscellaneous	 104,598	 		-	_	104,598
Total Revenues	 26,329,593	 552,427	10,153	7,762,381		34,654,554
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel expense	9,517,088	_	_	-		9,517,088
Office administration	270,566	_	_	-		270,566
Management support	88,682	_	_	-		88,682
Insurance	258,753	_	_	-		258,753
Professional services	161,580	_	_	-		161,580
Other administrative expense	213,296	_	_	620,578		833,874
System operations and maintenance	2,705,976	_	_	-		2,705,976
Operations center expense	235,991	_	_	_		235,991
Storm water quality management	200,002					200,001
expense	758,259	_	_	-		758,259
Capital outlay	1,025,220	4,601,106	_	4,237,873		9,864,199
Debt service	-,,	-	1,179,701	-		1,179,701
Total Expenditures	 15,235,411	 4,601,106	1,179,701	4,858,451		25,874,669
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 11,094,182	 (4,048,679)	(1,169,548)	2,903,930		8,779,885
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	1,861,999	8,445,872	1,176,820	_		11,484,691
Transfers out	(8,892,278)	(375,858)	-	(2,216,555)		(11,484,691)
Proceeds from sale of assets	2,995	-	-	(2,210,333)		2,995
	 •					· · · · · ·
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	 (7,027,284)	 8,070,014	1,176,820	(2,216,555)		2,995
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,066,898	4,021,335	7,272	687,375		8,782,880
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	 28,568,374	 36,236,807	1,289,492	19,511,873		85,606,546
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 32,635,272	\$ 40,258,142	\$ 1,296,764	\$ 20,199,248	\$	94,389,426

# FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 8,782,880
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which net capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	3,114,421
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Under the full accrual basis of accounting they are recognized in the year they are earned.	(172,962)
Certain revenues are recognized in the current year in the government-wide Statement of Activities under the full accrual basis of accounting and are not recognized in the current year at the fund level. These revenues decrease receivables in the current year in the Statement of Net Position.	(114,712)
Compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period in governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned.	(3,560)
Post employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the Statement of Activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting, including changes in liabilities and changes in associated deferrals.	1,064,634
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	805,269
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 13,475,970

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

						Actual Amounts	Budget to GAAP		Actual Amounts		
		Budgeted	l Amo			Budgetary	Differences		GAAP		ariance with
REVENUES		Original		Final		Basis	Over (Under)		Basis		inal Budget
Taxes and subventions	\$	12,275,500	\$	12,275,500	\$	13,278,843	\$ -	\$	13,278,843	\$	1,003,343
Assessment tax revenue	,	8,367,286	*	8,367,286	,	8,369,037	-	7	8,369,037	7	1,751
Fees and charges for services		768,120		768,120		1,105,712	-		1,105,712		337,592
Interest and rental revenue		590,580		590,580		484,413	-		484,413		(106,167)
Grants, loans, and contributions		3,383,244		4,602,744		2,986,990	-		2,986,990		(1,615,754)
Miscellaneous		5,500		5,500		104,598			104,598		99,098
Total Revenues		25,390,230		26,609,730		26,329,593			26,329,593		(280,137)
EXPENDITURES											
Personnel expense		10,024,663		9,819,191		9,512,733	(4,355)		9,517,088		302,103
Office administration		323,590		319,590		270,566	-		270,566		49,024
Management support		170,140		160,140		88,682	-		88,682		71,458
Insurance		210,415		210,415		258,753	-		258,753		(48,338)
Professional services		423,569		423,569		161,580	-		161,580		261,989
Other administrative expense		288,560		288,560		213,296	-		213,296		75,264
System operations and maintenance		3,041,900		3,041,900		2,705,976	-		2,705,976		335,924
Operations center expense		259,535		259,535		235,991	-		235,991		23,544
Storm water quality management											
expense		986,100		986,100		758,259	-		758,259		227,841
Budget reserves		184,528		400,000		-	-		-		400,000
Capital outlay	_	1,172,640		1,176,640		1,025,220			1,025,220		151,420
Total Expenditures		17,085,640		17,085,640		15,231,056	(4,355)		15,235,411		1,850,229
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures		8,304,590		9,524,090		11,098,537	4,355		11,094,182		1,570,092
							.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		1,100,000		1,100,000		1,861,999	-		1,861,999		761,999
Transfers out		(11,555,092)		(12,774,592)		(8,892,278)	-		(8,892,278)		3,882,314
Proceeds from sale of assets		9,400	_	9,400	_	2,995	<u>-</u>		2,995		(6,405)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,445,692)		(11,665,192)		(7,027,284)			(7,027,284)		4,637,908
Net change in fund balance		(2,141,102)		(2,141,102)		4,071,253	\$ 4,355		4,066,898		6,208,000
Fund balance - beginning of year		15,511,436		14,235,436		28,568,374			28,568,374		14,332,938
Fund balance - end of year	\$	13,370,334	\$	12,094,334	\$	32,639,627		\$	32,635,272	\$	20,540,938
Explanation of Budget to GAAP differences:											
Budget basis for payroll is on the cash basis, between cash and accrual payroll expenditur Add: Prior year payroll accrual Less: Current year payroll accrual		-	lude	the reconcilia	ion		\$ 442,954 (447,309) \$ (4,355)				
IUId1:							\$ (4,355)				

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District) was formed on June 26, 1956, under provisions of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control Act, Chapter 73 of the Water Code, and uncodified acts of the State of California. The District was organized to provide for the control and conservation of flood, storm, and other wastewater in the Fresno, California metropolitan area.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Standards and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: The accounts of the District are organized and operated on a fund basis. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses.

The financial statements consist of the following:

Government-Wide Financial Statements-

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year-end on a consolidated basis. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### • Fund Financial Statements-

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. The exceptions to this rule are that principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due, and for District improvement contracts, the liability is recorded when the contract is awarded, offset by the percent incomplete.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued): When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the governmental fund.

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. The accompanying financial statements are reported using the "economic resources measurement focus", and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic measurement focus all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with these activities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all financial resources off the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Capital Project Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources restricted for construction of capital facilities. The proceeds are a result of a portion of the levy of special assessments pursuant to the Municipal Improvement Act of the California Streets and Highways Code or levy of assessment taxes pursuant to the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control Act, Chapter 73 of the Appendices to the California Water Code.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for resources accumulated to pay principal and interest on long-term debt, including bonded assessments which are levied on specific properties to retire debt established to finance improvements of special benefit to those properties.

The **PPDA Trust Fund** is used to account for drainage fees collected from developers pursuant to local ordinance codes held by the District in a trustee capacity, which will be expended solely for construction of local drainage facilities within the area from which the fees were collected. The fund was established pursuant to the State of California Subdivision Map Act and local ordinances of the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, the County of Fresno, and the District itself.

Developer fees are held in each planned local drainage area trust account. As the District and the development community construct master plan drainage facilities, they are reimbursed for their construction from these accounts, with the development community's construction having priority over the District's construction reimbursement. Following construction of all the master planned facilities within each planned local drainage area and the payment of all related claims from the trust account, the District shall determine by resolution the amount of surplus, if any, remaining in each fund. Any surplus shall be used for one of the following purposes:

- a) For transfer to the General Fund provided that the amount of the transfer shall not exceed five percent of the total amount expended from the particular fund, and provided that the funds transferred are used to support the operation and maintenance of those facilities for which the fees are collected;
- b) For the construction of additional or modified facilities within the particular drainage area; or
- c) As a refund in the manner provided in the California Government Code.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued): The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Non-major funds are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of either fund category or the government combined) for the determination of major funds. For the year ended June 30, 2021, all of the District's individual fund types qualified as major funds.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u>: The District utilizes the allowance method of accounting for and reporting uncollectible or doubtful accounts. At June 30, 2021, management considered all accounts to be fully collectible and, therefore, no allowance was recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with estimated useful lives of more than one year. Capital assets purchased or constructed are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. In the case of acquisitions through gifts or contributions, such assets are recorded at fair value at the time received. The District records at cost the work performed for any construction contracts in progress at year-end. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciable assets are depreciated over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Structures and improvements:50 yearsOffice building:10-50 yearsFurniture, fixtures and equipment:4-10 years

<u>Non-Exchange Transactions</u>: Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property tax increments and other grants. With the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

<u>Capitalization of Interest</u>: Interest incurred on debt during the construction of projects is not capitalized as a cost of the projects.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>: Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position,* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows reported by the District consist of grant revenues that have been earned as of year-end, but not yet billed and collected within the revenue availability period in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: The District's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences, which is attributable to services already rendered, is recorded in the General Fund. The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

<u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>: An annual budget is adopted by the Board of Directors for the General Fund. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except payroll, which is adopted on a cash basis and the budget does not adjust construction for percentage incomplete. No formal budget is adopted by the District for the PPDA Trust Fund, as all funds are restricted by statute, and thus they are excluded from the general funds computation and annual budget. As such, no budget to actual comparison is required to be presented as required supplementary information for the special revenue major fund in accordance with GAAP.

<u>Net Position</u>: Net position represents the residual interest in the District's assets after liabilities are deducted. The Statement of Net Position reports total net position and presents it in three broad components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Net position, net investment in capital assets includes capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is restricted when constraints are imposed by third parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All other net position is unrestricted. Amounts included as unrestricted net position are available for designation for specific purposes established by the District's Board of Directors. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

<u>Fund Balance</u>: In the fund financial statements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

- Nonspendable Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required either legally or contractually to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional or enabling legislation.
- Committed Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of
  decision-making authority (the Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used
  for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the
  constraint. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the
  reporting period.
- Assigned Amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates the authority.
- Unassigned The residual classification for the District's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for a specific purpose exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Fund Balance (continued)</u>: The District establishes and modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or policy. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget as a designation or commitment of the fund, such as approved contracts. Assigned fund balance is established by the District through adoption or amendment of the budget, or future year budget, plan as intended for a specific purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's informal policy/practice to use restricted resources first, followed by the committed, assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed.

The District believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the District to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the District needs to maintain unrestricted fund balance in its funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the District and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

The District, as per its Internal Policy, is required to achieve and maintain unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund sufficient to cover approximately 6 months of working capital at the close of each fiscal year, which exceeds the recommended level (approximately 60 days working capital) promulgated by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA).

Tax/Assessment Tax Payment Delinquencies: On October 12, 1993, the Fresno County (the County) Board of Supervisors voted to adopt an alternate method of tax/assessment tax apportionment known as the Teeter Plan, effective fiscal year 1993-94. The Teeter Plan provided a one-time fiscal benefit during fiscal year 1993-94 and in future years offers the District a consistent and predictable amount of tax/assessment tax revenue unaffected by delinquent tax payments. This is accomplished by the fact that the District will receive 100% of its current secured and supplemental tax levy, not just the amount collected, with the County owning the delinquent receivable. The County will apportion the revenue in three installments throughout the year. The Teeter Plan does not apply to unsecured taxes.

Unsecured taxes are due periodically throughout the year and become delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31. The lien date for unsecured tax/assessment tax is March 1 of the preceding fiscal year. All tax/assessment taxes are levied and collected by the County Auditor and are paid to the District as described above.

Tax/assessment tax revenues related to current secured and supplemental taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied, due to the adoption of the Teeter Plan. Also, the adoption of the Teeter Plan eliminates the need for a receivable for these types of property taxes. Tax/assessment tax revenues related to unsecured taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which they become available. Available means when due, past due and receivable within the current period, or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

<u>Interfund Transfers</u>: The District records the annual transfer from the PPDA Trust Fund to the General Fund when approved by the Board of Directors, which is typically subsequent to year-end. As a result, the transfer recorded for the year ended June 30, 2021, relates to activity from the year ended June 30, 2020. All other transfers relate to activity for the year ended June 30, 2021.

All interfund transfers are operating transfers. which are transfers from a fund receiving the revenue to the fund which has expended the resources. All of the interfund transfers are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>: Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "due to/from other funds" and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Governmental Accounting Standards Update</u>: During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards with no financial impact:

GASB Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Subsequent to issuance, GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the requirements of this statement to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 89 – Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Subsequent to issuance, GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the requirements of this statement to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 90 – Majority Equity Interests- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No 61. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Subsequent to issuance, GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the requirements of this statement to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Released GASB Statements to be implemented in future financial statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 87 – *Leases*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Subsequent to issuance, GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the requirements of this statement to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 91 – Conduit Debt Obligations. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Subsequent to issuance, GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the requirements of this statement to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92 – *Omnibus 2020*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. Subsequent to issuance, GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the requirements of this statement to June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 93 – *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Subsequent to issuance, GASB Statement No. 95 postponed the certain requirements of this statement to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 94 – *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements.* The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 – *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97 – Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

<u>Subsequent Events</u>: In compliance with accounting standards, management has evaluated events that have occurred after year-end to determine if these events are required to be disclosed in the financial statements. Management has determined that the events listed in Note 14 meet the requirement of disclosure in accordance with accounting standards. These subsequent events have been evaluated through January 18, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Statutes authorize the District to invest in the Fresno County (the County) Treasury, Local Agency Investment Fund, U.S. Treasury and registered state warrants, notes, bonds, bills or certificates, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and other similar instruments. The District's investments, which approximated market value at June 30, 2021, was invested in the County Treasury.

Cash and investments and maturities as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

		<u>lı</u>	nvestment Matu	rities (in Years)		
	 Fair Value	Le	ss Than One	1-5		
Cash in banks County Treasury	\$ 2,875,806 94,660,046	\$	2,875,806 94,660,046	\$	-	
Total	\$ 97,535,852	\$	97,535,852	\$		

The District's investment is collateralized with pools of securities held by the County Treasury, but not in the District's name. The investment policies of the County are governed by state statute and an adopted investment policy with oversight by the County Treasury Investment Committee.

The County Treasury is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements.

State statutes and the County of Fresno investment policy authorize the County Treasurer to invest in U.S. Government Treasury and Agency Securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, corporate bonds and notes, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, investments held by the County Treasurer are stated at fair value. The fair value of pooled investments is determined quarterly and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasury.

For full disclosures regarding interest rate risk, credit risk, and fair value measurements, see the County of Fresno Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2021.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: The District maintains cash with qualified financial institutions. At various times such amounts may be in excess of insured limits. As of June 30, 2021, \$2,630,405 were in excess of the FDIC limit (\$250,000). Management considers this a normal business risk, and has not experienced any losses in the past.

<u>Restricted Cash</u>: Receipts from the Capital Project and the PPDA Trust Funds are classified as restricted cash because their use is limited to planned construction and repayment of related debt service obligations. Cash held in the Debt Service Fund is classified as restricted cash as amounts are held for future payments on long-term debt of the District.

#### **NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Jı	Balance une 30, 2020	Additions/ Completions	Retirements/ Adjustments		J	Balance une 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	76,615,270	\$ 16,800	\$	-	\$	76,632,070
Total capital assets not							
being depreciated		76,615,270	 16,800				76,632,070
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Structures and improvements		316,832,570	8,812,181		-		325,644,751
Office building		5,541,529	934,336		-		6,475,865
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		4,347,669	 90,882		(27,656)		4,410,895
Total capital assets							
being depreciated		326,721,768	 9,837,399		(27,656)		336,531,511
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Structures and improvements		(119,726,184)	(6,395,899)		(200)		(126,122,283)
Office building		(2,453,249)	(147,558)		-		(2,600,807)
Furniture, fixtures, and		, , , ,	, , ,				, , , ,
equipment		(3,272,844)	 (196,321)		27,656		(3,441,509)
Total accumulated depreciation		(125,452,277)	 (6,739,778)		27,456		(132,164,599)
Total capital assets							
being depreciated, net		201,269,491	 3,097,621		(200)		204,366,912
Total capital assets, net	\$	277,884,761	\$ 3,114,421	\$	(200)	\$	280,998,982

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the following governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2021 as follows:

General government	\$ 221,027
Flood control system	 6,518,751
	\$ 6,739,778

#### **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, is summarized as follows:

	 Balance une 30, 2020	Add	itions	 Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2021	ue Within One Year
CIEDB loan Other long-term debt	\$ 10,340,036 108,788	\$	- -	\$ (777,498) -	\$	9,562,538 108,788	\$ 806,499 -
Total	\$ 10,448,824	\$	-	\$ (777,498)	\$	9,671,326	\$ 806,499

#### **NOTE 5 – OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Other long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, is summarized as follows:

		Balance						Balance	D	ue Within
	June 30, 2020 Additions			Deletions June 30			ne 30, 2021	1 One Year		
Compensated absences	\$	1,249,044	\$	658,174	\$	(654,614)	\$	1,252,604	\$	603,334
Total	\$	1,249,044	\$	658,174	\$	(654,614)	\$	1,252,604	\$	603,334

#### NOTE 6 – OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE

A construction advance received from the City of Fresno for drainage facilities in an area known as the "Industrial Triangle" (Drainage Area "KK", "LL", and "AW"). Repayment to begin when the area is 40% developed and is to be equal to drainage assessments from the area collected subsequent to that time and continuing until either fully repaid or the area is 80% developed, at which time any amount then unpaid is due. As of June 30, 2021, 47% of the area within the boundaries of the Industrial Triangle has been developed from drainage fee proceeds. The City of Fresno has authorized the District to defer payments and allow the District to use drainage fee revenue to construct Master Plan Facilities. Following completion of the required construction, and after payment of other agreements with chronological priority preceding the date of the required construction, the District will forward any additional fee revenue to the City of Fresno pursuant to all other terms of the agreement.

The ending balance on the other long-term debt payable for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$108,788.

#### NOTE 7 – CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK (CIEDB) LOAN

Loan with the CIEDB in the maximum amount of \$20,000,000, dated May 1, 2001. As of June 30, 2001, interest only payments shall be payable in four semiannual installments beginning August 1, 2001. Beginning August 1, 2003, principal shall be payable in 28 annual installments and interest shall be payable in 56 semiannual installments. Interest is payable at the rate of 3.73%. Repayment is to be made from Assessment Tax Revenues collected with the General Fund and any other source of funds legally available for the purpose of making the annual payment as secondary sources of funding should Assessment Tax Revenues be inadequate to meet the loan repayment obligation. Collateral consists of a pledge and first lien on all of the Assessment Tax Revenues and all amounts in the Assessment Tax Revenues Special Revenue Fund. The full amount of \$20,000,000 has been loaned to the District.

Any one or more of the following events shall constitute an "event of default" for this loan:

- a. Failure by the District to pay any loan payment or interest when and as the same shall become due and payable.
- b. Failure by the District to observe and perform any of the covenants, agreements or conditions on its part contained in the loan agreement, for a period of 60 days after written notice has been given to the District by the CIEDB, or to the District and the CIEDB, specifying such failure and requesting that such failure be remedied.
- c. The filing by the District of a petition or answer seeking reorganization or arrangement under the federal bankruptcy laws or any other applicable law of the United States of America.
- d. Any representation or other written statement made by the District furnished in compliance shall prove to have been incorrect in any material respect.

#### NOTE 7 - CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK (CIEDB) LOAN (continued)

- e. An unexcused failure by the District to pay amounts due under any bond, note, installment sale agreement, capital lease or other agreement or instrument to which it is a party relating to the borrowing of money, if such unpaid amount shall exceed \$50,000.
- f. The occurrence of an event of default with respect to any Parity Debt or Subordinate Debt which causes all principal of such Parity Debt or Subordinate Debt to become due and payable immediately.

If an event of default has occurred and is continuing, the CIEDB may declare the principal of the Loan, together with the accrued interest on all unpaid principal thereof, to be due and payable immediately.

The ending balance on the CIEDB loan for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$9,562,538.

Future debt service payments on the CIEDB loan are as follows:

Year	Principal	 Interest	Total
2022	\$ 806,499	\$ 370,329	\$ 1,176,828
2023	836,581	337,266	1,173,847
2024	867,785	302,970	1,170,755
2025	900,154	267,395	1,167,549
2026	933,730	230,493	1,164,223
2027-2031	5,217,789	 548,912	5,766,701
	\$ 9,562,538	\$ 2,057,365	\$ 11,619,903

Total interest expense on the CIEDB loan for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$374,432.

#### **NOTE 8 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds as of June 30, 2021:

To General Fund:		
From PPDA Trust Fund	_ ç	865,579
	ç	865,579

The following is a summary of transfers in and out during the year ended June 30, 2021:

To General Fund: From Capital Project Fund From PPDA Trust Fund	\$ 375,858 1,486,141
To Capital Project Fund: From General Fund	7,715,458
From PPDA Trust Fund	730,414
To Debt Service Fund:	
From General Fund	 1,176,820
	\$ 11,484,691

#### NOTE 9 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

The Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Pension Plan (the Plan) is a defined contribution pension plan established by the Board of Directors of the District. The Plan covers all full-time employees who have completed at least six months of continuous service and have attained the age of eighteen. Monthly employer contributions for employees hired prior to June 30, 1988, are 14% of the employees' salary.

Monthly employer contributions for employees hired after June 30, 1988, are 10% of the employees' salaries. Participants are 25% vested after two years of service and an additional 25% after each additional year until they are fully vested. District contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before becoming 100% vested are used to reduce the District's current period contribution requirement. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Administrative Committee of the Board of Directors of the District. The District made the required contribution amounting to \$613,577 as of June 30, 2021.

The Plan issues a stand-alone financial report that can be reviewed at the District office located at 5469 East Olive Avenue, Fresno, California 93727.

#### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u>: The District provides the following post-employment health care benefits in accordance with District employment contracts:

- For employees hired before May 8, 2013, the District subsidizes the health insurance cost for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District pays 50% of the "full benefit" for employees with more than 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service. The employees who retire after the age of 55 with more than 15 years of service receive a "full benefit".
- Employees hired after May 8, 2013 who retire after age 60 and have completed 15 years of service are eligible to receive a "full benefit".

The Full Benefit: There are two tiers of employee health benefits.

- For employees hired prior to July 1, 1988, the District pays either 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance or 60% of the cost of the employee plus dependents premium.
- For those employees hired after July 1, 1988, the District pays 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance plus 60% of the cost of the additional dependent's premium.

The District participates in an industry association plan (ACWA/JPIA) that has about 300 employer members. There are two providers in the plan: Kaiser and Blue Cross/Blue Shield (BCBS) that offer PPO and HMO plans. The same benefit options are available to retirees as active employees. Upon reaching Medicare eligibility, the plans do not coordinate with Medicare. There is a small rate decrease for retirees who opt for Medicare Part B. Kaiser plans are fully-insured while BCBS plans are self-insured. The District employees represent a very small percentage of the pool for the BCBS plans and, thus, these plans are assumed to be community-rated with no implicit subsidy to the District. The District employees represent approximately 6% of the pool for the Kaiser plans and, thus, these plans are not assumed to be community-rated. There will be a GASB implicit subsidy to the District for employees enrolled in this plan. Effective January 1, 2022, the District is no longer offering Anthem Blue Cross for retirees on Medicare. The options for retirees on Medicare changed to Kaiser and United Healthcare, however, the option of Anthem Blue Cross is still available for retirees that are not on Medicare.

The District has established an irrevocable trust with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) to accumulate resources strictly for post-employment benefit payments. PARS issues a separate annual financial report, and copies of the report may be obtained by writing to PARS at 4350 Von Karman Ave., Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA 92660, or by calling (800) 540-6369.

#### NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

<u>Contributions</u>: The District contribution varies by employee classification up to 100% of the amount of employee only premium incurred by retirees and 60% of the premium incurred for their dependents. Expenditures for post-employment benefits are recognized on a pay-as-you-go basis, as premiums are paid. During the year, expenditures of \$348,115 were recognized for retirees' health care benefits, including \$21,584 of administrative expenses, paid from outside the trust. The District's required contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District contributed \$200,000 to the PARS OPEB trust in addition to the required financing requirements of \$326,531. The District intends to maintain a fully funded plan.

Employees Covered: At July 1, 2020, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	22
Active employees	70
	92

<u>Net OPEB Liability (Asset)</u>: The District's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement dates.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>: The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases 3.0 percent Discount rate 7.0 percent

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020.

<u>Discount rate</u>: GASB 75 requires a discount rate that reflects the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (if any) and a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

To determine the discount rate, the amount of the plan's projected fiduciary net position (if any) and the amount of projected benefit payments are compared in each future period.

At July 1, 2020, the District has an irrevocable trust account for prefunding OPEB liabilities. Plan assets are expected to be sufficient. The discount rate used is 7.00%, equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

#### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

#### Net OPEB Liability (Asset) (continued):

The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Т	otal OPEB	Pla	n Fiduciary		Net OPEB		
		Liability	N	et Position	Lia	bility (Asset)		
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	5,900,610	\$	6,024,537	\$	(123,927)		
Changes in the year:								
Service cost		105,672		-		105,672		
Interest on the								
total OPEB liability		352,973		-		352,973		
Differences between expected and								
actual experience		(703,685)		-		(703 <i>,</i> 685)		
Changes in assumptions		(99,625)		-		(99,625)		
Contributions from the employer		-		526,531		(526,531)		
Net investment income		-		1,440,284		(1,440,284)		
Benefit payments, including								
refunds of employee contributions		(326,531)		(326,531)		-		
Administrative expense		-		(21,584)		21,584		
Net change		(671,196)		1,618,700		(2,289,896)		
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	5,229,414	\$	7,643,237	\$	(2,413,823)		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset), as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Current								
	Discount Rate - 1% (6.00%)			Discount Rate	Discount Rate + 1% (8.00%)				
				(7.00%)					
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	\$ (1,783,971)		(2,413,823)	\$	(2,943,372)			

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset), as well as what the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.20 percent decreasing to 4.20 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (5.20 percent increasing to 6.20 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease			Trend Rate	1% Increase			
		(4.20%)		(5.20%)	(6.20%)			
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(3,037,250)	\$	(2,413,823)	\$	(1,658,459)		

#### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:</u>

At June 30, 2021, the District's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to OPEB from the following source are:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 484,077	\$1,178,336
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	-	529,866
Differences between projected and actual return investments	159,646	797,586
Total	\$ 643,723	\$2,505,788

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defer	red Inflows of
Year	of	of Resources		Resources
		_		
2022	\$	149,994	\$	(725,224)
2023		126,170		(584,574)
2024		125,520		(373,593)
2025		80,682		(373,595)
2026		80,680		(174,197)
2027		80,677		(174,193)
2028		-		(100,412)

Net OPEB Expense: For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District's Net OPEB expense (benefit) was \$(538,303).

Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - beginning (a)	\$ (123,927)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - ending (b)	 (2,413,823)
Change in Net OPEB Liability (Asset) [(b)-(a)]	(2,289,896)
Change in Deferred Outflows	149,994
Change in Deferred Inflows	1,075,068
Employer Contributions	 526,531
Net OPEB Expense (Benefit)	\$ (538,303)

<u>Investments</u>: The District's policy regarding the allocation of the Plan's invested assets is established and may be amended by District management. The primary objective is to maximize total Plan return, subject to the risk and quality constraints set forth in the investment guidelines. The District has selected a balanced objective, which has a dual goal of growth of principal and income. While dividend and interest income are an important component of the objective's total return, it is expected that capital will comprise a larger portion of the total return. The asset allocation ranges for this objective as of June 30, 2021, are listed as follows:

Strategic Asset Allocation Ranges						
Cash Fixed Income Equity						
Stated Range	0-20%	40%-60%	40%-60%			

#### NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

<u>Rate of Return</u>: For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 23.75%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

#### **NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

<u>Litigation</u>: The District is a party to a number of lawsuits, claims, and eminent domain litigation arising out of the conduct of its operation. While the ultimate results of lawsuits or other proceedings against the District cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District.

<u>Construction Projects</u>: The District has executed construction contracts for system improvements of \$4,776,790. The financial statements have \$396,028 recorded, which reflects the percent of the contract completed at June 30, 2021, and the District has remaining commitments under the contracts of \$4,380,762.

<u>Coronavirus Pandemic</u>: Management has determined the events regarding the novel coronavirus require disclosure in accordance with accounting standards. On March 4, 2020, Governor Newsom issued an emergency proclamation declaring a State of emergency in California due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The COVID-19 outbreak is ongoing, and the ultimate geographic spread of the virus, the duration and severity of the outbreak and the economic and other actions that may be taken by governmental authorities to contain the outbreak or to treat its impact are uncertain. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the operations and finances of the District is unknown.

#### **NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District has entered into a joint powers authority agreement along with other members of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA JPIA) to form a self-insuring pool for liability coverage up to \$500,000. Insurance in excess of \$500,000 is collectively purchased through excess policies covering all included members. The excess insurance is for \$39,500,000 per occurrence for a total coverage of \$40,000,000.

The ACWA JPIA is governed by a board of directors composed of one representative from each member agency. The JPIA governing board controls the operation of the ACWA JPIA, independent of any influence by the District other than the District's representation on the governing board.

The ACWA JPIA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters. The ACWA JPIA maintains its own accounting records. The ACWA JPIA's budget is not subject to any approval other than that of its governing board.

The relationship between the District and the ACWA JPIA is such that the ACWA JPIA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Separate financial statements of the ACWA JPIA are available upon request at 2100 Professional Drive, Roseville, California 95661, (916) 786-5742.

#### NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Condensed financial information for the ACWA JPIA's most recent year audited is shown below:

	S	eptember 30, 2020
Total assets	\$	237,525,073
Deferred outflows of resources		1,054,750
Total liabilities		113,075,164
Deferred inflows of resources		1,817,452
Net position	\$	123,687,207
Total revenues	\$	197,639,443
Total expenditures		172,886,738
Net increase in net position	\$	24,752,705

During the year ending June 30, 2021, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

#### **NOTE 13 – EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS**

For the year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

Expenditures	 Amount				
General Fund:	 _				
Insurance	\$ 48,338				

#### **NOTE 14 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On July 28, 2021, the Board of Directors approved and adopted Resolution No. 2021-971 (the "Resolution"). The Resolution permitted the District to refinance their loan with the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank and reduce the loan rate by 1%, from 3.73% to 2.73%. The rate reduction went into effect on August 1, 2021.

On September 16, 2021, the District paid the remaining balance of the other long-term debt payable in the amount of \$108,788 to the City of Fresno.



## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability								
Service Cost	\$	105,672	\$	115,475	\$	106,676	\$	103,569
Interest	,	352,973	7	392,394	*	359,855	7	338,095
Difference between expected and actual experience		(703,685)		645,437		-		(1,969,136)
Changes of assumptions		(99,625)		(590,260)		-		-
Benefit payments		(326,531)		(191,595)		(153,708)		(108,671)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(671,196)		371,451		312,823		(1,636,143)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		5,900,610		5,529,159		5,216,336		6,852,479
Total OPEB Liability - ending (a)		5,229,414		5,900,610		5,529,159		5,216,336
						_		_
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer		526,531		391,595		653,708		1,308,671
Net investment income		1,440,284		196,665		348,825		258,434
Benefit payments		(326,531)		(191,595)		(153,708)		(107,671)
Administrative expense		(21,584)		(18,737)		(15,174)		(13,951)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,618,700		377,928		833,651		1,445,483
Plan fiduciary net position		6,024,537		5,646,609		4,812,958		3,368,475
Plan fiduciary net position (b)		7,643,237		6,024,537		5,646,609		4,813,958
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)	\$	(2,413,823)	\$	(123,927)	\$	(117,450)	\$	402,378
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		146.16%		102.10%		102.12%		92.29%
District's covered-employee payroll		6,238,634		6,064,213		5,835,980		5,646,134
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		-38.69%		-2.04%		-2.01%		7.13%

#### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE**

\* Fiscal Year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore; only four years are shown.

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 56,743	\$ 119,901	\$ 495,412	\$ 495,412
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(526,531)	(391,595)	(653,708)	(1,308,671)
Contribution in deficiency (excess)	\$ (469,788)	\$ (271,694)	\$ (158,296)	\$ (813,259)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,238,634	\$ 6,064,213	\$ 5,835,980	\$ 5,646,134
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.44%	6.46%	11.20%	23.18%

#### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE**

Valuation Date July 1, 2020

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal
Amortization method Level percentage of payroll
Inflation 3.00%
Salary increases 3.00%

Salary increases 3.00% Investment rate of return 7.00%

Retirement age Based on District retirement patterns

Pre-retirement mortality Based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables from 2009-2014

Post-retirement mortality Based on RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality

Tables from 2009-2014

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore; only four years are shown.



## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2021

	Total		 IEDB Loan	SRF Loan		
ASSETS						
Restricted cash Interest receivable	\$	1,290,799 5,965	\$ 1,290,799 5,965	\$	<u>-</u>	
Total assets	\$	1,296,764	\$ 1,296,764	\$		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Due to other funds	\$		\$ 	\$		
Total liabilities						
Fund balances:						
Restricted for debt service		1,296,764	 1,296,764			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,296,764	\$ 1,296,764	\$		

# FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Total	CIEDB Loan	SRF Loan		
REVENUES Interest	\$ 10,153	\$ 10,153	\$ -		
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Debt service	1,179,701	1,179,701			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,169,548)	(1,169,548)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	1,176,820	1,176,820			
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,176,820	1,176,820			
Net change in fund balances	7,272	7,272	-		
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,289,492	1,289,492			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,296,764	\$ 1,296,764	\$ -		

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECT FUND JUNE 30, 2021

#### Capital

		c	onstruction		Basin	Park
	Total		Fund	Land	D	Fund
ASSETS						_
Interest receivable	\$ 254,411	\$	224,190	\$ 27,239	\$ 103	\$ 2,879
Restricted cash	 40,361,935		35,904,243	 4,009,609	 15,479	 432,604
Total assets	\$ 40,616,346	\$	36,128,433	\$ 4,036,848	\$ 15,582	\$ 435,483
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Accounts payable	\$ 45,237	\$	45,237	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contracts payable	 312,967		312,967	 	 	 
Total liabilities	 358,204		358,204	 	 	 
Fund balances:						
Committed for construction	 40,258,142		35,770,229	 4,036,848	 15,582	 435,483
Total fund balances	 40,258,142		35,770,229	4,036,848	 15,582	 435,483
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 40,616,346	\$	36,128,433	\$ 4,036,848	\$ 15,582	\$ 435,483

# FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### Capital

	Total	C	onstruction Fund	Land		Basin D		Park Fund
REVENUES								
Interest	\$ 552,427	\$	484,120	\$	61,604	\$	236	\$ 6,467
Total revenues	552,427		484,120		61,604		236	 6,467
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	 4,601,106		4,601,106					 
Total expenditures	 4,601,106		4,601,106					 
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	 (4,048,679)		(4,116,986)		61,604		236	 6,467
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	8,445,872		8,431,812		-		-	14,060
Transfers out	 (375,858)		(375,858)				-	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	 8,070,014		8,055,954					14,060
Net change in fund balances	4,021,335		3,938,968		61,604		236	20,527
Fund balances, beginning of year	 36,236,807		31,831,261		3,975,244		15,346	414,956
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 40,258,142	\$	35,770,229	\$	4,036,848	\$	15,582	\$ 435,483



## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund - Budgetary Basis									
	Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget						
Revenues:			_							
Taxes:										
Property taxes - current	\$ 11,500,	900 \$	11,934,935	\$ 434,035						
Property taxes - prior year levies	21,	700	105,284	83,584						
General subventions	252,	900	354,896	101,996						
Other	500,	000	883,728	383,728						
Assessment tax revenue	8,367,	286	8,369,037	1,751						
Interest revenue	513,	180	408,536	(104,644)						
Grant revenue	3,189,	849	690,728	(2,499,121)						
Construction contributions	1,412,	895	2,296,262	883,367						
Fees and charges for services:										
Non-conforming facilities fees	150,	000	108,220	(41,780)						
Master plan engineering fees	200,	080	284,324	84,244						
Excavation permit fees	165,	000	140,774	(24,226)						
Recharge maintenance	50,	000	224,519	174,519						
PPDA administration fees	5,	000	14,825	9,825						
Other fees and charges	198,	040	333,050	135,010						
Rental income	77,	400	75,877	(1,523)						
Miscellaneous	5,	500	104,598	99,098						
Other financing sources:										
Transfers in	1,100,	000	1,861,999	761,999						
Revenue from sale of assets	9,	400	2,995	(6,405)						
Total revenues and other										
financing sources	27,719,	130	28,194,587	475,457						
Expenditures:										
Personnel expense:										
Salaries, regular and part-time	6,656,	319	6,202,109	454,210						
Payroll related taxes	461,		455,775	5,425						
Employee insurance	1,260,		1,246,185	14,247						
Workers' compensation		120	85,302	(3,182)						
Retirement	674,		613,577	61,123						
Annual leave	256,		423,987	(167,767)						
OPEB contribution	415,		463,048	(47,248)						
Unemployment insurance	,	_	15,325	(15,325)						
Temporary help	10,	000	5,346	4,654						
Employee assistance program		400	2,079	321						
Total personnel expense	9,819,	191	9,512,733	306,458						

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund - Budgetary Basis								
	Bu	dget		Actual		ance with al Budget			
Expenditures, continued:									
Office administration:									
General office supplies	\$	90,100	\$	75,366	\$	14,734			
Records and maps		36,000		23,224		12,776			
Reproduction		5,900		4,983		917			
Office equipment maintenance		121,950		118,562		3,388			
Communications		52,940		40,658		12,282			
Postage		7,200		4,024		3,176			
Printing		4,300		2,694		1,606			
Courier service		1,200		1,055		145			
Total office administration		319,590		270,566		49,024			
Management support:									
Conferences and meetings		42,300		6,634		35,666			
General management		67,840		73,306		(5,466)			
Professional education		45,000		8,742		36,258			
Corps project representation		5,000				5,000			
Total management support		160,140		88,682		71,458			
Insurance:									
Employee bonding		1,600		1,554		46			
Notary, trustee, and fiduciary		10,000		12,449		(2,449)			
Directors' liability		8,550		9,686		(1,136)			
Fire, theft, and office content		19,217		32,478		(13,261)			
Automobile		23,698		25,927		(2,229)			
General liability		145,350		164,659		(19,309)			
Deductibles, settlements		2,000		12,000		(10,000)			
Total insurance		210,415		258,753		(48,338)			
Professional services:									
Legal services		168,000		96,317		71,683			
Accounting services		39,750		43,285		(3,535)			
Consulting engineers		600		-		600			
Computer support		5,000		878		4,122			
Other professional services		172,169		18,955		153,214			
Legislative services		10,000		-		10,000			
Personnel services		20,050		1,870		18,180			
Benefit administration		8,000		275		7,725			
Total professional services		423,569		161,580		261,989			

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund - Budgetary Basis								
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget						
Expenditures, continued:									
Other administrative expense:									
Revenue collection expense	\$ 176,000	\$ 177,329	\$ (1,329)						
Directors' expense	49,300	21,692	27,608						
Public information	32,100	10,162	21,938						
Advertising	20,000	1,089	18,911						
Service charges	3,360	=	3,360						
Special events expense	2,500	-	2,500						
Employee recognition expense	4,400	2,143	2,257						
Miscellaneous expense	900	881	19						
Total other administrative									
expense	288,560	213,296	75,264						
System operations and maintenance:									
Basin maintenance:									
Developed basin maintenance	725,000	803,974	(78,974)						
Undeveloped basin maintenance	365,000	369,219	(4,219)						
Recharge maintenance	155,000	83,682	71,318						
Parks and recreation maintenance	50,000	63,697	(13,697)						
Winter operations	25,000	1,531	23,469						
Fence repair	102,000	112,140	(10,140)						
Pump operations/maintenance	320,000	233,360	86,640						
Drainline operations	120,000	86,116	33,884						
Flood control maintenance:									
Dam operations/maintenance	375,000	246,183	128,817						
Channel operations	275,000	289,536	(14,536)						
Detention basin operations	140,000	145,585	(5,585)						
Vehicle operations	120,000	134,064	(14,064)						
Vehicle repairs	20,000	33,851	(13,851)						
Vehicle supplies	6,000	2,499	3,501						
Operation expense	24,000	25,090	(1,090)						
Field equipment maintenance	60,000	22,372	37,628						
Warehouse expense	500	108	392						
Other operations expense	6,000	2,343	3,657						
Uniform expense	8,000	9,267	(1,267)						
Telemetry maintenance	12,000	14,147	(2,147)						
Environmental management:									
Environmental analysis	120,000	13,490	106,510						
Other environmental management	13,400	13,722	(322)						
Total system operations and									
maintenance	3,041,900	2,705,976	335,924						

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY BASIS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund - Budgetary Basis									
					\/-	ariance with				
		Pudgot		Actual						
Expenditures, continued:		Budget		Actual		inal Budget				
Operations center expense:										
Utilities	\$	116 200	۲	105 279	خ.	10.022				
	Ş	116,300	\$	105,378	\$	10,922				
Building maintenance		91,235		102,375		(11,140)				
Landscape maintenance		30,000		23,748		6,252				
Repairs and rehabilitation		16,000		3,442		12,558				
Other operations center	-	6,000	-	1,048		4,952				
Total operations center expense		259,535		235,991		23,544				
Storm water quality management										
(SWQM) expense:										
Consulting services		30,000		-		30,000				
Municipal NPDES development		39,500		15,651		23,849				
SWQM operations/maintenance		480,000		370,029		109,971				
Municipal NPDES implementation		433,000		372,369		60,631				
Industrial NPDES implementation		3,600		210		3,390				
Total SWQM expense		986,100		758,259		227,841				
Capital outlay:										
Operations center		575,000		917,426		(342,426)				
Telemetry		100,000		517,120		100,000				
Engineering		25,000		_		25,000				
Vehicles		82,000		_		82,000				
Computer hardware and software		75,240		44,276		30,964				
Office equipment and furniture		55,900		6,581		49,319				
Field equipment		148,500		40,028		108,472				
Site improvement		115,000		16,909		98,091				
Total capital outlay		1 176 640		1.025.220		151,420				
Total capital outlay		1,176,640		1,025,220		151,420				
Total expenditures		16,685,640		15,231,056		1,454,584				
Other uses:										
Transfers out		12,774,592		8,892,278		3,882,314				
Budget reserves		400,000		<u> </u>		400,000				
Total expenditures and										
other uses		29,860,232		24,123,334		5,736,898				
Net change in fund balance		(2,141,102)		4,071,253		6,212,355				
Fund balance, beginning of year		14,235,436		28,568,374		14,332,938				
Fund balance, end of year	\$	12,094,334	\$	32,639,627	\$	20,545,293				

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (DEVELOPER PAYABLE AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS INCLUDED AS A LIABILITY) JUNE 30, 2021

	General	Capital Project	Debt Service		PPDA Trust Fund		Gove	Total rnmental Funds
ASSETS		 ,						
Cash	\$ 32,773,175	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,773,175
Receivables:								
Fees and charges	-	-		-		189,574		189,574
Interest	193,490	254,411		5,965		157,461		611,327
Other	2,084,024	-		-		-		2,084,024
Due from other funds	865,579	-		-		-		865,579
Restricted cash	17,119	 40,361,935		1,290,799		23,092,824		64,762,677
Total Assets	\$ 35,933,387	\$ 40,616,346	\$	1,296,764	\$	23,439,859	\$	101,286,356
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 683,721	\$ 45,237	\$	-	\$	2,375,032	\$	3,103,990
Contracts payable	167,284	4,609,506	·	-	•	-	·	4,776,790
Salaries payable	447,309	-		-		-		447,309
Due to other funds	-	-		-		865,579		865,579
Developers payable	 -	 -		-		10,755,004		10,755,004
Total Liabilities	 1,298,314	 4,654,743		-		13,995,615		19,948,672
DEFERRED INFLOWS								
Deferred inflows from grantors	 2,084,024	 -		-		-		2,084,024
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted:								
Debt service	-	-		1,296,764		-		1,296,764
Drainage assessments	-	-		-		9,444,244		9,444,244
Committed:								
Construction	84,223	35,961,603		-		-		36,045,826
Assigned:								
General obligations	9,060,648	-		-		-		9,060,648
Unassigned	23,406,178	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		23,406,178
Total Fund Balances	 32,551,049	 35,961,603		1,296,764		9,444,244		79,253,660
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
and Fund Balances	\$ 35,933,387	\$ 40,616,346	\$	1,296,764	\$	23,439,859	\$	101,286,356

# FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF COMBINED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (DEVELOPER PAYABLE AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS INCLUDED AS A LIABILITY) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		General	Capita Projec		Debt Service		PPDA Trust Fund		Gove	Total rnmental Funds
REVENUES	-	deficial	110,00			Service		Trust runu	3070	Timement Turius
Taxes and subventions	\$	13,278,843	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,278,843
Assessment tax revenue		8,369,037		-		-		-		8,369,037
Drainage fees - cash		-		-		-		3,030,573		3,030,573
Drainage fees - noncash		-		-		-		2,335,826		2,335,826
Fees and charges for services		1,105,712		-		-		-		1,105,712
Interest and rental revenue		484,413	5	52,427		10,153		360,026		1,407,019
Grants, loans, and contributions		2,986,990		-		-		1,021,064		4,008,054
Miscellaneous		104,598				-				104,598
Total revenues		26,329,593	5	52,427		10,153		6,747,489		33,639,662
EXPENDITURES										
Personnel expense		9,517,088		-		-		-		9,517,088
Office administration		270,566		-		-		-		270,566
Management support		88,682		-		-		-		88,682
Insurance		258,753		-		-		-		258,753
Professional services		161,580		-		-		-		161,580
Other administrative expense		213,296		-		-		(146,258)		67,038
System operations and maintenance		2,705,976		-		-		-		2,705,976
Operations center expense		235,991		-		-		-		235,991
Storm water quality management		758,259		-		-		-		758,259
Capital outlay		1,073,432	6,2	51,434		-		4,237,873		11,562,739
Debt service				-		1,179,701		-		1,179,701
Total expenditures		15,283,623	6,2	51,434		1,179,701		4,091,615		26,806,373
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		11,045,970	(5,6	99,007)		(1,169,548)		2,655,874		6,833,289
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		1,861,999	8,4	45,872		1,176,820		-		11,484,691
Transfers out		(8,892,278)	(3	75,858)		-		(2,216,555)		(11,484,691)
Proceeds from the sale of assets		2,995		-		-		-		2,995
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,027,284)	8,0	70,014		1,176,820		(2,216,555)		2,995
Net change in fund balances		4,018,686	2,3	71,007		7,272		439,319		6,836,284
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		28,532,363	33,5	90,596		1,289,492		9,004,925		72,417,376
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	32,551,049	\$ 35,9	61,603	\$	1,296,764	\$	9,444,244	\$	79,253,660

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

	General Fund									
	<u> </u>	June 30,		June 30,						
		2021		2020		Variance				
Revenues:										
Taxes and subventions	\$	13,278,843	\$	12,251,729	\$	1,027,114				
Assessment tax revenue		8,369,037		8,344,334		24,703				
Fees and charges for services		1,105,712		1,074,336		31,376				
Interest and rental revenue		484,413		632,707		(148,294)				
Grants revenue		690,728		203,435		487,293				
Miscellaneous		104,598		141,503		(36,905)				
Construction contributions		2,296,262		535,222		1,761,040				
Total revenues		26,329,593		23,183,266		3,146,327				
Other financing sources:										
Transfers in		1,861,999		1,215,992		646,007				
Proceeds from sale of assets		2,995		60,234		(57,239)				
Total revenues and other										
financing sources		28,194,587		24,459,492		3,735,095				
Expenditures:										
Personnel expense		9,517,088		9,181,007		336,081				
Office administration		270,566		228,107		42,459				
Management support		88,682		122,002		(33,320)				
Insurance		258,753		230,618		28,135				
Professional services		161,580		186,539		(24,959)				
Other administrative expense		213,296		106,512		106,784				
System operations and maintenance		2,705,976		2,689,769		16,207				
Operations center expense		235,991		256,915		(20,924)				
Storm water quality management										
expense		758,259		595,760		162,499				
Capital outlay		1,025,220		209,722		815,498				
Total expenditures		15,235,411		13,806,951		1,428,460				
Other uses:										
Transfers out		8,892,278		10,174,344		(1,282,066)				
Total expenditures and										
other uses		24,127,689		23,981,295		146,394				
Net change in fund balance		4,066,898		478,197		3,588,701				
Fund balance, beginning of year		28,568,374		28,090,177		478,197				
Fund balance, end of year	\$	32,635,272	\$	28,568,374	\$	4,066,898				

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

	 General Fund						
	June 30,		June 30,				
	 2021		2020		Variance		
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes - current	\$ 11,934,935	\$	11,114,219	\$	820,716		
Property taxes - prior year levies	105,284		14,999		90,285		
General subventions	354 <i>,</i> 896		361,092		(6,196)		
Other	883,728		761,419		122,309		
Assessment tax revenue	8,369,037		8,344,334		24,703		
Interest revenue	408,536		567,773		(159,237)		
Grant revenue	690,728		203,435		487,293		
Construction contributions	2,296,262		535,222		1,761,040		
Fees and charges for services:							
Non-conforming facilities fees	108,220		141,070		(32,850)		
Master plan engineering fees	284,324		215,089		69,235		
Excavation permit fees	140,774		194,905		(54,131)		
Recharge maintenance	224,519		204,356		20,163		
PPDA administration fees	14,825		12,700		2,125		
Other fees and charges	333,050		306,216		26,834		
Rental income	75 <i>,</i> 877		64,934		10,943		
Miscellaneous	104,598		141,503		(36,905)		
Other financing courses							
Other financing sources: Transfers in	1 961 000		1,215,992		646 007		
	1,861,999				646,007		
Proceeds from sale of assets	 2,995		60,234		(57,239)		
Total revenues and other							
financing sources	 28,194,587		24,459,492		3,735,095		
Expenditures:	 _				_		
Personnel expense:							
Salaries, regular and part-time	6,206,464		6,182,774		23,690		
Payroll related taxes	455,775		448,741		7,034		
Employee insurance	1,246,185		1,150,467		95,718		
Workers' compensation	85,302		73,398		11,904		
Retirement	613,577		622,819		(9,242)		
Annual leave	423,987		270,139				
OPEB contribution	•		•		153,848		
	463,048		386,061		76,987		
Unemployment insurance	15,325		15,415		(90)		
Temporary help	5,346		29,160		(23,814)		
Employee assistance program	 2,079		2,033		46		
Total personnel expense	 9,517,088		9,181,007		336,081		
Office administration:							
General office supplies	75,366		48,773		26,593		
Records and maps	23,224		18,662		4,562		
Reproduction	4,983		7,371		(2,388)		
Office equipment maintenance	118,562		106,458		12,104		
Communications	40,658		36,754		3,904		
Postage	4,024		5,319		(1,295)		
Printing	2,694		3,886		(1,192)		
Courier service	 1,055		884		171		
Total office administration	 270,566		228,107		42,459		

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

	Ju	une 30,	June 30,		
		2021	 2020	\	/ariance
Expenditures, continued:					
Management support:					
Conferences and meetings	\$	6,634	\$ 37,382	\$	(30,748)
General management		73,306	64,159		9,147
Professional education		8,742	20,461		(11,719)
Total management support		88,682	122,002		(33,320)
Insurance:					
Employee bonding		1,554	1,554		-
Notary, trustee, and fiduciary		12,449	9,911		2,538
Directors' liability		9,686	8,714		972
Fire, theft, and office content		32,478	20,173		12,305
Automobile		25,927	22,877		3,050
General liability		164,659	148,134		16,525
Deductibles, settlements		12,000	19,255		(7,255)
Total insurance		258,753	 230,618		28,135
Professional services:					
Legal services		96,317	115,765		(19,448)
Accounting services		43,285	38,500		4,785
Computer support		878	878		-
Other professional services		18,955	26,942		(7,987)
Personnel services		1,870	4,454		(2,584)
Benefit administration		275			275
Total professional services		161,580	 186,539		(24,959)
Other administrative expense:					
Revenue collection expense		177,329	50,583		126,746
Directors' expense		21,692	34,108		(12,416)
Public information		10,162	12,311		(2,149)
Advertising		1,089	6,188		(5,099)
Service charges		-	2,199		(2,199)
Employee recognition expense		2,143	244		1,899
Miscellaneous expense		881	 879		2
Total other administrative					
expense		213,296	 106,512		106,784

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

	General Fund								
		June 30, June 30,							
		2021		2020		Variance			
Expenditures, continued:		_				_			
System operations and maintenance:									
Basin maintenance:									
Developed basin maintenance	\$	803,974	\$	764,153	\$	39,821			
Undeveloped basin maintenance		369,219		335,536		33,683			
Recharge maintenance		83,682		145,719		(62,037)			
Parks and recreation maintenance		63,697		41,269		22,428			
Winter operations		1,531		1,714		(183)			
Fence repair		112,140		83,381		28,759			
Pump operations/maintenance		233,360		191,811		41,549			
Drainline operations		86,116		55,521		30,595			
Flood control maintenance:									
Dam operations/maintenance		246,183		414,118		(167,935)			
Channel operations		289,536		239,424		50,112			
Detention basin operations		145,585		126,725		18,860			
Vehicle operations		134,064		111,580		22,484			
Vehicle repairs		33,851		27,419		6,432			
Vehicle supplies		2,499		5,263		(2,764)			
Operation expense		25,090		28,735		(3,645)			
Field equipment maintenance		22,372		47,836		(25,464)			
Warehouse expense		108		481		(373)			
Other operations expense		2,343		151		2,192			
Uniform expense		9,267		7,651		1,616			
Telemetry maintenance		14,147		8,081		6,066			
Environmental management:									
Environmental analysis		13,490		41,178		(27,688)			
Other environmental management		13,722		12,023		1,699			
Total system operations									
and maintenance		2,705,976		2,689,769		16,207			
Operations center expense:									
Utilities		105,378		108,757		(3,379)			
Building maintenance		102,375		75,001		27,374			
Landscape maintenance		23,748		28,847		(5,099)			
Repairs and rehabilitation		3,442		39,855		(36,413)			
Other operations center		1,048		4,455		(3,407)			
Total operations center expense		235,991		256,915		(20,924)			

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

	General Fund		
	June 30,	June 30,	
	2021	2020	Variance
Expenditures, continued:			
Storm water quality management			
expense:			
Consulting services	\$ -	\$ 261	\$ (261)
Municipal NPDES development	15,651	18,500	(2,849)
SWQM operations/maintenance	370,029	243,520	126,509
Municipal NPDES implementation	372,369	332,199	40,170
Industrial NPDES implementation	210	1,280	(1,070)
Total storm water quality			
management expense	758,259	595,760	162,499
Capital outlay:			
Operations center	917,426	7,793	909,633
Vehicles	-	105,924	(105,924)
Fuel and vehicle service systems	_	19,785	(19,785)
Computer hardware and software	44,276	46,296	(2,020)
Office equipment and furniture	6,581		6,581
Field equipment	40,028	_	40,028
Site improvement	16,909	29,924	(13,015)
one improvement			(13,013)
Total capital outlay	1,025,220	209,722	815,498
Total expenditures	15,235,411	13,806,951	1,428,460
Other uses:			
Transfers out	8,892,278	10,174,344	(1,282,066)
Total expenditures and			
other uses	24,127,689	23,981,295	146,394
Net change in fund balance	4,066,898	478,197	3,588,701
Fund balance, beginning of year	28,568,374	28,090,177	478,197
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 32,635,272	\$ 28,568,374	\$ 4,066,898



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, the budgetary comparative statement for the general fund and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2022.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

Fresno, California

January 18, 2022