#### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Directors
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, the budgetary comparative statement for the general fund and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2018, the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and Schedule of Plan Contributions - OPEB, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedules on pages 62 and 63 include the effects of recording a liability to developers in the special revenue PPDA Trust Fund. Most of this liability is not actually payable from the fund assets at June 30, 2018, instead it may be paid over the next 20 years from future receipts. Management internally treats this as a true liability despite not being recognized as such by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Developers will only be paid when the improvements, which were financed by the developers, are later reimbursed by the District from future fees collected in that drainage area that are eligible under District ordinances to reimburse the developers. The schedules also include the gross amount of contracts payable for awarded contracts rather than presenting the liability net of the percent incomplete, as required by generally accepted accounting principles.

The District internally treats all contracts in gross amount as awarded by the Board of Directors as a liability the current resources will be used to pay. These schedules are presented by the District to show these gross amounts for users of the financial statements.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

Fresno, California January 15, 2019

### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2018

This section of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District's (the District) Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview of the District and its programs along with an analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information presented in our financial statements.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The District is a "special act" district, created by the electorate to provide fully coordinated and comprehensive stormwater management and related services on a regional basis through a quasi-joint powers relationship among the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno.

In the following sections, the mission, history, and organization of the District are presented, as well as an overview of District services and programs.

#### **GOAL AND MISSION OF THE DISTRICT**

The mission of the District is to control and manage the flood, storm, and surface and groundwater resources of the area, so as to prevent damage, injury, and inconvenience; to conserve such waters for

local, domestic, and agricultural use; and to maximize the public use and benefit of the District's programs and infrastructure.

The District is a service agency created by and for the benefit of the community. Its goal is to meet the flood control, drainage, and water resources management needs of its constituency, while adhering to high standards of performance, environmental sensitivity, economic efficiency, and maximization of public benefit.

The District works to address stormwater and related water resource problems and needs, while seeking to prevent the creation of new problems. The District strives to achieve these goals within the reasonable time and economic parameters established through collective community



McKinley and Fairfax 1962

discussion and decision-making as entrusted to the District Board of Directors. As a service agency, it is the District's responsibility to respond to the community's needs for technical information; resources conservation; and facility construction, operation, and maintenance.

#### **DISTRICT HISTORY**

The District exists as a direct creation of the electorate of the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area. Until June 5, 1956, the responsibility for stormwater management and related functions was vested individually in the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno. Until that time, stormwater management generally consisted of independent, site-specific actions intended only to alleviate individual problem locations, but failing to create comprehensive solutions. In response to the rapidly increasing number of stormwater management problems and the inability of the three independent jurisdictions to provide an effective, coordinated solution, a citizens' committee formed to explore alternatives.

The result of the citizens' efforts was draft legislation creating a "special act" district designed to mandate a quasi-joint powers relationship among the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno, which would provide the desired stormwater management services. The act is known as the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Act of 1955 (the District Act) and was signed into law on May 13, 1955. The District Act became law on September 17, 1955, subject to voter approval. On June 5, 1956, the District Act was ratified by a fiveto-one majority vote (32,030 voting in favor, 5,974 voting in opposition) and was established as Chapter 73 of the California Water Code appendix. Additional information is available from the District's web site at www.fresnofloodcontrol.org.



Downtown 1925

#### **OVERVIEW OF DISTRICT SERVICES AND PROGRAMS**

#### **District Service Area**

The District is located in the north-central portion of Fresno County between the San Joaquin and Kings rivers. The District is authorized to control stormwaters within an urban and rural foothill watershed of approximately 400 square miles, known as the Fresno County Stream Group. The watershed extends eastward into the Sierra Nevada to an elevation of approximately 4,500 feet above sea level. The District service area includes most of the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area (excluding the community of Easton), and unincorporated lands to the east and northeast.



For the purposes of program planning, structure, service delivery, and financing, a distinction is made between flood control and local drainage services. The flood control program relates to the control, containment, and safe disposal of stormwaters that flow onto the valley floor from the eastern streams. The local drainage program relates to the collection and safe disposal of stormwater runoff generated within the urban and rural watersheds or "drainage areas." These and other major District programs are introduced below and described in detail in the District's Service Plan. All are closely integrated and coordinated to provide efficient, comprehensive services. Collectively, these facilities comprise the "Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan."

Basin D on Forkner Ave.

#### **Flood Control Program**



Redbank Creek Reservoir, Fresno County

The District's flood control program consists of a system of facilities and operations which control the flows from several low-elevation streams that drain a part of the west slope of the Sierra Nevada between the San Joaquin and Kings rivers. These streams are collectively referred to as the Fresno County Stream Group. The system is currently composed of eight major flood control facilities and many related streams and channel features. The District is the local sponsor of

the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps) Redbank-Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project, which consists of five of the system's major facilities. Through its contract with the federal government, the District is responsible for construction costs sharing, land acquisition,

operation, and maintenance of the Redbank-Fancher Creeks project. The District is also responsible for construction, operation, and maintenance of additional, non-federal flood control facilities required to control the stream group, and for flood plain management.

#### **Rural Streams Program**

Between the easterly boundary of the planned urban stormwater drainage system and the District's eastern boundary, there are approximately 175 miles of streams and channels, many of which are severely obstructed. The District has implemented the rural streams program to preserve, restore, and maintain these channels, and to complete any additional facilities necessary to safely convey storm flows through the rural area and the downstream urban area. The rural streams program includes activities to secure and maintain drainage amenities necessary for rural lands within the watershed.

#### **Local Stormwater Drainage Program**

The District's local stormwater drainage system consists of storm drains, detention and retention basins, and pump stations, some of which discharge to irrigation canals, creeks, and the San Joaquin River. The system is designed to retain and infiltrate as much runoff as possible. The District's Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan includes 166 adopted or proposed drainage areas, each providing service to approximately one to two square miles. All but five of the developed drainage areas are served by a retention or detention facility. Local drainage services include topographic mapping; Master Plan engineering and facility design; system construction, operation, and maintenance; and engineering design services to ensure adequate drainage for new development.

#### **Stormwater Quality Management Program**

In compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act and implementing stormwater permit regulations, the District and four other local public agencies (County of Fresno, City of Fresno, City of Clovis, and CSU Fresno) developed a Stormwater Quality Management Program to be implemented in the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area. The program proposal was submitted to the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) as a part of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program (NPDES) municipal stormwater permit process. The RWQCB incorporated into the permit specific program requirements, including best management practices to prevent and reduce stormwater pollutants. The NPDES permit was originally issued to the participating agencies in September 1994, and was renewed in March 2001, May 2013, and again in May 2018.

As owner and operator of the stormwater drainage system serving the metropolitan area, the District has primary responsibility for implementing this mandated program. The Stormwater Quality Management Program includes specific pollution prevention and control practices for urban drainage system planning, design, construction, and maintenance. The program also includes public education to prevent stormwater pollution, municipal operations control measures, commercial and industrial control measures, illicit discharges control measures, and control measures associated with planning and land development. The program also includes monitoring to assess stormwater impacts on receiving water and methodologies to evaluate the effectiveness of targeted best management practices; and development and implementation of ordinances to effect and enforce stormwater quality controls.

#### **Water Conservation Program**

Water conservation benefits are a design objective of the Flood Control and Urban Drainage Systems, which detain and retain stormwater runoff for groundwater recharge. The District also maintains groundwater recharge contracts with the Fresno Irrigation District (FID) and the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, which provide for dry season delivery of imported surface water into many of the District's local stormwater drainage retention basins. Through cooperative agreements with the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, the District continually investigates the feasibility of building additional interties between the surface water channels and basins, and otherwise expanding the system, to increase the system's water conservation capabilities. When practical, the District will irrigate with surface water to preserve higher quality water for commercial or industrial use.

#### **Recreation Program**

The District includes landscaping of urban basin sites with turf, trees, and irrigation systems as part of the improvements in the drainage system. The landscaping stabilizes the soil, adds a green and open space area with aesthetic appeal, and provides the opportunity for recreational activities. Basins in residential areas are designed with depths and slopes that permit large open basin floors to be landscaped and available for passive or active recreational activities. Non-residential basins are

designed with depths and slopes that are not accommodative to public access. These basins are only landscaped around the top perimeter and are not available for recreational access. The basins in residential areas are made available for recreational use during the dry weather season and are commonly used for public open space, playing fields, and other organized and unorganized recreation. Organized recreation is controlled by the District through facility use agreements. The District has cooperated with the Cities of Fresno and Clovis to provide active recreational features, such as baseball fields and playgrounds. The District has improved three sites with recreational features specifically designed for use by physically challenged citizens.



Oso De Oro Park, Basin "D"

#### Wildlife Management Program

The District's flood control and urban stormwater drainage programs provide benefits to wildlife. The District's flood control reservoirs and rural streams provide riparian habitat for many birds and other



Canada Geese

animals. Through implementation of a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), which serves as a section 1601 Master Streambed Alteration Agreement between the District and the Department of Fish & Game (DFG), authorized rural stream activities, including channel flow capacity restoration, are intended to accomplish long-term net benefits for fish, wildlife, water quality, native plants, and stream habitat. Furthermore, the Master MOU provides for wildlife habitat improvement to be incorporated comprehensively into District stream restoration projects in lieu of imposing incremental requirements on a project-by-project basis, and results in a net benefit to wildlife and habitat.

The District has also designated three areas at its reservoirs as existing or potential wildlife habitat. Many urban retention basins also provide wildlife benefits. The District has implemented the wildlife program to conserve and enhance habitats in its facilities, and to provide related environmental education and awareness opportunities to the public.

#### **DISTRICT ORGANIZATION**

#### **District Board of Directors**

A seven-member Board of Directors (the Board) governs the District. The Fresno City Council appoints four members; the Fresno County Board of Supervisors appoints two members; and the Clovis City Council appoints one member. Each director serves a 4-year term and may be re-appointed for consecutive terms. Board meetings normally occur on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. The Board must approve the District budget, fees and assessments, direct matters of policy and enact ordinances, and perform other responsibilities authorized and required by the District Act.

#### **Assets**

The District's physical assets consist of the flood control and local drainage structures and real property, the operations center, and equipment. With the completion of the District's system of flood control

facilities, the flows of the stream group will be controlled by eight major flood control structures (dams, reservoirs, and detention basins) and other appurtenant facilities. The five major components of the system initially constructed with the Corps of Engineers as the Redbank-Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project was completed in December 1993 at a total cost of \$67,004,005.

As of June 30, 2018, the District had invested \$76,037,526 for land and \$300,177,094 for infrastructure building the Local Stormwater Drainage System. This value represents the actual costs at the time of construction, and does not reflect the current value of the system to the community.

#### **Revenue Sources and Financing**

The financing program of the District includes five major categories of revenues. These include (1) general property tax; (2) assessments; (3) capital construction contributions by other public agencies; (4) fees and service charges; and (5) grants. In addition to these, the District receives minor miscellaneous revenues such as rents and leases, interest, and an occasional gift. The general authority to receive or collect such revenues is set forth in the District's enabling legislation, other state legislation under which the District is an eligible participant, and through joint powers relationships in which the District participates.

#### **Organizational Structure and Functions**

#### **District Personnel**

For the fiscal year 2017-2018, the Board of Directors authorized 78 full-time positions. Organizational functions are separated into two primary divisions: administration and engineering. The General Manager-Secretary, District Engineer, and support staff performs District administration. Major administrative functions include accounting, assessment collection, office management and clerical support, land acquisition, legal services, community relations, information systems, and environmental resources management.

District engineering functions include system master planning, design, construction, development review, and facility operations and maintenance. These duties are performed by staff engineering personnel, consultants, and contractors under the direction of the District General Manager-Secretary through the District Engineer.

System operations and maintenance activities involve District field staff that monitor all facility operations, perform pump maintenance and equipment repairs, facilitate water diversions and deliveries, and investigate illegal dumping and nuisance complaints related to the storm drain system. Field staff monitors the performance of contractors that provide maintenance services and direct maintenance crews that perform pipeline system cleaning on a contract basis to the District. Field staff also performs inspections of all construction projects to ensure conformance to District design and construction standards.

District engineering staff performs master plan and design engineering for the rural streams system, reviews and comments on development entitlement applications within the District boundaries, and directs the master planning and design engineering of the urban storm drainage systems performed by the District's consultants. Staff administers the Drainage Fee Ordinance of the three land use entitlement agencies (City of Fresno, County of Fresno, and the City of Clovis) and administers a system of reimbursements for developers who advance facility construction in excess of their drainage fee obligation.

#### **Outsourcing to Private Contractors and Consultants**

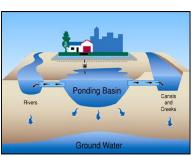
The District contracts with private entities for many administrative, environmental, and engineering services; for most maintenance services; and for all appraisal and construction services. Legal services and legislative review are performed through an agreement with private legal counsel. Community relations activities and many environmental resources planning and compliance activities are performed through professional service contracts. Master plan design engineering is performed by staff plus private engineering firms under professional service contracts. Maintenance of all dams, reservoirs, basins, pipeline systems, and all construction activity are contracted with private enterprise entities. Approximately \$8 million in expenditures were outsourced during the current fiscal year.

#### Storm Drainage System

The Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan includes a five-year construction schedule which includes projects managed on a priority basis. The urban Master Plan calls for the construction of basin facilities with an interconnected network of underground pipes and above ground conveyance facilities. The Master Plan is subdivided into 173 urban drainage areas and rural watersheds. Each drainage area has at least one basin, and a network of underground pipelines. In recent years, pump stations and telemetry have been added to basin sites to improve the efficiency of moving stormwater through the system.

# 50%





Ponding basins vary in size from the smallest 4.2 acre site at Basin "CC" to 33 acres for Basin "DP".

"CAST IN PLACE" PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION





The drainage system is comprised of pipes with widths as large as 96 inches and as small as 15 inches.

#### CONSTRUCTION OF A PUMP STATION













#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT							
STATE	MENT	OF NET POSIT	ION				
	Jı	une 30, 2018		Change	J	une 30, 2017	
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments	\$	24,723,294	\$	3,765,999	\$	20,957,295	
Receivables		2,919,010		444,947		2,474,063	
Restricted Cash		46,521,640		6,330,006		40,191,634	
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)		273,273,387		(1,080,147)		274,353,534	
Total Assets		347,437,331		9,460,805	-	337,976,526	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							
Deferred Outflows - OPEB		95,296		95,296		-	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:		3,666,186		21,658		3,644,528	
Non-Current Liabilities:							
Due within One Year		1,566,332		(730,577)		2,296,909	
Due in More Than One Year		12,148,654		(1,792,257)		13,940,911	
Total Liabilities		17,381,172		(2,501,176)	-	19,882,348	
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
Deferred Inflows - OPEB		1,617,505		1,617,505		-	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets		261,352,435		344,551		261,007,884	
Restricted for:							
Debt Service		1,263,106		(567,811)		1,830,917	
Construction		41,662,618		6,117,759		35,544,859	
Unrestricted		24,255,791		4,545,273	-	19,710,518	
Total Net Position	\$	328,533,950	\$	10,439,772	\$	318,094,178	

#### **Statement of Net Position-Total Assets**

The total assets of the District increased \$9,460,805 from the prior year. Capital assets decreased \$1,080,147 net of depreciation. Non-Capital assets, which are comprised of cash and receivables on hand at the end of the fiscal period, increased \$10,540,952. The District saw an increase in receivables of \$444,947, and in restricted and unrestricted cash on hand of \$10,096,005.

#### **Statement of Net Position-Total Liabilities**

As of the end of the year, total liabilities decreased \$2,501,176. Current liabilities increased \$21,658. Non-current liabilities decreased \$2,522,834 from the prior year.

#### **Statement of Net Position-Net Position**

As of the end of the year, assets exceeded liabilities by \$328,533,950 (net position). Unrestricted Net Position increased \$4,545,273 to \$24,255,791 and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Restricted Net Position, which may only be used for construction or debt service, increased by \$5,549,948. The Net Investment in Capital Assets increased \$344,551 to \$261,352,435.

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION							
		ne Year Ending ine 30, 2018		Change		he Year Ending une 30, 2017	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	1,941,865	\$	(431,597)	\$	2,373,462	
Capital Grants and Contributions		8,880,607		715,685		8,164,922	
Total Program Revenues		10,822,472		284,088		10,538,384	
General Revenues							
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes		11,965,054		849,179		11,115,875	
Assessment Tax, Levied for Specific Benefit		8,256,262		13,798		8,242,464	
Investment Earnings and Rental Revenue		1,405,214		590,625		814,589	
Gain on Disposal of Assets		3,079		1,345		1,734	
Miscellaneous		135,307		(23,379)		158,686	
Total General Revenues		21,764,916		1,431,568		20,333,348	
Total Revenues		32,587,388		1,715,656		30,871,732	
Functions and Programs							
Flood Control System		8,819,253		88,295		8,730,958	
General Government		10,819,334		16,726		10,802,608	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		499,773		(35,012)		534,785	
Total Functions and Programs		20,138,360		70,009		20,068,351	
Change in Net Position		12,449,028		1,645,647		10,803,381	
Net Position - Beginning		318,094,178		10,823,241		307,270,937	
Prior Period Adjustment		(2,009,256)		(2,029,116)		19,860	
Net Position - Ending	\$	328,533,950	\$	10,439,772	\$	318,094,178	

#### **Changes in Net Position**

Net position increased \$1,645,647 more than the prior year for a net increase of \$10,439,772. Revenues increased \$1,715,656 primarily due to an increase in Capital Grants and Contributions of \$715,685, an increase of \$849,179 in Property Tax Revenues and an increase in Investment Earnings and Rental Revenue of \$590,625. Total Functions and Program Expenses increased \$70,009, due to an increase of Flood Control Systems of \$88,295.

#### **Governmental Funds-Fund Balance Reporting Requirements**

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 requires all governmental entities to implement changes to governmental fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 54 requires that the new requirements must be implemented for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2010. It changes the presentation of the elements of the fund balance. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarified the definitions of special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, and their relationship to the General Fund. GASB Statement No. 54 challenges norms that have been in place since fiscal year 2002. Listed are the Fund Balance Categories:

- Nonspendable fund balances are balances in permanent funds. This could apply to nonrestricted long-term receivables.
- **Restricted** fund balances are legally enforceable requirements that the resources can only be used for specific purposes enumerated in the law. This would apply to the District's Debt Service and Special Revenue Funds (PPDA).
  - **Committed** fund balances are balances that the District's Board has approved for construction for the fiscal year. This would apply to the District's Capital Project Fund.
- **Assigned** fund balances are amounts intended for a specific purpose by the government entities management team. This would apply to general obligations including payroll and overhead expenses in the District's General Fund.
- **Unassigned** fund balances are amounts available for any purpose. They are not precluded by a management decision in the General Fund.

The fund balance categories focus largely on the nature of inflows in relation to laws and management decisions. Reserves will no longer be presented, nor will encumbrances, in the fund financial statements. Reserves are either renamed as restricted, committed, or assigned balances.

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT						
BALANCE SHE	ET-G	OVERNMENTA	L FUI	NDS		
	Ju	ine 30, 2018		Change	Jı	une 30, 2017
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	24,723,294	\$	3,765,999	\$	20,957,295
Receivable:						
Taxes		-		(9,281)		9,281
Developer		(8,400)		(22,615)		14,215
Fees and Charges		18,936		(996,164)		1,015,100
Interest		326,683		301,905		24,778
Other		2,137,076		736,202		1,400,874
Due from Other Funds		863,939		(245,584)		1,109,523
Restricted Cash		46,521,640		6,330,006		40,191,634
Total Assets	\$	74,583,168	\$	9,860,468	\$	64,722,700
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	2,865,175	\$	(17,860)	\$	2,883,035
Contracts Payable (See Supplemental						
Schedule on Pg. 64)		580,009		83,063		496,946
Salaries Payable		221,002		(4,785)		225,787
Developer Reimbursements		-		(38,760)		38,760
Due to Other Funds		863,939		(245,584)		1,109,523
Total Liabilities		4,530,125		(223,926)		4,754,051
Deferred Inflows:						
Deferred inflow from grantors		2,137,022		1,744,665		392,357
Fund Balances:						
Restricted:						
Debt Service		1,263,106		(567,811)		1,830,917
Drainage Assessments		15,602,412		1,160,495		14,441,917
Committed:						
Construction		26,060,206		4,957,264		21,102,942
Assigned:						
General Obligations		7,611,544		272,974		7,338,570
Unassigned:		17,378,753		3,525,324		13,853,429
Total Fund Balances		67,916,021		9,348,246		58,567,775
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
and Fund Balances	\$	74,583,168	\$	10,868,985	\$	63,714,183

#### **Fund Balance-Governmental Funds**

As of June 30, 2018, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$67,916,021, an increase of \$9,348,246. Total assets increased \$9,860,468 for the period. Unrestricted cash and investments and liquidity increased \$3,765,999 during the period.

### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES- GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		e Year Ending ne 30, 2018		Change		ne Year Ending une 30, 2017
Revenues						00, _011
Taxes and subventions	\$	11,965,054	\$	849,179	\$	11,115,875
Assessment tax revenue	*	8,256,262	*	13,798	•	8,242,464
Drainage fees - cash		3,532,976		(725,233)		4,258,209
Drainage fees - noncash		1,953,266		1,238,578		714,688
Fees and charges for services		1,941,865		(431,597)		2,373,462
Interest and rental revenue		1,405,214		590,625		814,589
Grants, loans, and contributions		2,223,317		22,029		2,201,288
Miscellaneous		135,307		(23,379)		158,686
Total Revenues		31,413,261		1,534,000		29,879,261
Expenditures						
Personnel expense		9,455,115		937,366		8,517,749
Office administration		202,366		3,137		199,229
Management support		87,209		5,568		81,641
Insurance		192,467		26,320		166,147
Professional services		135,114		(37,736)		172,850
Other administrative expense		1,814,704		458,271		1,356,433
System operations and maintenance		2,170,768		84,540		2,086,228
Operations center expense		248,323		43,258		205,065
Storm water quality management expense		582,654		(76,205)		658,859
Capital outlay		5,243,177		(72,223)		5,315,400
Debt service		1,936,197		(3,187)		1,939,384
Total Expenditures		22,068,094		1,369,109		20,698,985
Excess (Defiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		9,345,167		164,891		9,180,276
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In		10,708,637		(1,491,248)		12,199,885
Transfers Out		(10,708,637)		1,491,248		(12,199,885)
Proceeds from sale of assets		3,079		1,345		1,734
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,079		1,345		1,734
Net Change in Fund Balances		9,348,246		166,236		9,182,010
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		58,567,775		9,201,870		49,365,905
Prior Period Adjustment	-	<u> </u>		(19,860)		19,860
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	67,916,021	\$	9,348,246	\$	58,567,775

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The statements are comprised of four components:

- 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements
- 2) Fund Financial Statements
- 3) Notes to Financial Statements
- 4) Supplementary Information

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of District finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- ❖ The <u>Statement of Net Position</u>, which is similar to a Balance Sheet, presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.
- The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, instead of when the related cash flows in or out. Revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as the collection of year-end Accounts Receivable or the payment of year-end Accounts Payable.
- ❖ The governmental activities or programs of the District include general government, flood control system, and interest on long-term debt.

**Fund Financial Statements** are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the District are *governmental funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of each fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the District's projects and operations.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund's <u>Balance Sheet</u> and the governmental fund's <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund Balances</u> provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between <u>Governmental Funds</u> and <u>Governmental Activities</u>.

The <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual-General Fund</u> provides a comparison to the adopted budget and the activities of the General Fund.

#### Governmental Fund Structure:

The District maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general, debt service, capital project, and an expendable trust fund). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund's Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for each of these funds.

#### General Fund:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. Generally, all revenue resources are recorded in the General Fund and allocated to the Capital Project Fund or Debt Service Fund by Board action through its adopted Budget. These allocated resources are transferred as the resources become available.

#### Special Revenue Fund (Drainage Fees):

This fund is an expendable trust fund that is used to account for Developer Impact fees (Drainage Fees) received from the development community. These fees, commonly called Assembly Bill (AB) 1600 fees, are used to pay for the construction of Master Planned Facilities either by the Developer or the District. A trust account has been established for each planned local drainage area. As drainage fees are received, they are deposited in this fund and are allocated to the appropriate planned local drainage areas. The ending fund balance is restricted by statute. Expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Reporting of fund balance, revenue, and expenditure activity is done monthly, quarterly, and yearly.

These resources are restricted and may only be used to:

- a. Construct drainage facilities,
- b. Reimburse Developers for obligations resulting from construction activity,
- c. Pay for debt service obligations whose funds were used exclusively to purchase or build planned facilities,
- d. Reimburse construction expenditures of the General Fund for construction in a specific planned local drainage area,
- e. Reimburse Developer Construction Agreement administrative costs, or
- f. Reimburse the General Fund for engineering costs for Master Plan engineering related development services.

#### Capital Project Fund:

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources to be used to construct Master Plan capital facilities. Funding comes from the General Fund. The District Budget allocates resources in this fund to support the Capital Project construction program for all planned drainage areas of the master plan and rural facilities. This fund includes a number of sub-funds with resources for specific projects. The ending fund balance is restricted by Board action for use for capital facilities only.

#### Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all Debt Service. Funding comes from the General Fund. The Debt Service Fund includes resources for the debt service payments for the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan and the State of California revolving loan that were used to purchase or construct Master Planned facilities. As of the end of the fiscal year, there were sufficient resources to make loan payments during the first six months of the next fiscal year.

\* **Notes to the Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Combining Fund Financial Statements** provide information for the major governmental funds, and are presented following the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Combining Balance Sheet - Debt Service Fund**

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Debt Service Fund

These statements present the fiscal year activities and the resources available as of June 30, 2018, for the obligations of the District's Debt Service Fund. Debt service accounts for the State of California revolving loan and the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan are part of this fund.

#### Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Project Fund - Project Areas

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Capital Project Fund – Project Areas

These statements present the fiscal year activities and the resources available as of June 30, 2018, for the obligations of the District's Capital Project Funds. Each of the sub funds show resources currently allocated and available for construction activity in those project areas.

#### **Supplementary Schedules** include:

#### Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund

This schedule compares actual results to the final adopted budget.

### Schedule of Combined Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability) and Schedule of Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability)

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), requires the use of the percentage of completion method for capital construction projects, which reduces the year-end liability for outstanding construction contracts of \$2,131,539 by \$1,551,530 (the amount that is not yet complete). GAAP also precludes the District from recording as a liability of its Special Revenue Fund, the liability due to the development community of \$8,058,925 for amounts owed by it because of the contingent nature of that liability. It is contingent, as the reimbursement obligation from the Special Revenue Fund to the developers, because the repayment obligation expires after 20 years. Payments are made semi-annually to the Development Community based upon the current collection of fees. Management presents this schedule as the GAAP adjustment materially increases the ending fund balance and understates the potential obligations of the District as of the end of the fiscal year. The purpose of this statement is to show the financial obligations and financial impact on the District's governmental funds as though these rules did not exist. Management believes this reflects a better picture of the liabilities due from its operations.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Current Year vs. Prior Year - General Fund

This schedule compares actual results for the current year to the actual results of the prior year. It is not intended to show compliance with the budget, but to show how the results for the current year compare to the results of the prior year.

#### Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Current Year vs. Prior Year - General Fund

This schedule is a line by line detail of the previous schedule.

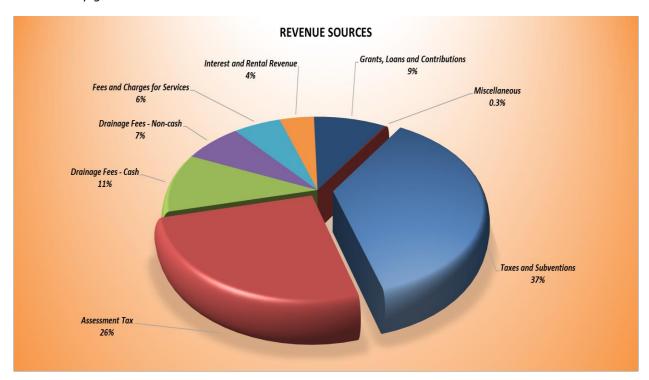
#### **ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

#### **REVENUES**

#### **Property Tax Revenue Loss:**

After the passage of Proposition (Prop) 13 in 1978, the California legislature enacted legislation that changed the allocation and apportionment of property tax revenues to local governments and public schools. In 1978-79 to help local government deal with the significant revenue loss associated with Prop 13, the State offered agencies bail-out funds. For those agencies, like the District, who took bailout funds in 1978-79, the State, in 1979-80, converted the bail-out funds to property tax allocations by reducing property taxes allocated to local education and re-allocating those property taxes to local government. From 1980 through 1992, those property taxes grew based upon a formula developed by the State called the "AB-8" formula. The AB-8 legislation was designed to provide local agencies and public schools with a property tax base that would grow as assessed property values increased. Under that formula, property tax allocations were comprised of a base amount (which is equal to the amount of property taxes received in the prior fiscal year) and a proportionate share of any incremental growth (which is the growth or reduction in the property taxes from one year to the next). Beginning in fiscal year 1992-93, the legislature enacted legislation that shifted a portion of local property tax revenues from local public agencies back to the public schools to meet the State's Proposition 98 mandates. This legislation was known as the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund or "ERAF." In 1992-93, the District lost \$1,475,500 of its base property tax revenue to ERAF. In 1993-94, the State enacted legislation titled ERAF II that limited the ERAF I computation to the current value of the property taxes allocated to local government from schools in 1979-80. In 2003-04, the legislature enacted a two year amendment to the ERAF formula called ERAF III. For the two fiscal years 2004-05 and 2005-06, an additional \$438,197 of District property tax revenues was shifted to schools. In 2004, the District discovered an error in the computation of the original 1992-93 ERAF I and 1993-94 ERAF II. This error was verified by the audit staff of the State Controller's office and determined to be a loss of \$633,000. After working with the Fresno County Auditor-Controller's Office and the State Controller's office, it was determined the only way to correct this error was through legislation. In 2007, Juan Arambula introduced AB 263 which was designed to fix the error. The bill received endorsement from local Assembly and Senate Republicans and Democrats and was signed into law on October 11, 2007. As of fiscal year 2017-18, the District's ERAF contribution has grown to an annual revenue loss of \$6,250,605.

Total revenues were \$31,416,338 with General Fund revenues of \$24,160,025, PPDA revenues of \$6,753,566, Capital Project revenues of \$483,613, and Debt Service revenues of \$19,136. Miscellaneous includes any gain or loss on sale of assets.



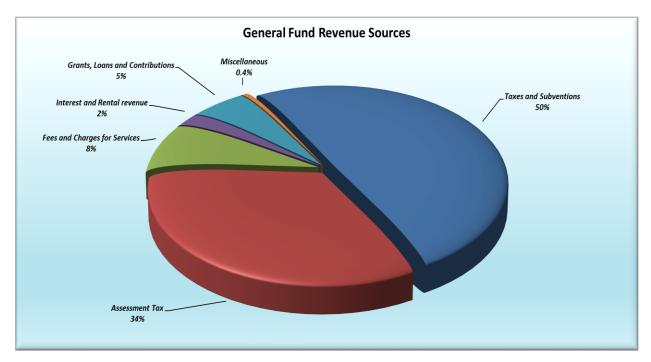
#### **Property Tax Revenues:**

Property Tax Revenues, net of the ERAF shift, comprise 50% of the District's General Fund revenues and 37% of the District's total revenues. Property taxes are based upon the District's proportionate share of Fresno County's ad-valorem property tax. The District receives about 1.5% of the total countywide property tax revenue collected by the County of Fresno through property tax assessment rolls prepared by the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's office.

Property tax revenues are recorded in the General Fund. This category includes current secured taxes, current unsecured taxes, current collections of unsecured taxes for prior periods, any supplemental taxes, and subventions received from the State and allocated by the County of Fresno to the District and homeowners' relief.

#### **Assessments:**

Assessment Revenues comprise 26% of the District's total revenue, 34% of the General Fund revenue. Of the assessment revenue, approximately 14% (approximately \$1.2 million) is earmarked for debt service for our California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB) loan. Assessment tax revenues are recorded in the General Fund.



#### **Interest and Rental Revenue:**

Interest revenue is recorded in all funds while rental revenues are recorded only in the General Fund.

#### **Fees and Charges for Services:**

Fees and Charges are recorded in the General Fund. This income category includes charges for Non-Conforming Facilities; Master Plan Engineering Fees; Excavation Permits; reimbursements for recharge maintenance; PPDA Administration Fees; and other miscellaneous fees, charges, and income.

#### **Drainage Fees:**

Drainage Fees are recorded only in the Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund." A cash fee is collected and recorded when the fee charged exceeds any construction requirement. An in lieu or non-cash fee is recorded when a developer constructs qualifying master planned facilities and those costs are deducted from the cash fee owed.

#### **Grants, Loans, and Construction Contributions:**

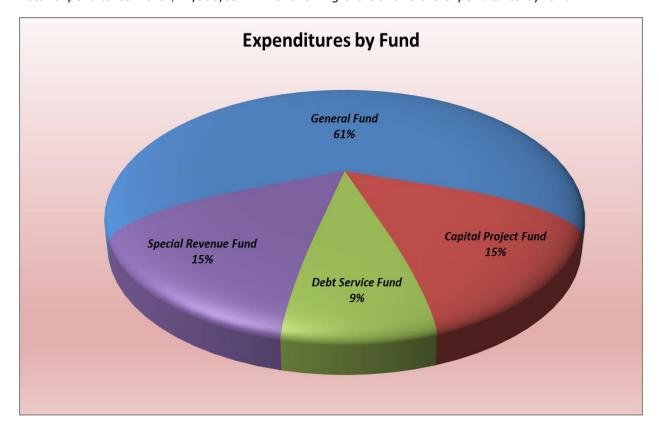
Grants and construction contributions are both recorded in multiple Funds. General Fund activity primarily reflects contributions and grants from other public agencies, while Developers make up the primary contributors of capital in the Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund." General Fund grant income is recorded on a reimbursement basis. Revenue is recognized on the accrual basis. Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund" contribution revenues represent the value of contributions by Developers of master plan facilities through the developer agreement process. These contributions do not create expendable resources.

#### Other Financing Sources-Operating Transfers In:

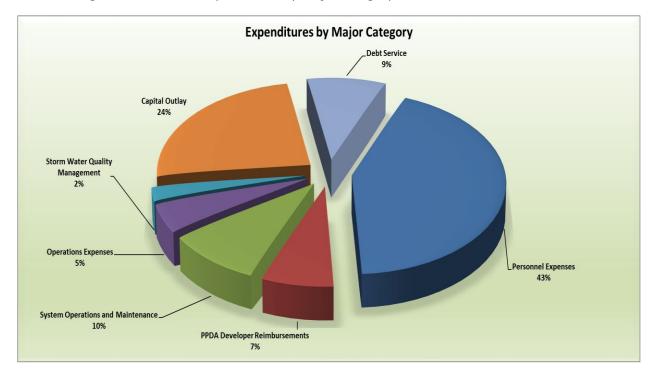
Operating Transfers represent the movement of cash from one fund to another. The Capital Project Fund is funded primarily from resources of the Special Revenue "PPDA Trust Fund" and allocations by the Board of available resources in the General Fund. The Debt Service Fund is funded primarily from the General Fund.

#### **EXPENDITURES**

Total expenditures were \$22,068,094. The following chart shows the expenditures by fund.



The following chart shows the expenditures by major category.



#### PERSONNEL, SERVICES, AND SUPPLIES

- Personnel Expense represents all costs related to personnel including salaries, benefits, workers' compensation insurance, retirement plans, and temporary services. It represents 43% of total expenditures and was under budget approximately 7%.
- Operations Expense represents all operational expenses including liability insurance, office administration expenses, legal expenses, and supplies. It represents 5% of total expenditures and was under budget approximately 15%.
- Systems Operations and Maintenance includes all expenditures for maintaining the urban and rural drainage facilities. It represents 10% of total expenditures and was approximately 21% under budget. Maintenance expenditures vary based upon how the weather impacts the full implementation of the program.
- Stormwater Quality Management Expense represents those costs associated with the implementation of our NPDES permit. This account group represents 2% of total expenditures and was approximately 34% under budget.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

On June 30, 2018, the District had total loans outstanding of \$11.8 million as compared to \$12.5 million in the prior year. The major components of this balance is our California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan.

❖ CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK LOAN totaled \$20,000,000 and was used exclusively for infrastructure construction in an older area of the City of Fresno (Drainage Areas "II" & "RR"). As of June 30, 2010, the entire loan had been funded. Annual debt service payments are about \$1.2 million. A principal and interest payment is due each August and interest only payments are due each February. The remaining principal balance due as of June 30, 2017, was \$11,812,164. The final payment is due July 30, 2030.

#### **Other Long-Term Debt**

As of June 30, 2018, other long-term debt totaled \$1,261,319 and included \$1,152,531 in compensated absences and \$108,788 to the City of Fresno.

- Compensated Absences are the value of accumulated annual leave as of June 30, 2018. Employees can accumulate up to 100 days of service. Any accumulation of annual leave in excess of 100 days is paid out annually.
- Advance from the City of Fresno: The City of Fresno advanced the District \$175,000 without interest to assist in the construction of drainage facilities in drainage areas "KK", "LL", and "AW". The City has agreed to contribute the remaining loan balance of \$108,788 to the District as their share of the Economic Development Administration Grant.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

- Net OPEB Liability is the actuarial value required to be accrued per GASB Statement No. 75 (see the Notes to the Financial Statements).
- ❖ For employees hired before May 8, 2013, the District subsidizes the health insurance cost for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District pays 50% of the "full benefit" for employees with more than 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service. The employees who retire after the age of 55 with more than 15 years of service receive a "full benefit".
- Employees hired after May 8, 2013 who retire after age 60 and have completed 15 years of service are eligible to receive a "full benefit".

**The Full Benefit:** There are two tiers of employee health benefits.

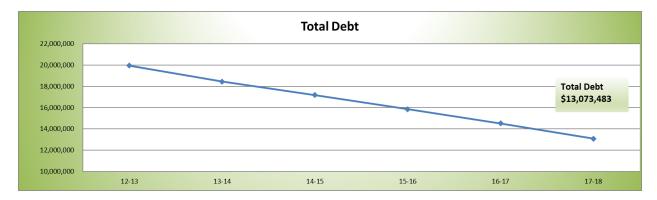
- ❖ For employees hired prior to July 1, 1988, the District pays either 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance or 60% of the cost of the employee plus dependents premium.
- ❖ For those employees hired after July 1, 1988 the District pays 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance plus 60% of the cost of the additional dependent's premium.

The District's Board of Directors is committed to fully fund the OPEB liability, so it established a Trust fund and has made regular deposits to fund the OPEB liability. As of June 30, 2018, the Total Liability is \$5,216,336 which includes the implicit liability (see below), with the District being 92.27% funded with a cash balance of \$4,812,958. The new annual required contribution is \$495,412. In addition, the Board of Directors has elected to continue to pay the retiree health premiums in addition to making annual contributions to the Trust fund. The contribution this year, including the payment of retiree health benefits and a Board of Directors approved additional payment of \$700,000, was \$1,308,671.

The required actuarial computation includes an "Implicit Liability." This is that portion of the actuarial assumed liability related to the cost difference between an age based plan and a non-aged based plan. Aged based plans are uncommon in the public sector so as long as the District maintains a non-aged based plan, this implicit liability will never be realized. As of June 30, 2018, the unfunded liability of \$403,378 included an implicit liability component of \$196,767.

#### **Chart of Historical Total Long-Term Debt**

Long-term debt was used primarily to finance the acquisition of land for basin sites and for the construction of the drainage system. The increase in long-term debt beginning in 2001 is primarily the result of a new \$20 million loan for the construction of the drainage system in Drainage Areas "II" and "RR".



#### **Chart of Historical Debt Service**

As of June 30, 2018, all loans had been fully funded. Debt service will experience a sharp decrease to about \$1.2 million a year beginning 2018-19. The annual debt service for 2017-18 was \$1,936,196, which included the final payment on the last remaining State Revolving Fund loan.



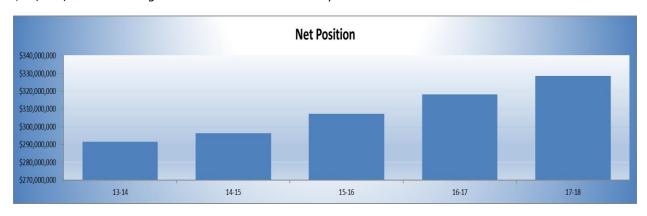
#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

**Capital Assets:** The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2018, amounted to \$273,273,387 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, easements, infrastructure, structures and improvements, equipment, and construction in progress. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current period is \$5,243,177. Current period depreciation is \$6,262,024. Retirements/ Adjustments of assets totaled \$61,300 net of depreciation.



#### **CHART OF NET POSITION**

Over the last five years, net position has increased \$42,517,181. A principal reason for the increase is the District's and the Development Community's commitment to constructing new drainage area facilities. The District has constructed \$17,396,728 and the Development Community has constructed \$12,744,115 in drainage area facilities in the last 5 years.



Budgeted Drainage Area capital expenditures for 2017-18 were estimated at \$9,432,499 including \$1,787,018 in budget contingencies and construction reserves. Actual expenditures were \$3,235,314 net of \$1,551,519 for percentage incomplete as of June 30, 2018, plus \$1,686,966 for percentage incomplete as of June 30, 2017. Capital Expenditures in the Expendable Trust Fund totaled \$1,863,206 and were all from development activities. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

#### **URBAN FACILITIES**

Drainage area locations are provided to give the reader the general locations. All Drainage Areas are irregular shapes, as they are based on topography. For actual boundaries, please refer to the District's Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan Map.

**Safety Frames and Chains:** \$97,152 to install safety frames and chains for drainage areas "6D", "A", "D", "G", "S", "U", "W", "X", "Y", "Z", "GG", "PP", "AZ", "BD", "BF", "BG", "BH", "BK", "BL", "BM", "BO", "BQ", "BS", "BU", and "BV". Over the last few years the district has experienced a number of thefts of its Inlet Covers. These contracts were for the installation of Safety Frames and Chains to deter theft and increase safety for the public.

**Drainage Area "N":** This drainage area is located near N Fresno St and E Bullard Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$3,840.

**Drainage Area "3F":** This drainage area is located in Clovis near Shaw & Armstrong avenues. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$19,044.

**Drainage Area "3G":** This drainage area is located in Clovis near Locan & Barstow avenues. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$418,292.

**Drainage Area "7D":** This drainage area is located in Clovis near Armstrong & Alluvial avenues. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$458,988.

**Drainage Area "NN":** This drainage area is located near West Kearney Ave and South West Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$868,739.

**Drainage Area "MM":** This drainage area is located near N Marks Ave and E Ashlan Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$29,350.

**Drainage Area "SS":** This drainage area is located near E Annadale Ave and S Walnut Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$52,215.

**Drainage Area "AI":** This drainage area is located near Gettysburg and Hayes Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$71,935.

**Drainage Area "AX":** This drainage area is located near East Central and South Orange Avenue. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$22,273.

**Drainage Area "BO":** This drainage area is located near East Belmont Ave and North Fowler Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$522,976.

**Drainage Area "BT":** This drainage area is located near W Nees Ave and Sunnyside Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$80,067.

**Drainage Area "BX":** This drainage area is located near Teague Ave and Temperance Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$85,327.

**Drainage Area "BU":** This drainage area is located near Clovis Ave and McKinley Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$8,500.

**Drainage Area "CZ":** This drainage area is located near East Alluvial Ave and North Chestnut Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$5,538.

**Drainage Area "RR":** This drainage area is located in Fresno near Belmont Ave & Golden State Blvd. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$6,000.

**Freeway 99 Projects:** These projects were in Drainage areas UU & XX which ae located near McKinley and Freeway 99. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$474,000.

#### **RURAL FACILITIES**

**Big Dry Creek Dam and Reservoir:** Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$4,279.

**PPDA (Pre-Paid Drainage Assessment):** The District processed and completed sixteen developer agreements during the fiscal year 2017-18. The total capital improvements were \$1,863,205.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year using the straight-line depreciation method. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

The District's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical costs in the government-wide financial statements as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

#### LOOKING INTO THE FUTURE

The following summarizes the basic focus and direction of the 2018-19 Budget.

The Budget significantly advances the District commitment to support economic development initiatives of the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and County of Fresno by means of the following:

- 1. For another consecutive year, funding an economic development capital project program.
- 2. Continuing the system excavation program which produces a significant costs savings to the development community in reduced development fees.

As the District's inventory of completed facilities continues to increase, the non-capital expenditures will increase as a percentage of total expenditures. The District continues its commitment to the local economy by its use of local businesses for most of the maintenance services and capital construction programs.

A significant portion of the total storm drainage improvements constructed today occurs through the drainage ordinance process. The Budget continues to be pro-active toward constructing local drainage and flood control systems by allocating a portion of property and assessment revenues to Capital related projects. This includes budget support of drainage system construction in older neighborhoods, construction in support of development, and construction of the Rural Flood Control System.

The Budget continues the District's commitment to the environmental quality and compliance with the stormwater regulations. The total sum of \$1,004,865 was budgeted for continued water and soil monitoring activities, environmental analysis, and stormwater quality control programs and facilities. Also included is a parks and wildlife element in our Storm Drainage Master Plan.

The Budget addresses the growing operations, maintenance, and repair needs of the District's completed urban and rural facilities through budget allocations totaling \$2,678,200.

#### REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This Financial Report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Paul Merrill, Finance Manager, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, 5469 East Olive Avenue, Fresno, California 93727. The District's website is at www.fresnofloodcontrol.org.

### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 24,723,294
Receivable:    Developer    Fees and charges    Interest    Other Restricted cash	436,315 18,936 326,683 2,137,076 46,521,640
Capital assets: Land Structures and improvements Office building Furniture, fixtures, and equipment Accumulated depreciation	76,037,526 300,177,094 5,497,095 4,123,743 (112,562,071)
Total Assets	347,437,331
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS  Deferred outflows - OPEB	95,296
Accounts payable Contracts payable (see supplementary schedule on pg. 62) Salaries payable Non-current liabilities: Due within one year:	2,865,175 580,009 221,002
Interest payable Compensated absences CIEDB loan Due in more than one year:	238,125 605,619 722,588
Compensated absences CIEDB loan Net OPEB liability Other debt	546,912 11,089,576 403,378 108,788
Total Liabilities	17,381,172
DEFERRED INFLOWS  Deferred inflows - OPEB	1,617,505
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted for:	261,352,435
Debt service Construction Unrestricted	1,263,106 41,662,618 24,255,791
Total Net Position	\$ 328,533,950

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Program	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
			Capital	Total
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
Tunctions/Trograms	Ехрепосо	<u> </u>	Contributions	Activities
General government	\$10,819,334	\$ 1,941,865	\$ -	\$ (8,877,469)
Flood control system	8,819,253	-	8,880,607	61,354
Interest on long-term debt	499,773			(499,773)
Total	\$20,138,360	\$ 1,941,865	\$ 8,880,607	(9,315,888)
	General revenue Taxes:	s:		
	Property taxe	25		11,965,054
	Assessment			8,256,262
		rnings and renta	ıl revenue	1,405,214
	Miscellaneous	go ana renta	revenue	135,307
		al of capital asse	ets	3,079
	can on alopos	ar or capital acce		
	Total general rev	venues		21,764,916
	Change in net pe	osition		12,449,028
	Net position - be	318,094,178		
	Prior period adju	stment		(2,009,256)
	Net position - be	eginning, restate	d	316,084,922
	Net position - er	nding		\$328,533,950

#### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	General	Capital Project	Debt Service	PPDA Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$ 24,723,294	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,723,294
Receivable:				(0.400)	(0.400)
Developer Fees and charges	-	-	-	(8,400) 18,936	(8,400) 18,936
Interest	118,619	118,117	4,186	85,761	326,683
Other	2,137,076	-	-	-	2,137,076
Due from other funds	863,939	-	-	-	863,939
Restricted cash	29,445	26,488,189	1,258,920	18,745,086	46,521,640
Total Assets	\$ 27,872,373	\$ 26,606,306	\$1,263,106	\$ 18,841,383	\$ 74,583,168
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Contracts payable (see supplementary schedule	\$ 476,572	\$ 13,571	\$ -	\$ 2,375,032	\$ 2,865,175
on page 62)	11,469	568,540	-	-	580,009
Salaries payable	221,002	-	-	-	221,002
Due to other funds				863,939	863,939
Total Liabilities	709,043	582,111	_	3,238,971	4,530,125
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
Deferred inflows from grantors	2,137,022				2,137,022
FUND BALANCES Restricted:					
Debt service	-	-	1,263,106	-	1,263,106
Drainage assessments	-	-	-	15,602,412	15,602,412
Construction	26.011	26 024 105			26.060.206
Construction Assigned:	36,011	26,024,195	-	-	26,060,206
General obligations	7,611,544	-	_	_	7,611,544
Unassigned	17,378,753		<del>-</del> _		17,378,753
Total Fund Balances	25,026,308	26,024,195	1,263,106	15,602,412	67,916,021
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
and Fund Balances	\$ 27,872,373	\$ 26,606,306	\$1,263,106	\$ 18,841,383	\$ 74,583,168

### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSTION JUNE 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 67,916,021
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (net of accumulated depreciation of \$112,562,071).	273,273,387
Certain accrued revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position, they are recorded as revenues.	2,137,022
Certain revenues are not recognized in the governmental funds Balance Sheet because they are long-term in nature. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position, these revenues are recorded as receivables.	444,715
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not included in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Long-term liabilities at year-end totaled:	(15,237,195)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 328,533,950

#### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Capital Project	Debt Service	PPDA Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes and subventions	\$ 11,965,054	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,965,054
Assessment tax revenue	8,256,262	-	-	-	8,256,262
Drainage fees - cash	-	-	-	3,532,976	3,532,976
Drainage fees - noncash	-	-	-	1,953,266	1,953,266
Fees and charges for services	1,941,865	-	-	-	1,941,865
Interest and rental revenue	531,467	480,588	19,136	374,023	1,405,214
Grants, loans, and contributions	1,326,991	3,025	-	893,301	2,223,317
Miscellaneous	135,307				135,307
Total Revenues	24,156,946	483,613	19,136	6,753,566	31,413,261
Expenditures					
Personnel expense	9,455,115	-	-	-	9,455,115
Office administration	202,366	-	-	-	202,366
Management support	87,209	-	-	-	87,209
Insurance	192,467	-	-	-	192,467
Professional services	135,114	-	-	-	135,114
Other administrative expense	254,075	-	-	1,560,629	1,814,704
System operations and maintenance	2,170,768	-	-	-	2,170,768
Operations center expense	248,323	-	-	-	248,323
Storm water quality management					
expense	582,654	_	-	-	582,654
Capital outlay	144,659	3,235,313	-	1,863,205	5,243,177
Debt service			1,936,197		1,936,197
Total Expenditures	13,472,750	3,235,313	1,936,197	3,423,834	22,068,094
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	10,684,196	(2,751,700)	(1,917,061)	3,329,732	9,345,167
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	1,650,423	7,708,964	1,349,250	-	10,708,637
Transfers out	(8,539,400)	-	-	(2,169,237)	(10,708,637)
Proceeds from sale of assets	3,079	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	3,079
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(6,885,898)	7,708,964	1,349,250	(2,169,237)	3,079
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,798,298	4,957,264	(567,811)	1,160,495	9,348,246
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	21,228,010	21,066,931	1,830,917	14,441,917	58,567,775
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 25,026,308	\$ 26,024,195	\$1,263,106	\$ 15,602,412	\$ 67,916,021

# FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 9,348,246
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded net capital outlay in the current period.	(1,080,147)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds. Under the full accrual basis of accounting they are recognized in the year they are earned.	736,148
Certain revenues are recognized in the current year in the government-wide Statement of Activities under the full accrual basis of accounting and are not recognized in the current year at the fund level. These revenues decrease receivables in the current year in the Statement of Net Position.	434,900
Compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period in governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned.	15,040
Post employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the Statement of Activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting, including changes in liabilities and changes in associated deferrals.	1,558,417
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	1,436,424_
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 12,449,028

# FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Budget to GAAP Differences	Actual Amounts GAAP	Variance with
	Original	Final	Basis	Over (Under)	Basis	Final Budget
Revenues:						
Taxes and subventions	\$ 11,073,846	\$ 11,073,846	\$ 11,965,054	\$ -	\$ 11,965,054	\$ 891,208
Assessment tax revenue	8,259,237	8,259,237	8,256,262	-	8,256,262	(2,975)
Fees and charges for services	1,117,400	1,117,400	1,941,865	-	1,941,865	824,465
Interest and rental revenue	309,964	309,964	531,467	-	531,467	221,503
Grants, loans, and contributions	4,441,891	4,441,891	1,326,991	-	1,326,991	(3,114,900)
Miscellaneous	4,500	4,500	135,307		135,307	130,807
Total revenues	25,206,838	25,206,838	24,156,946		24,156,946	(1,049,892)
Expenditures:						
Personnel expense	9,510,386	10,210,386	9,459,900	4,785	9,455,115	755,271
Office administration	234,173	234,173	202,366		202,366	31,807
Management support	111,060	111,060	87,209	_	87,209	23,851
Insurance	166,340	166,340	192,467	_	192,467	(26,127)
Professional services	285,615	285,615	135,114		135,114	150,501
Other administrative expense	298,070	298,070	254,075		254,075	43,995
System operations and maintenance	2,675,300	2,675,300	2,170,768	_	2,170,768	504,532
Operations center expense	2,073,300	219,595	248,323	_	248,323	(28,728)
Storm water quality management	219,393	219,393	240,323	-	240,323	(20,720)
expense	815,500	815,500	582,654		582,654	232,846
Capital outlay	336,100	387,100	144,659	_	144,659	242,441
Capital Outlay	330,100	367,100	144,033		144,039	242,441
Total expenditures	14,652,139	15,403,139	13,477,535	4,785	13,472,750	1,930,389
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	10,554,699	9,803,699	10,679,411	(4,785)	10,684,196	880,497
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,650,423	_	1,650,423	550,423
Transfers out	(12,013,141)	(12,013,141)	(8,539,400)	_	(8,539,400)	3,473,741
Proceeds from sale of assets	5,000	5,000	3,079	_	3,079	(1,921)
Floceeus Hoffi Sale Of assets	3,000	3,000	3,079		3,079	(1,921)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,908,141)	(10,908,141)	(6,885,898)		(6,885,898)	4,022,243
Net change in fund balance	(353,442)	(1,104,442)	3,793,513	\$ (4,785)	3,798,298	4,902,740
Fund balance - beginning	19,395,205	19,395,205	21,228,010		21,228,010	1,832,805
Fund balance - ending	\$ 19,041,763	\$ 18,290,763	\$ 25,021,523		\$ 25,026,308	\$ 6,735,545
Explanation of Budget to GAAP differences:						
Budget basis for payroll is on the cash basis, between cash and accrual payroll expenditur Add: Prior year payroll accrual		nclude the reconci	liation	\$ 225,787		
Less: Current year payroll accrual				(221,002)		
Total:				\$ 4,785		

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District) was formed on June 26, 1956, under provisions of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control Act, Chapter 73 of the Water Code, and uncodified acts of the State of California. The District was organized to provide for the control and conservation of flood, storm, and other waste water in the Fresno, California, metropolitan area.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Standards and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on a fund basis. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses.

The financial statements consist of the following:

• Government-Wide Financial Statements-

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year-end on a consolidated basis. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### Fund Financial Statements-

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued): Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. The exceptions to this rule are that principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due, and for District improvement contracts, the liability is recorded when the contract is awarded, offset by the percent incomplete.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the governmental fund.

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. The accompanying financial statements are reported using the "economic resources measurement focus", and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic measurement focus all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with these activities are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all financial resources off the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Capital Project Fund* is used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources restricted for construction of capital facilities. The proceeds are a result of a portion of the levy of special assessments pursuant to the Municipal Improvement Act of the California Streets and Highways Code or levy of assessment taxes pursuant to the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control Act, Chapter 73 of the Appendices to the California Water Code.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for resources accumulated to pay principal and interest on long-term debt, including bonded assessments which are levied on specific properties to retire debt established to finance improvements of special benefit to those properties.

The **PPDA Trust Fund** is used to account for drainage fees collected from developers pursuant to local ordinance codes held by the District in a trustee capacity, which will be expended solely for construction of local drainage facilities within the area from which the fees were collected. The fund was established pursuant to the State of California Subdivision Map Act and local ordinances of the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, the County of Fresno, and the District itself.

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued): Developer fees are held in each planned local drainage area trust account. As the District and the development community construct master plan drainage facilities, they are reimbursed for their construction from these accounts, with the development community's construction having priority over the District's construction reimbursement. Following construction of all the master planned facilities within each planned local drainage area and the payment of all related claims from the trust account, the District shall determine by resolution the amount of surplus, if any, remaining in each fund. Any surplus shall be used for one of the following purposes:

- a) For transfer to the General Fund provided that the amount of the transfer shall not exceed five percent of the total amount expended from the particular fund, and provided that the funds transferred are used to support the operation and maintenance of those facilities for which the fees are collected;
- b) For the construction of additional or modified facilities within the particular drainage area; or
- c) As a refund in the manner provided in the California Government Code.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Non-major funds are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of either fund category or the government combined) for the determination of major funds. For the year ended June 30, 2018, all of the District's individual fund types qualified as major funds.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u>: The District utilizes the allowance method of accounting for and reporting uncollectible or doubtful accounts. At June 30, 2018, management considered all accounts to be fully collectible and, therefore, no allowance was recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with estimated useful lives of more than one year. Capital assets purchased or constructed are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. In the case of acquisitions through gifts or contributions, such assets are recorded at fair value at the time received. The District records at cost the work performed for any construction contracts in progress at year-end. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciable assets are depreciated over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Structures and improvements: 50 years
Office building: 10-50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment: 4-10 years

<u>Non-Exchange Transactions</u>: Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property tax increments and other grants. With the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

<u>Capitalization of Interest</u>: Interest incurred on debt during the construction of projects is not capitalized as a cost of the projects.

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>: Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position,* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows reported by the District consist of grant revenues that have been earned as of year-end, but not yet billed and collected within the revenue availability period in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: The District's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences, which is attributable to services already rendered, is recorded in the General Fund. The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

<u>Budget and Budgetary Accounting</u>: An annual budget is adopted by the Board of Directors for the General Fund. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except payroll, which is adopted on a cash basis and the budget does not adjust construction for percentage incomplete. No formal budget is adopted by the District for the PPDA Trust Fund, as all funds are restricted by statute, and thus they are excluded from the general funds computation and annual budget. As such, no budget to actual comparison is required to be presented as required supplementary information for the special revenue major fund in accordance with GAAP.

Net Position: Net position represents the residual interest in the District's assets after liabilities are deducted. The Statement of Net Position reports total net position and presents it in three broad components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Net position, net investment in capital assets includes capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is restricted when constraints are imposed by third parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All other net position is unrestricted. Amounts included as unrestricted net position are available for designation for specific purposes established by the District's Board of Directors. The District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

<u>Fund Balance</u>: In the fund financial statements, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, <u>Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions</u>, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

- Nonspendable Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required either legally or contractually to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional or enabling legislation.
- Committed Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.
- Assigned Amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
  expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors
  delegates the authority.
- Unassigned The residual classification for the District's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for a specific purpose exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The District establishes and modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or policy. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget as a designation or commitment of the fund, such as approved contracts. Assigned fund balance is established by the District through adoption or amendment of the budget, or future year budget, plan as intended for a specific purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's informal policy/practice to use restricted resources first, followed by the committed, assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed.

The District believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the District to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the District needs to maintain unrestricted fund balance in its funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the District and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

The District, as per its Internal Policy, is required to achieve and maintain unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund sufficient to cover approximately 6 months of working capital at the close of each fiscal year, which exceeds the recommended level (approximately 60 days working capital) promulgated by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA).

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Tax/Assessment Tax Payment Delinquencies: On October 12, 1993, the Fresno County (the County) Board of Supervisors voted to adopt an alternate method of tax/assessment tax apportionment known as the Teeter Plan, effective fiscal year 1993-94. The Teeter Plan provided a one-time fiscal benefit during fiscal year 1993-94 and in future years offers the District a consistent and predictable amount of tax/assessment tax revenue unaffected by delinquent tax payments. This is accomplished by the fact that the District will receive 100% of its current secured and supplemental tax levy, not just the amount collected, with the County owning the delinquent receivable. The County will apportion the revenue in three installments throughout the year. The Teeter Plan does not apply to unsecured taxes.

Unsecured taxes are due periodically throughout the year and become delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31. The lien date for unsecured tax/assessment tax is March 1 of the preceding fiscal year. All tax/assessment taxes are levied and collected by the County Auditor and are paid to the District as described above.

Tax/assessment tax revenues related to current secured and supplemental taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied, due to the adoption of the Teeter Plan. Also, the adoption of the Teeter Plan eliminates the need for a receivable for these types of property taxes. Tax/assessment tax revenues related to unsecured taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which they become available. Available means when due, past due and receivable within the current period, or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

<u>Interfund Transfers</u>: The District records the annual transfer from the PPDA Trust Fund to the General Fund when approved by the Board of Directors, which is typically subsequent to year-end. As a result, the transfer recorded for the year ended June 30, 2018, relates to activity from the year ended June 30, 2017. All other transfers relate to activity for the year ended June 30, 2018.

All interfund transfers are operating transfers. which are transfers from a fund receiving the revenue to the fund which has expended the resources. All of the interfund transfers are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>: Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "due to/from other funds" and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

<u>Governmental Accounting Standards Update</u>: During the year ending June 30, 2018, the District implemented the following standards:

GASB Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Plans. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 82 – Pension Issues- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of paragraph 7 in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements of paragraph 7 are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017.

#### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

Governmental Accounting Standards Update (continued):

Released GASB Statements to be implemented in future financial statements are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 83 – *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 85 – *Omnibus 2017.* The provisions of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 86 – *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues.* The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 87 – *Leases*. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 88 – *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 89 – Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 90 – *Majority Equity Interests- an amendment of GASB Statements No.* 14 and No 61. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

<u>Subsequent Events</u>: In compliance with accounting standards, management has evaluated events that have occurred after year-end to determine if these events are required to be disclosed in the financial statements. Management has determined that no events require disclosure in accordance with accounting standards. These subsequent events have been evaluated through January 15, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Statutes authorize the District to invest in the County Treasury, Local Agency Investment Fund, U.S. Treasury and registered state warrants, notes, bonds, bills or certificates, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and other similar instruments. The District's investments, which approximated market value at June 30, 2018, was invested in the County Treasury.

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

Cash and investments and maturities as of June 30, 2018, are as follows:

		Investment Matu	rities (in Years)
	Fair Value	Less Than One	1-5
Cash in banks County Treasury	\$ 24,723,294 46,521,640	\$ 24,723,294 46,521,640	\$ - 
Total	\$ 71,244,934	\$ 71,244,934	<u> </u>

The District's investment is collateralized with pools of securities held by the Fresno County Treasury, but not in the District's name. The investment policies of the County are governed by state statute and an adopted investment policy with oversight by the County Treasury Investment Committee.

The County Treasury is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements.

State statutes and the County of Fresno investment policy authorize the County Treasurer to invest in U.S. Government Treasury and Agency Securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, corporate bonds and notes, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, investments held by the County Treasurer are stated at fair value. The fair value of pooled investments is determined quarterly and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasury.

For full disclosures regarding interest rate risk, credit risk, and fair value measurements, see the County of Fresno Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2018.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: The District maintains cash with qualified financial institutions. At various times such amounts may be in excess of insured limits. As of June 30, 2018, \$226,866 were in excess of the FDIC limit (\$250,000). Management considers this a normal business risk, and has not experienced any losses in the past.

<u>Restricted Cash</u>: Receipts from the Capital Project and the PPDA Trust Funds are classified as restricted cash because their use is limited to planned construction and repayment of related debt service obligations. Cash held in the Debt Service Fund is classified as restricted cash as amounts are held for future payments on long-term debt of the District.

#### **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions/ Completions	Retirements/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 76,028,025	\$ 9,501	\$ -	\$ 76,037,526
Total capital assets not being depreciated	76,028,025	9,501		76,037,526
Capital assets being depreciated: Structures and improvements Office building Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	295,105,325 5,497,095 4,164,503	5,071,769 - 161,907	- - (202,667)	300,177,094 5,497,095 4,123,743
Total capital assets being depreciated	304,766,923	5,233,676	(202,667)	309,797,932
Less accumulated depreciation for: Structures and improvements Office building Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	(101,468,420) (2,101,524) (2,871,470)	(5,944,260) (118,117) (199,647)	- - 141,367	(107,412,680) (2,219,641) (2,929,750)
Total accumulated depreciation	(106,441,414)	(6,262,024)	141,367	(112,562,071)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net  Total capital assets, net	198,325,509 \$274,353,534	(1,028,348) \$ (1,018,847)	(61,300) \$ (61,300)	197,235,861 \$273,273,387
Total capital assets, fiet	<b>Ψ</b> 2/4,333,334	<del>φ (1,010,047)</del>	\$ (61,300)	\$273,273,387

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the following governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 as follows:

General government	\$ 196,193
Flood control system	6,065,831
	\$ 6,262,024

#### **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, is summarized as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences State revolving fund loan CIEDB loan Net OPEB liability Other long-term debt	\$ 1,167,571 728,094 12,508,768 3,484,004 108,788	\$ 689,033 - - 455,615	\$ (704,073) (728,094) (696,604) (3,536,241)	\$ 1,152,531 - 11,812,164 403,378 108,788	\$ 605,619 - 722,588 - -
	\$ 17,997,225	\$1,144,648	\$(5,665,012)	\$ 13,476,861	\$1,328,207

#### **NOTE 5 - OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE**

Construction advance received from the City of Fresno for drainage facilities in an area known as the "Industrial Triangle" (Drainage Area "KK", "LL", and "AW"). Repayment to begin when the area is 40% developed and to be equal to drainage assessments from the area collected subsequent to that time and continuing until either fully repaid or the area is 80% developed, at which time any amount then unpaid is due. As of June 30, 2018, 47% of the area within the boundaries of the Industrial Triangle has been developed from drainage fee proceeds. The City of Fresno has authorized the District to defer payments and allow the District to use drainage fee revenue to construct Master Plan Facilities. Following completion of the required construction, and after payment of other agreements with chronological priority preceding the date of the required construction, the District will forward any additional fee revenue to the City of Fresno pursuant to all other terms of the agreement.

\$ 108,788

#### NOTE 6 - STATE REVOLVING FUND (SRF) LOAN

Revolving loan with the State of California in the maximum amount of \$10,000,000, dated July 1, 1997. Principal and interest shall be payable in 20 annual installments beginning one year from the date of the first advance, which was January 5, 1998. Repayment is to be made from drainage fees paid with the General Fund as a secondary source of funding should drainage fees prove inadequate to meet the loan repayment obligation. The full amount of \$10,000,000 has been loanded to the District. The interest rate in effect at June 30, 2018, was 2.8%. Total interest expense on the SRF loan for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$10,557. The SRF loan was paid in full during the year ended, June 30, 2018.

## NOTE 7 - CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK (CIEDB) LOAN

Loan with the CIEDB in the maximum amount of \$20,000,000, dated May 1, 2001. As of June 30, 2001, interest only payments shall be payable in four semiannual installments beginning August 1, 2001. Beginning August 1, 2003, principal shall be payable in 28 annual installments and interest shall be payable in 56 semiannual installments. Interest is payable at the rate of 3.73%. Repayment is to be made from Assessment Tax Revenues collected with the General Fund and any other source of funds legally available for the purpose of making the annual payment as secondary sources of funding should Assessment Tax Revenues be inadequate to meet the loan repayment obligation. Collateral consists of a pledge and first lien on all of the Assessment Tax Revenues and all amounts in the Assessment Tax Revenues Special Revenue Fund. The full amount of \$20,000,000 has been loaned to the District.

\$ 11,812,164

## NOTE 7 - CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK (CIEDB) LOAN (continued)

Future debt service payments on the CIEDB loan are as follows:

Year	Principal	Principal Interest	
2019	\$ 722,588	\$ 462,554	\$ 1,185,142
2020	749,540	432,932	1,182,472
2021	777,498	402,203	1,179,701
2022	806,499	370,329	1,176,828
2023	836,581	310,998	1,147,579
2024-2028	4,674,912	1,053,809	5,728,721
2029-2031	3,244,546	184,487	3,429,033
			-
	\$ 11,812,164	\$ 3,217,312	\$ 15,029,476

Total interest expense on the CIEDB loan for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$489,216.

#### **NOTE 8 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds as of June 30, 2018:

Due to and due from other funds:

To General Fund:		
From PPDA Trust Fund	_ \$	863,939
	\$	863,939

The following is a summary of transfers in and out during the year ended June 30, 2018:

Transfers in and transfers out:

To General Fund: From PPDA Trust Fund	\$ 1,650,423
To Capital Project Fund:	
From General Fund	7,190,150
From PPDA Trust Fund	518,814
To Debt Service Fund:	
From General Fund	1,349,250
	<u>\$ 10,708,637</u>

#### **NOTE 9 – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN**

The Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Pension Plan (the Plan) is a defined contribution pension plan established by the Board of Directors of the District. The Plan covers all full-time employees who have completed at least six months of continuous service and have attained the age of eighteen. Monthly employer contributions for employees hired prior to June 30, 1988, are 14% of the employees' salary.

Monthly employer contributions for employees hired after June 30, 1988, are 10% of the employees' salaries. Participants are 25% vested after two years of service and an additional 25% after each additional year until they are fully vested. District contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before becoming 100% vested are used to reduce the District's current period contribution requirement. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Administrative Committee of the Board of Directors of the District. The District made the required contribution amounting to \$589,178 as of June 30, 2018.

The Plan issues a stand-alone financial report that can be reviewed at the District office located at 5469 East Olive Avenue, Fresno, California 93727.

#### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**

<u>Plan Description</u>: The District provides the following post-employment health care benefits in accordance with District employment contracts:

- For employees hired before May 8, 2013, the District subsidizes the health insurance cost for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District pays 50% of the "full benefit" for employees with more than 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service. The employees who retire after the age of 55 with more than 15 years of service receive a "full benefit".
- Employees hired after May 8, 2013 who retire after age 60 and have completed 15 years of service are eligible to receive a "full benefit".

The **Full Benefit**: There are two tiers of employee health benefits.

- For employees hired prior to July 1, 1988, the District pays either 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance or 60% of the cost of the employee plus dependents premium.
- For those employees hired after July 1, 1988, the District pays 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance plus 60% of the cost of the additional dependent's premium.

The District participates in an industry association plan (ACWA/JPIA) that has about 300 employer members. There are two providers in the plan: Kaiser and Blue Cross/Blue Shield (BCBS) that offer PPO and HMO plans. The same benefit options are available to retirees as active employees. Upon reaching Medicare eligibility, the plans do not coordinate with Medicare. There is a small rate decrease for retirees who opt for Medicare Part B. Kaiser plans are fully-insured while BCBS plans are self-insured. The District employees represent a very small percentage of the pool for the BCBS plans and, thus, these plans are assumed to be community-rated with no implicit subsidy to the District. The District employees represent approximately 6% of the pool for the Kaiser plans and, thus, these plans are not assumed to be community-rated. There will be a GASB implicit subsidy to the District for employees enrolled in this plan.

#### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)**

The District has established an irrevocable trust with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) to accumulate resources strictly for post-employment benefit payments. PARS issues a separate annual financial report, and copies of the report may be obtained by writing to PARS at 4350 Von Karman Ave., Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA 92660, or by calling (800) 540-6369.

Contributions: The District contribution varies by employee classification up to 100% of the amount of employee only premium incurred by retirees and 60% of the premium incurred for their dependents. Expenditures for post-employment benefits are recognized on a pay-asyou-go basis, as premiums are paid. During the year, expenditures of \$122,622 were recognized for retirees' health care benefits, including \$13,951 of administrative fees charged by the investment manager, paid from outside the trust. The District's required contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District contributed \$1,200,000 to the PARS OPEB trust. The District intends to fund the Trust with a minimum of \$500,000 per year until fully funded.

Employees: Covered: At July 1, 2017, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	12
Active employees	72
	84

<u>Net OPEB Liability</u>: The District's Net OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement dates.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	3.0 percent
Discount rate	7.0 percent

Healthcare trend rate 5.0 percent for 2017 and later years

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017.

Discount rate. GASB 75 requires a discount rate that reflects the following:

- a. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments to the extent that the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position (if any) is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payment and assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return.
- b. A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher to the extent that the conditions in (a) are not met.

#### **NOTE 10 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)**

#### Net OPEB Liability (continued):

To determine a resulting single (blended) rate, the amount of the plan's projected fiduciary net position (if any) and the amount of projected benefit payments is compared in each period of projected benefit payments. The discount rate used to measure the District's Total OPEB liability is based on these requirements and the following information:

Reporting	Measurement	Long-Term Expected Return of Plan Investments	Municipal Bond 20- Year High Grade	Discount	
Date	Date	(if any)	Rate Index	Rate	
June 30, 2018	July 1, 2017	7.00%	3.13%	7.00%	•
June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018	7.00%	3.62%	7.00%	

The components of the net OPEB liability at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)			
		Plan	Net OPEB	
	Total OPEB	Fiduciary	Liability	
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 6,852,479	\$ 3,368,475	\$ 3,484,004	
Changes in the year:				
Service cost Interest on the	103,569	-	103,569	
total OPEB liability	338,095	-	338,095	
Differences between expected	(1.060.136)		(1.060.136)	
and actual experience	(1,969,136)		(1,969,136)	
Contributions from the employer	-	1,308,671	(1,308,671)	
Net investment income	-	258,434	(258,434)	
Benefit Payments, including				
Refunds of Employee	(400 674)	(400 674)		
Contributions	(108,671)	(108,671)	-	
Administrative expense		(13,951)	13,951	
Net change	(1,636,143)	1,444,483	(3,080,626)	
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 5,216,336	\$ 4,812,958	\$ 403,378	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1- percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Current						
	Dis	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
	1	% (6.00%)	7.00%		(6.00%) 7.00% + 1% (8.00%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(204,814)	\$	403,378	\$	1,137,088	

#### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

#### Net OPEB Liability (continued):

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent decreasing to 4.00 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (5.00 percent increasing to 6.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase	
		(4%)	(5%)		(6%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	(197,273)	\$	403,378	\$	1,128,321	

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

At June 30, 2018, the District's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources to OPEB from the following source are:

	Defer		Deferred
	Outflov	vs of	Inflows of
	Resou	rces	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$1,617,505
Differences between projected and actual return investments	95,	,296	
Total	\$ 95,	,296	\$1,617,505

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred			Deferred
	Outflows of		I	nflows of
Year ended June 30:	Re	esources	R	Resources
2019	\$	23,824	\$	(404,376)
2020		23,824		(404,376)
2021		23,824		(404,376)
2022		23,824		(404,377)

Net OPEB Expense: For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District's Net OPEB expense/(asset) was \$(249,746).

Net OPEB Liability - beginning (a)	\$3,484,004
Net OPEB Liability - ending (b)	403,378
Change in Net OPEB Liability [(b)-(a)]	(3,080,626)
Change in Deferred Outflows	(95,296)
Change in Deferred Inflows	1,617,505
Employer Contributions	1,308,671
Net OPEB Expense/(Asset)	\$ (249,746)

#### **NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)**

#### **Investments:**

Investment Policy. The District's policy regarding the allocation of the plan's invested assets is established and may be amended by District management. The primary objective is to maximize total Plan return, subject to the risk and quality constraints set forth in the investment guidelines. The District has selected a balanced objective, which has a dual goal of growth of principal and income. While dividend and interest income are an important component of the objective's total return, it is expected that capital will comprise a larger portion of the total return. The asset allocation ranges for this objective as of June 30, 2017, are listed below:

Strategic Asset Allocation Ranges				
	Cash	Fixed Income	Equity	
Stated Range	0-20%	30%-50%	50&-70%	

Rate of Return. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 6.49 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

#### **NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

<u>Litigation</u>: The District is a party to a number of lawsuits, claims, and eminent domain litigation arising out of the conduct of its operation. While the ultimate results of lawsuits or other proceedings against the District cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District.

<u>Construction Projects</u>: The District has executed construction contracts for system improvements of \$2,131,539. The financial statements have \$580,009 recorded, which reflects the percent of the contract completed at June 30, 2018, and the District has remaining commitments under the contracts of \$1,551,530.

#### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District has entered into a joint powers authority agreement along with other members of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (ACWA JPIA) to form a self-insuring pool for liability coverage up to \$500,000. Insurance in excess of \$500,000 is collectively purchased through excess policies covering all included members. The excess insurance is for \$39,500,000 per occurrence for a total coverage of \$40,000,000.

The ACWA JPIA is governed by a board of directors composed of one representative from each member agency. The JPIA governing board controls the operation of the ACWA JPIA, independent of any influence by the District other than the District's representation on the governing board.

The ACWA JPIA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters. The ACWA JPIA maintains its own accounting records. The ACWA JPIA's budget is not subject to any approval other than that of its governing board.

#### **NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)**

The relationship between the District and the ACWA JPIA is such that the ACWA JPIA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Separate financial statements of the ACWA JPIA are available upon request at 2100 Professional Drive, Roseville, California 95661, (916) 786-5742. Condensed financial information for the ACWA JPIA's most recent year audited is shown below:

JPIA	September 30, 2017
Total assets	\$ 199,365,344
Deferred outflows of resources	1,404,974
Total liabilities	123,871,469
Deferred inflows of resources	1,576,175
Net position	\$ 75,322,674
Total revenues	\$ 170,789,597
Total expenditures	164,170,540
Net decrease in fund balance	\$ 6,619,057

During the year ending June 30, 2018, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

#### **NOTE 13 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT**

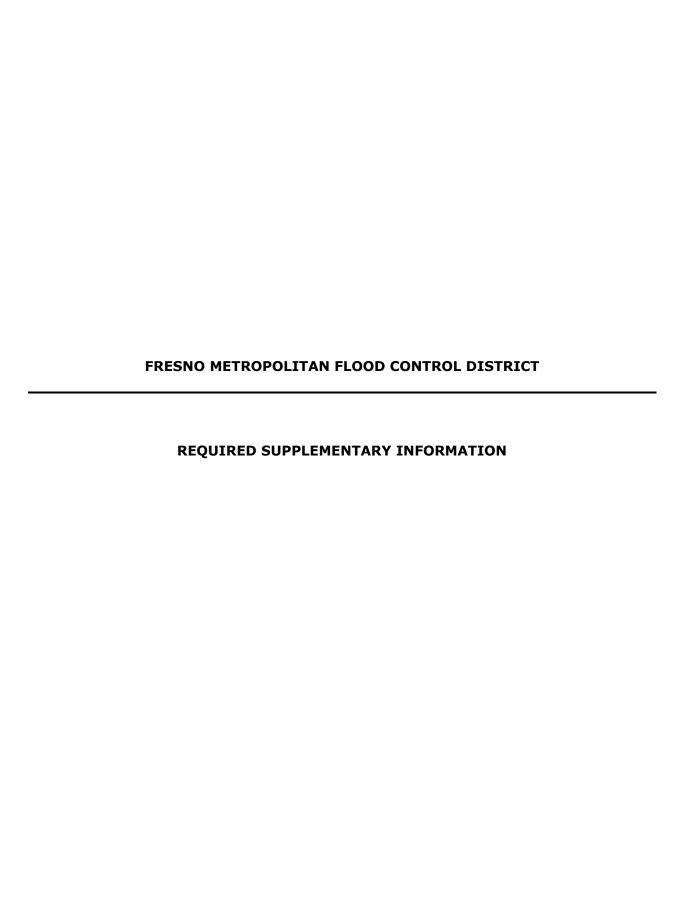
The District adopted GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement was implemented to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. It replaced the accounting and reporting for the District's postemployment benefits other than pensions as previously reported by GASB No. 45, Accounting and Fiancial Reporting by Employers for Postemeployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. See additional information at Note 10.

Due to the implementation of this Statement, a Net OPEB Liability of \$3,484,004 was recorded and offset by the elimination of the previously recorded net OPEB Obligation of \$1,474,748, resulting in a net decrease in net position of \$2,009,256 as of July 1, 2017.

#### **NOTE 14 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS**

During the year ended June 30, 2018, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

Operating Expenditures	Amount	
Insurance	\$ 26,127	
Operations center expense	28,728	



## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JUNE 30, 2018 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

		2018
Total OPEB Liability		
Service Cost	\$	103,569
Interest	·	338,095
Changes of benefit terms		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,969,136)
Changes of assumptions		-
Benefit payments		(108,671)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,636,143)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		6,852,479
Total OPEB Liability - ending (a)		5,216,336
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer		1,308,671
Net investment income		258,434
Benefit payments		(108,671)
Administrative expense		(13,951)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,444,483
Plan fiduciary net position		3,368,475
Plan fiduciary net position (b)		4,812,958
Not OPEN Political and the Co. (II)	_	402.276
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	403,378

#### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE:**

\* Fiscal Year 2018 was the  $1^{\rm st}$  year of implementation, therefore; only one year is shown.

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB JUNE 30, 2018 LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

Last 10 Fiscal Years*	 2018
Actuarially determined contribution  Contributions in relation to the acturially determined	\$ 495,412
contribution Contribution in deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,308,671) (813,259)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,646,134
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	23.18%

#### **NOTES TO SCHEDULE:**

Valuation Date: July 1, 2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll

Inflation3.00%Salary increases3.00%Investment rate of return7.00%

Retirement age Based on District retirement patterns
Pre-retirement mortality Based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality

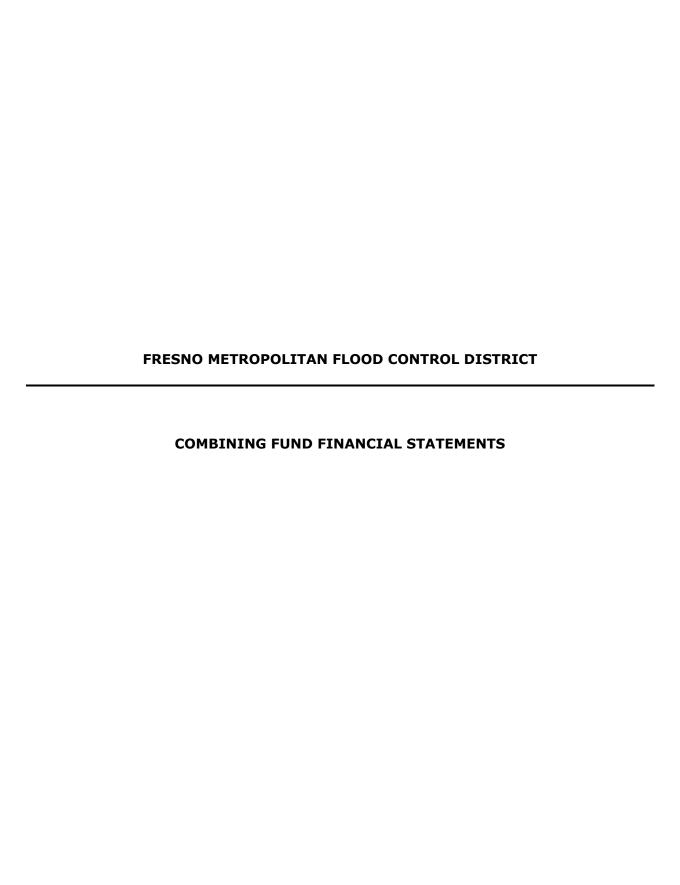
Tables from 2009-2014

Post-retirement mortality

Based on RP-2014 Health Annuitant

Mortality Tables from 2009-2014

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal Year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore; only one year is shown.



## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	Total	CIEDB Loan	SRF Loan
ASSETS			
Restricted cash Interest Receivable	\$1,258,920 4,186	\$1,258,891 4,180	\$ 29 6
Total assets	\$1,263,106	\$1,263,071	\$ 35
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Due to other funds	_\$	\$ -	\$ -
Total liabilities			
Fund balances:			
Restricted for debt service	1,263,106	1,263,071	35_
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$1,263,106	\$1,263,071	\$ 35

# FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Total	<b>CIEDB Loan</b>	SRF Loan
Revenues: Interest	\$ 19,136	\$ 10,812	\$ 8,324
Expenditures: Debt service	1,936,197	1,187,716_	748,481
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,917,061)	(1,176,904)	(740,157)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	1,408,210 (58,960)	1,408,210	- (58,960)
Net other financing sources (uses)	1,349,250	1,408,210	(58,960)
Net change in fund balances	(567,811)	231,306	(799,117)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,830,917	1,031,765	799,152
Fund balances, end of year	\$1,263,106	\$1,263,071	\$ 35

#### FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT **COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECT FUND JUNE 30, 2018**

		Capital
		Construction
	Total	Fund
ASSETS		

	Total	Construction Fund	Land	Basin D	Park Fund
ASSETS					
Interest Receivable Restricted cash	\$ 118,117 26,488,189	\$ 98,709 22,309,431	\$ 17,623 3,794,430	\$ 68 14,653	\$ 1,717 369,675
Total assets	\$ 26,606,306	\$ 22,408,140	\$3,812,053	\$14,721	\$371,392
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Accounts payable Contracts payable	\$ 13,571 568,540	\$ 13,571 568,540	\$ - 	\$ - -	\$ - 
Total liabilities	582,111	582,111			
Fund balances: Committed for construction	26,024,195	21,826,029	3,812,053	14,721	371,392
Total fund balances	26,024,195	21,826,029	3,812,053	14,721	371,392
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 26,606,306	\$ 22,408,140	\$ 3,812,053	\$14,721	\$371,392

# FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE CAPITAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

**Capital** Construction Basin Park Total Fund Land D Fund Revenues: Capital contributions 3,025 3,025 Interest 393,996 78,638 7,651 480,588 303 Total revenues 483,613 397,021 78,638 303 7,651 Expenditures: 3,235,313 3,235,313 Capital outlay Total expenditures 3,235,313 3,235,313 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (2,751,700)(under) expenditures (2,838,292)78,638 303 7,651 Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in 7,708,964 7,708,964 Transfers out 7,708,964 7,708,964 Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances 4,957,264 4,870,672 78,638 7,651 303 Fund balances, beginning of year 21,066,931 16,955,357 3,733,415 363,741 14,418 \$ 21,826,029 \$ 3,812,053 \$ 14,721 \$ 371,392 Fund balances, end of year \$ 26,024,195



## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund - Budgetary Basis			
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes - current	\$10,383,882	\$ 10,754,197	\$ 370,315	
Property taxes - prior year levies	32,180	40,636	8,456	
General subventions	157,784	345,412	187,628	
Other	500,000	824,809	324,809	
Assessment tax revenue	8,259,237	8,256,262	(2,975)	
Interest revenue	243,490	462,304	218,814	
Grant revenue	3,306,321	1,336,841	(1,969,480)	
Construction contributions	1,135,570	(9,850)	(1,145,420)	
Fees and charges for services:				
Non-conforming facilities fees	70,000	164,519	94,519	
Master plan engineering fees	180,000	233,101	53,101	
Excavation permit fees	500,000	1,059,186	559,186	
Recharge maintenance	150,000	174,752	24,752	
PPDA administration fees	10,000	1,372	(8,628)	
Other fees and charges	207,400	308,935	101,535	
Rental income	66,474	69,163	2,689	
Miscellaneous	4,500	135,307	130,807	
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	1,100,000	1,650,423	550,423	
Revenue from sale of assets	5,000	3,079	(1,921)	
Revenue from sale of assets			(1/321)	
Total revenues and other				
financing sources	26,311,838	25,810,448	(501,390)	
Expenditures:				
Personnel expense:				
Salaries, regular and part-time	6,452,768	5,748,035	704,733	
Payroll related taxes	471,840	423,196	48,644	
Employee insurance	1,120,088	1,106,049	14,039	
Workers' compensation	91,480	63,204	28,276	
Retirement	624,660	589,178	35,482	
Annual leave	135,300	205,246	(69,946)	
OPEB contribution	1,300,200	1,318,036	(17,836)	
Unemployment insurance	4,050	-	4,050	
Temporary help	10,000	6,956	3,044	
Total personnel expense	10,210,386	9,459,900	750,486	

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund - Budgetary Basis			
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Expenditures, continued:				
Office administration:				
General office supplies	55,100	48,844	6,256	
Records and maps	23,500	20,135	3,365	
Reproduction	7,600	5,911	1,689	
Office equipment maintenance	98,463	91,535	6,928	
Communications	38,040	27,110	10,930	
Postage	7,620	5,224	2,396	
Printing	3,700	3,415	285	
Courier service	150	192	(42)	
Total office administration	234,173	202,366	31,807	
Management support:				
Conferences and meetings	30,760	23,207	7,553	
General management	49,300	44,463	4,837	
Professional education	31,000	19,539	11,461	
Total management support	111,060	87,209	23,851	
Insurance:				
Employee bonding	1,740	1,558	182	
Notary, trustee, and fiduciary	6,200	6,196	4	
Directors' liability	6,520	7,876	(1,356)	
Fire, theft, and office content	19,570	24,639	(5,069)	
Automobile	19,550	15,752	3,798	
General liability	110,760	133,890	(23,130)	
Deductibles, settlements	2,000	2,556	(556)	
Total insurance	166,340	192,467	(26,127)	
Professional services:				
Legal services	180,000	78,180	101,820	
Accounting services	36,915	36,645	270	
Consulting engineers	600	50,015	600	
Computer support	21,500	730	20,770	
Other professional services	20,000	15,942	4,058	
Legislative services	10,000		10,000	
Personnel services	5,900	2,617	3,283	
Benefit administration	10,700	1,000	9,700	
		,		
Total professional services	285,615	135,114	150,501	

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

<u>-</u>	General Fund - Budgetary Basis		
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures, continued:			
Other administrative expense:	210.050	105.605	25 165
Revenue collection expense	210,850	185,685	25,165
Directors' expense	51,350	39,418	11,932
Public information	22,600	11,621	10,979
Service charges Assessment refunds	3,250 3,000	5,661	(2,411) 3,000
Special events expense	1,500	_	1,500
Miscellaneous expense	1,300 520	- 1,921	(1,401)
Miscellaneous expense	320	1,921	(1,401)
Total other administrative			
expense _	298,070	254,075	43,995
System operations and maintenance: Basin maintenance:			
Developed basin maintenance	600,000	575,450	24,550
Undeveloped basin maintenance	313,000	312,909	<sup>'</sup> 91
Recharge maintenance	155,000	98,018	56,982
Parks and recreation maintenance	41,000	52,548	(11,548)
Winter operations	25,000	109	24,891
Fence repair	81,600	78,419	3,181
Pump operations/maintenance	325,000	149,925	175,075
Drainline operations	120,000	74,658	45,342
Flood control maintenance:	•	•	•
Dam operations/maintenance	360,000	340,932	19,068
Channel operations	245,000	199,569	45,431
Detention basin operations	145,000	100,887	44,113
Vehicle operations	120,000	96,463	23,537
Vehicle repairs	14,000	9,739	4,261
Vehicle supplies	2,600	214	2,386
Operation expense	24,000	15,247	8,753
Field equipment maintenance	50,000	36,244	13,756
Warehouse expense	500	691	(191)
Other operations expense	6,000	838	5,162
Uniform expense	7,500	5,181	2,319
Telemetry maintenance	11,000	7,793	3,207
Environmental management:			
Environmental analysis	10,000	4,408	5,592
Water resource planning	7,000	7,000	-
Other environmental management	12,100	3,526	8,574
Total system operations and			
maintenance	2,675,300	2,170,768	504,532

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund - Budgetary Basis			
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Expenditures, continued:				
Operations center expense:	407.050	407.077	(007)	
Utilities	107,050	107,977	(927)	
Building maintenance	82,045	69,466	12,579	
Landscape maintenance Repairs and rehabilitation	21,000 8,000	21,776 48,813	(776) (40,813)	
Other operations center	1,500	46,613 291	1,209	
Other operations center	1,500		1,209	
Total operations center expense	219,595	248,323	(28,728)	
Storm water quality management				
(SWQM) expense:	2.000		2.000	
Consulting services	2,000	45.205	2,000	
Municipal NPDES development	54,700	45,395	9,305 434	
Industrial NPDES development SWQM operations/maintenance	2,000 408,500	1,566 210,700	197,800	
Municipal NPDES implementation	346,300	324,518	21,782	
Industrial NPDES implementation	2,000	475	1,525	
industrial Ni DES implementation	2,000		1,323	
Total SWQM expense	815,500	582,654	232,846	
Capital outlay:				
Office equipment and furniture	109,900	60,653	49,247	
Field equipment	277,200	84,006	193,194	
Total capital outlay	387,100	144,659	242,441	
Total expenditures	15,403,139	13,477,535	1,925,604	
Other uses: Transfers out	12,013,141	8,539,400	3,473,741	
Total expenditures and other uses	27,416,280	22,016,935	5,399,345	
Net change in fund balance	(1,104,442)	3,793,513	4,897,955	
Fund balance, beginning of year	16,550,574	21,228,010	4,677,436	
Fund balance, end of year	\$15,446,132	\$ 25,021,523	\$ 9,575,391	

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (DEVELOPER PAYABLE AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS INCLUDED AS A LIABILITY) JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Capital Project	Debt Service	PPDA Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	± 24 722 204	<b>#</b>	<b></b>	<b>*</b>	± 24.722.204
Cash Receivables:	\$ 24,723,294	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,723,294
Developer	_	_	_	(8,400)	(8,400)
Fees and charges	_	_	_	18,936	18,936
Interest	118,619	118,117	4,186	85,761	326,683
Other	2,137,076	,	-	-	2,137,076
Due from other funds	863,939	-	-	-	863,939
Restricted cash	29,445	26,488,189	1,258,920	18,745,086	46,521,640
Total Assets	\$ 27,872,373	\$ 26,606,306	\$1,263,106	\$ 18,841,383	\$ 74,583,168
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 476,572	\$ 13,571	\$ -	\$ 2,375,032	\$ 2,865,175
Contracts payable	47,480	2,084,059	-	-	2,131,539
Salaries payable	221,002	-	-	-	221,002
Due to other funds	-	-	-	863,939	863,939
Developers payable				8,058,925	8,058,925
Total Liabilities	745,054	2,097,630		11,297,896	14,140,580
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS</b> Deferred inflows from grantors	2,137,022				2,137,022
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted:					
Debt service	-	-	1,263,106	-	1,263,106
Drainage assessments	-	-	-	7,543,487	7,543,487
Committed:					
Construction	36,011	24,508,676	-	-	24,544,687
Assigned:					- 4
General obligations	7,611,544	-	-	-	7,611,544
Unassigned	17,342,742				17,342,742
Total Fund Balances	24,990,297	24,508,676	1,263,106	7,543,487	58,305,566
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
and Fund Balances	\$ 27,872,373	\$ 26,606,306	\$1,263,106	\$ 18,841,383	\$ 74,583,168

# FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF COMBINED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (DEVELOPER PAYABLE AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS INCLUDED AS A LIABILITY) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Capital Project	Debt Service	PPDA Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes and subventions Assessment tax revenue Drainage fees - cash	\$ 11,965,054 8,256,262	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - - 3,532,976	\$ 11,965,054 8,256,262 3,532,976
Drainage fees - noncash Fees and charges for services Interest and rental revenue	1,941,865 531,467	- - 480,588	- 19,136	1,953,266 - 374,023	1,953,266 1,941,865 1,405,214
Grants, loans, and contributions Miscellaneous	1,326,991 135,307	3,025 		893,301 	2,223,317 135,307
Total revenues	24,156,946	483,613	19,136	6,753,566	31,413,261
Expenditures: Personnel expense Office administration Management support Insurance Professional services Other administrative expense	9,455,115 202,366 87,209 192,467 135,114 254,075	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - 694,934	9,455,115 202,366 87,209 192,467 135,114 949,009
System operations and maintenance Operations center expense Storm water quality management Capital outlay Debt service	2,170,768 248,323 582,654 144,659	3,063,866 	1,936,197	1,863,205 	2,170,768 248,323 582,654 5,071,730 1,936,197
Total expenditures	13,472,750	3,063,866	1,936,197	2,558,139	21,030,952
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	10,684,196	(2,580,253)	(1,917,061)	4,195,427	10,382,309
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from the sale of assets	1,650,423 (8,539,400) 3,079	7,708,964 - -	1,349,250 - 	(2,169,237) 	10,708,637 (10,708,637) 3,079
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,885,898)	7,708,964	1,349,250	(2,169,237)	3,079
Net change in fund balances	3,798,298	5,128,711	(567,811)	2,026,190	10,385,388
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	21,191,999	19,379,965	1,830,917	5,517,297	47,920,178
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 24,990,297	\$ 24,508,676	\$ 1,263,106	\$7,543,487	\$ 58,305,566

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

	General Fund			
	June 30,	June 30,	_	
	2018	2017	Variance	
Revenues:				
Taxes and subventions	\$ 11,965,054	\$ 11,115,875	\$ 849,179	
Assessment tax revenue	8,256,262	8,242,464	13,798	
Fees and charges for services	1,941,865	2,373,462	(431,597)	
Interest and rental revenue	531,467	331,643	199,824	
Grants revenue	1,336,841	1,107,521	229,320	
Miscellaneous	135,307	158,686	(23,379)	
Construction contributions	(9,850)	8,739	(18,589)	
Total revenues	24,156,946	23,338,390	818,556	
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	1,650,423	1,488,881	161,542	
Proceeds from sale of assets	3,079	1,734	1,345	
Total revenues and other				
financing sources	25,810,448	24,829,005	981,443	
Expenditures:				
Personnel expense	9,455,115	8,517,749	937,366	
Office administration	202,366	199,229	3,137	
Management support	87,209	81,641	5,568	
Insurance	192,467	166,147	26,320	
Professional services	135,114	172,850	(37,736)	
Other administrative expense	254,075	267,289	(13,214)	
System operations and maintenance	2,170,768	2,086,228	84,540	
Operations center expense	248,323	205,065	43,258	
Storm water quality management	_ : = / = = =		12,200	
expense	582,654	658,859	(76,205)	
Capital outlay	144,659	172,224	(27,565)	
Total expenditures	13,472,750	12,527,281	945,469	
Other uses:				
Transfers out	8,539,400	10,504,928	(1,965,528)	
Total expenditures and				
other uses	22,012,150	23,032,209	(1,020,059)	
Net change in fund balance	3,798,298	1,796,796	2,001,502	
Fund balance, beginning of year	21,228,010	19,431,214	1,796,796	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 25,026,308	\$ 21,228,010	\$ 3,798,298	

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

		General Fund	
	June 30,	June 30,	Mariana
Revenues:	2018	2017	Variance
Taxes:			
Property taxes - current Property taxes - prior year levies General subventions Other Assessment tax revenue Interest revenue Grant revenue Construction contributions Fees and charges for services: Non-conforming facilities fees Master plan engineering fees Excavation permit fees Recharge maintenance	\$10,754,197 40,636 345,412 824,809 8,256,262 462,304 1,336,841 (9,850) 164,519 233,101 1,059,186 174,752	\$10,193,285 24,461 274,898 623,231 8,242,464 271,938 1,107,521 8,739 198,835 256,005 1,322,050 178,544	\$ 560,912 16,175 70,514 201,578 13,798 190,366 229,320 (18,589) (34,316) (22,904) (262,864) (3,792)
PPDA administration fees Other fees and charges Rental income Miscellaneous	1,372 308,935 69,163 135,307	40,456 377,572 59,705 158,686	(39,084) (68,637) 9,458 (23,379)
Other financing sources: Transfers in Proceeds from sale of assets	1,650,423 3,079	1,488,881 1,734	161,542 1,345
Total revenues and other financing sources	25,810,448	24,829,005	981,443
Expenditures: Personnel expense: Salaries, regular and part-time Payroll related taxes Employee insurance Workers' compensation Retirement Annual leave OPEB contribution Unemployment insurance Temporary help	5,743,250 423,196 1,106,049 63,204 589,178 205,246 1,318,036	5,677,914 415,326 1,034,596 82,020 567,486 134,428 596,012 3,150 6,817	65,336 7,870 71,453 (18,816) 21,692 70,818 722,024 (3,150) 139
Total personnel expense	9,455,115	8,517,749	937,366
Office administration: General office supplies Records and maps Reproduction Office equipment maintenance Communications Postage Printing Courier service	48,844 20,135 5,911 91,535 27,110 5,224 3,415 192	59,995 13,937 6,946 75,495 34,221 5,176 3,415 44	(11,151) 6,198 (1,035) 16,040 (7,111) 48 - 148
Total office administration	202,366	199,229	3,137

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

	General Fund			
	June 30,	June 30,	_	
	2018	2017	Variance	
Expenditures, continued:				
Management support:				
Conferences and meetings	23,207	26,905	(3,698)	
General management	44,463	45,243	(780)	
Professional education	19,539	9,493	10,046	
Total management support	87,209	81,641	5,568	
Insurance:				
Employee bonding	1,558	1,738	(180)	
Notary, trustee, and fiduciary	6,196	6,196	` -	
Directors' liability	7,876	6,073	1,803	
Fire, theft, and office content	24,639	19,878	4,761	
Automobile	15,752	18,363	(2,611)	
General liability	133,890	103,248	30,642	
Deductibles, settlements	2,556	10,651	(8,095)	
Total insurance	192,467	166,147	26,320	
Professional services:				
Legal services	78,180	92,491	(14,311)	
Accounting services	36,645	36,915	` (270)	
Computer support	730	20,636	(19,906)	
Other professional services	15,942	20,759	(4,817)	
Personnel services	2,617	3,604	`(987)	
Benefit administration	1,000	(1,555)	2,555	
Total professional services	135,114	172,850	(37,736)	
Other administrative expense:				
Revenue collection expense	185,685	209,668	(23,983)	
Directors' expense	39,418	35,283	4,135	
Public information	11,621	13,787	(2,166)	
Service charges	5,661	3,409	2,252	
Special events expense	-	5,142	(5,142)	
Miscellaneous expense	1,921		1,921	
Total other administrative				
expense	254,075	267,289	(13,214)	

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

	General Fund		
-	June 30,	June 30,	-
	2018	2017	Variance
Expenditures, continued:		·	_
System operations and maintenance:			
Basin maintenance:			
Developed basin maintenance	575,450	499,844	75,606
Undeveloped basin maintenance	312,909	234,287	78,622
Recharge maintenance	98,018	96,450	1,568
Parks and recreation maintenance	52,548	33,455	19,093
Winter operations	109	27,624	(27,515)
Fence repair	78,419	83,076	(4,657)
Pump operations/maintenance	149,925	249,956	(100,031)
Drainline operations	74,658	98,669	(24,011)
Flood control maintenance:			
Dam operations/maintenance	340,932	243,193	97,739
Channel operations	199,569	217,854	(18,285)
Detention basin operations	100,887	81,799	19,088
Vehicle operations	96,463	90,244	6,219
Vehicle repairs	9,739	10,931	(1,192)
Vehicle supplies	214	1,218	(1,004)
Operation expense	15,247	14,133	1,114
Field equipment maintenance	36,244	40,108	(3,864)
Warehouse expense	691	-	691
Other operations expense	838	4,894	(4,056)
Uniform expense	5,181	5,878	(697)
Telemetry maintenance	7,793	14,999	(7,206)
Environmental management:			
Environmental analysis	4,408	17,788	(13,380)
Water resources planning	7,000	7,000	-
Other environmental management _	3,526	12,828	(9,302)
Total system operations			
and maintenance	2,170,768	2,086,228	84,540
Operations center expense:	407.077	105.610	2 2 2 7
Utilities	107,977	105,610	2,367
Building maintenance	69,466	68,465	1,001
Landscape maintenance	21,776	18,221	3,555
Repairs and rehabilitation	48,813	11,751	37,062
Other operations center	291	1,018	(727)
Total operations center expense	248,323	205,065	43,258
iotai operations tenter expense	270,323	203,003	73,230

## FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

		General Fund	
	June 30,	June 30,	
	2018	2017	Variance
Expenditures, continued:			
Storm water quality management			
expense:			
Municipal NPDES development	45,395	35,091	10,304
Industrial NPDES development	1,566	15,252	(13,686)
SWQM operations/maintenance	210,700	236,714	(26,014)
Municipal NPDES implementation	324,518	371,802	(47,284)
Industrial NPDES implementation	475	-	475
industrial in BES implementation			
Total storm water quality			
management expense	582,654	658,859	(76,205)
management expense	302,034	030,039	(70,203)
Capital autlavu			
Capital outlay:		4 272	(4 272)
Operations center	-	4,372	(4,372)
Office equipment and furniture	60,653	102,522	(41,869)
Field equipment	84,006	65,330	18,676
Total capital outlay	144,659	172,224	(27,565)
Total expenditures	13,472,750	12,527,281	945,469
Other uses:			
Transfers out	8,539,400	10,504,928	(1,965,528)
Total expenditures and			
other uses	22,012,150	23,032,209	(1,020,059)
Net change in fund balance	3,798,298	1,796,796	2,001,502
rece change in rana balance	3// 30/230	1,730,730	2,001,502
Fund balance, beginning of year	21,228,010	19,431,214	1,796,796
rana balance, beginning or year	21,220,010	17,731,217	1,750,790
Fund halance, end of year	\$25 026 308	\$21 228 010	\$ 3 798 298
Fund balance, end of year	\$25,026,308	\$21,228,010	\$ 3,798,298



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, the budgetary comparative statement for the general fund and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2019.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

Fresno, California January 15, 2019