FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

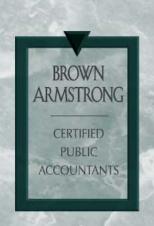
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT JUNE 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)	4
Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	25
Statement of Activities	26
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	27
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	28
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	29
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	30
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	31
Notes to Financial Statements	32
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post Employment Benefits	46
Combining Fund Financial Statements:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Debt Service Fund	47
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Debt Service Fund	48
Combining Balance Sheet – Capital Project Fund – Project Areas	49
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Capital Project Fund – Project Areas	50
Supplementary Schedules:	
Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	51

	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Combined Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability)	55
Schedule of Combined Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability)	56
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Current Year vs. Prior Year – General Fund	57
Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Current Year vs. Prior Year – General Fund	58
Other Report:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	62



BAKERSFIELD OFFICE (MAIN OFFICE)

4200 TRUXTUN AVENUE

SUITE 300

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309

TEL 661.324.4971

FAX 661.324.4997

EMAIL info@bacpas.com

FRESNO OFFICE

7673 N. INGRAM AVENUE

SUITE 101

FRESNO, CA 93711

TEL 559,476,3592

FAX 559.476.3593

PASADENA OFFICE

260 S. LOS ROBLES AVENUE

SUITE 310

PASADENA, CA 91101

TEL 626.204.6542

FAX 626.204.6547

STOCKTON OFFICE

5250 CLAREMONT AVENUE

SUITE 237

STOCKTON, CA 95207

TEL 209.451.4833

REGISTERED with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board and MEMBER of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Fresno, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-24 and schedule of funding progress for other post employment benefits on page 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining fund financial statements and the supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and the supplementary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedules on pages 55 and 56 include the effects of recording a liability to developers in the special revenue fund. This liability is not actually payable from the fund's assets at June 30, 2015. Developers will only be paid when the improvements, which have been financed by the developers, are later reimbursed by the owners of the property benefited by these improvements. The schedules also include the gross amount of contracts payable for awarded contracts rather than presenting the liability net of the percent incomplete. This amount is presented by management to present the amount of resources required in future periods to reduce those liabilities.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BROWN ARMSTRONG

Scountancy Corporation

Secountancy Corporation

Bakersfield, California January 20, 2016

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

This section of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District's (the District) Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview of the District and its programs along with an analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information presented in our financial statements.

INTRODUCTION

The District is a "special act" district, created by the electorate to provide fully coordinated and comprehensive stormwater management and related services on a regional basis through a quasi-joint powers relationship among the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno.

In the following sections, the mission, history, and organization of the District are presented, as well as an overview of District services and programs.

GOAL AND MISSION OF THE DISTRICT

The mission of the District is to control and manage the flood, storm, and surface and groundwater resources of the area, so as to prevent damage, injury, and inconvenience; to conserve such waters for

local, domestic, and agricultural use; and to maximize the public use and benefit of the District's programs and infrastructure.

The District is a service agency created by and for the benefit of the community. Its goal is to meet the flood control, drainage, and water resources management needs of its constituency, while adhering to high standards of performance, environmental sensitivity, economic efficiency, and maximization of public benefit.

The District works to address stormwater and related water resource problems and needs, while seeking to prevent the creation of new problems. The District strives to achieve these goals within the reasonable time and economic parameters



McKinley and Fairfax 1962

established through collective community discussion and decision-making as entrusted to the District Board of Directors. As a service agency, it is the District's responsibility to respond to the community's needs for technical information; resources conservation; and facility construction, operation, and maintenance.

DISTRICT HISTORY

The District exists as a direct creation of the electorate of the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area. Until June 5, 1956, the responsibility for stormwater management and related functions was vested individually in the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno. Until that time, stormwater management generally consisted of independent, site-specific actions intended only to alleviate individual problem locations, but failing to create comprehensive solutions. In response to the rapidly increasing number of stormwater management problems and the inability of the three independent jurisdictions to provide an effective, coordinated solution, a citizens' committee formed to explore alternatives.

The result of the citizens' efforts was draft legislation creating a "special act" district designed to mandate a quasi-joint powers relationship among the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and the County of Fresno, which would provide the desired stormwater management services. The act is known as the Fresno



Downtown 1925

Metropolitan Flood Control District Act of 1955 (the District Act) and was signed into law on May 13, 1955. The District Act became law on September 17, 1955, subject to voter approval. On June 5, 1956, the District Act was ratified by a five-to-one majority vote (32,030 voting in favor, 5,974 voting in opposition) and was established as Chapter 73 of the California Water Code appendix. Additional information is available from the District's web site at www.fresnofloodcontrol.org.

OVERVIEW OF DISTRICT SERVICES AND PROGRAMS

District Service Area

The District is located in the north-central portion of Fresno County between the San Joaquin and raters within an urban and rural footbill watershed

Kings rivers. The District is authorized to control stormwaters within an urban and rural foothill watershed of approximately 400 square miles, known as the Fresno County Stream Group. The watershed extends eastward into the Sierra Nevada to an elevation of approximately 4,500 feet above sea level. The District service area includes most of the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area (excluding the community of Easton), and unincorporated lands to the east and northeast.



Basin D on Forkner Ave.

Flood Control Program

The District's flood control program consists of a system of facilities and operations which control the flows from several low-elevation streams that drain a part of the west slope of the Sierra Nevada between the San Joaquin These streams are and Kings rivers. collectively referred to as the Fresno County Stream Group. The system is currently composed of eight major flood control facilities and many related streams and channel features. The District is the local sponsor of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps) Redbank-Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project, which consists of five of the system's

For the purposes of program planning, structure, service delivery, and financing, a distinction is made between flood control and local drainage services. The flood control program relates to the control, containment, and safe disposal of stormwaters that flow onto the valley floor from the eastern streams. The local drainage program relates to the collection and safe disposal of stormwater runoff generated within the urban and rural watersheds or "drainage areas." These and other major District programs are introduced below and described in detail in the District's Service Plan. All are closely integrated and coordinated to provide efficient, comprehensive services. Collectively, these facilities comprise the "Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan."



Redbank Creek Reservoir, Fresno County

major facilities. Through its contract with the federal government, the District is responsible for construction costs sharing, land acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the Redbank-Fancher Creeks project. The District is also responsible for construction, operation, and maintenance of additional, non-federal flood control facilities required to control the stream group, and for flood plain management.

Rural Streams Program

Between the easterly boundary of the planned urban stormwater drainage system and the District's eastern boundary, there are approximately 175 miles of streams and channels, many of which are severely obstructed. The District has implemented the rural streams program to preserve, restore, and maintain these channels, and to complete any additional facilities necessary to safely convey storm flows through the rural area and the downstream urban area. The rural streams program includes activities to secure and maintain drainage amenities necessary for rural lands within the watershed.

Local Stormwater Drainage Program

The District's local stormwater drainage system consists of storm drains, detention and retention basins, and pump stations, some of which discharge to irrigation canals, creeks, and the San Joaquin River. The system is designed to retain and infiltrate as much runoff as possible. The District's Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan includes 163 adopted or proposed drainage areas, each providing service to approximately one to two square miles. All but five of the developed drainage areas are served by a retention or detention facility. Local drainage services include topographic mapping; Master Plan engineering and facility design; system construction, operation, and maintenance; and engineering design services to ensure adequate drainage for new development.

Stormwater Quality Management Program

In compliance with the Federal Clean Water Act and implementing stormwater permit regulations, the District and four other local public agencies (County of Fresno, City of Fresno, City of Clovis, and California State University (CSU) Fresno) developed a Stormwater Quality Management Program to be implemented in the Fresno-Clovis metropolitan area. The program proposal was submitted to the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) as a part of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Program (NPDES) municipal stormwater permit process. The RWQCB incorporated into the permit specific program requirements, including best management practices to prevent and reduce stormwater pollutants. The NPDES permit was originally issued to the participating agencies in September 1994, and was renewed in March 2001 and again on May 30, 2013. The permit is scheduled to expire in May 30, 2018.

As owner and operator of the stormwater drainage system serving the metropolitan area, the District has primary responsibility for implementing this mandated program. The Stormwater Quality Management Program includes specific pollution prevention and control practices for urban drainage system planning, design, construction, and maintenance. The program also includes public education to prevent stormwater pollution, municipal operations control measures, commercial and industrial control measures, illicit discharges control measures, and control measures associated with planning and land development. The program also includes monitoring to assess stormwater impacts on receiving water and methodologies to evaluate the effectiveness of targeted best management practices, and development and implementation of ordinances to effect and enforce stormwater quality controls.

Water Conservation Program

Water conservation benefits are a design objective of the Flood Control and Urban Drainage Systems, which detain and retain stormwater runoff for groundwater recharge. The District also maintains groundwater recharge contracts with the Fresno Irrigation District (FID) and the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, which provide for dry season delivery of imported surface water into many of the District's local stormwater drainage retention basins. Through cooperative agreements with the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, the District continually investigates the feasibility of building additional interties between the surface water channels and basins, and otherwise expanding the system, to increase the system's water conservation capabilities. When practical, the District will irrigate with surface water to preserve higher quality water for commercial or industrial use.

Recreation Program

The District includes landscaping of urban basin sites with turf, trees, and irrigation systems as part of the improvements in the drainage system. The landscaping stabilizes the soil, adds a green and open space area with aesthetic appeal, and provides the opportunity for recreational activities. Basins in residential areas are designed with depths and slopes that permit large open basin floors to be landscaped and

available for passive or active recreational activities. Non-residential basins are designed with depths and slopes that are not accommodative to public access. These basins are only landscaped around the top perimeter and are not available for recreational access. The basins in residential areas are made available for recreational use during the dry weather season and are commonly used for public open space, playing fields, and other organized and unorganized recreation. Organized recreation is controlled by the District through facility use agreements. The District has cooperated with the Cities of Fresno and Clovis to provide active recreational features, such as baseball fields and playgrounds. The District has improved three sites with recreational features specifically designed for use by physically challenged citizens.



Oso De Oro Park, Basin "D"

Wildlife Management Program

The District's flood control and urban stormwater drainage programs provide benefits to wildlife. The District's flood control reservoirs and rural streams provide riparian habitat for many birds and other



Canada Geese

animals. Through implementation of a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), which serves as a section 1601 Master Streambed Alteration Agreement between the District and the Department of Fish & Game (DFG), authorized rural stream activities, including channel flow capacity restoration, are intended to accomplish long-term net benefits for fish, wildlife, water quality, native plants, and stream habitat. Furthermore, the Master MOU provides for wildlife habitat improvement to be incorporated comprehensively into District stream restoration projects in lieu of imposing incremental requirements on a project-by-project basis, and results in a net benefit to wildlife and habitat.

The District has also designated three areas at its reservoirs as existing or potential wildlife habitat. Many urban retention basins also provide wildlife benefits. The District has implemented the wildlife program to conserve and enhance habitats in its facilities, and to provide related environmental education and awareness opportunities to the public.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION

District Board of Directors

A seven member Board of Directors (the Board) governs the District. The Fresno City Council appoints four members; the Fresno County Board of Supervisors appoints two members; and the Clovis City Council appoints one member. Each director serves a 4-year term and may be re-appointed for consecutive terms. Board meetings normally occur on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. The Board must approve the District budget, fees and assessments, direct matters of policy and enact ordinances, and perform other responsibilities authorized and required by the District Act.

Assets

The District's physical assets consist of the flood control and local drainage structures and real property, the operations center, and equipment. With the completion of the District's system of flood control facilities, the flows of the stream group will be controlled by eight major flood control structures (dams, reservoirs, and detention basins) and other appurtenant facilities. The five major components of the system initially constructed with the Corps as the Redbank-Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project were completed in December 1993 at a total cost of \$67,004,005.

As of June 30, 2015, the District had invested \$75,279,165 for land and \$280,908,779 for infrastructure building the Local Stormwater Drainage System. This value represents the actual costs at the time of construction, and does not reflect the current value of the system to the community.

Revenue Sources and Financing

The financing program of the District includes five major categories of revenues. These include (1) general property tax; (2) assessments; (3) capital construction contributions by other public agencies; (4) fees and service charges; and (5) grants. In addition to these, the District receives minor miscellaneous revenues such as rents and leases, interest, and an occasional gift. The general authority to receive or collect such revenues is set forth in the District's enabling legislation, other state legislation under which the District is an eligible participant, and through joint powers relationships in which the District participates.

Organizational Structure and Functions

District Personnel

For the fiscal year 2014-2015, the Board of Directors authorized 77 full-time positions. Organizational functions are separated into two primary divisions: administration and engineering. The General Manager-Secretary, District Engineer, and support staff perform District administration. Major administrative functions include accounting, assessment collection, office management and clerical support, land acquisition, legal services, community relations, information systems, and environmental resources management.

District engineering functions include system master planning, design, construction, development review, and facility operations and maintenance. These duties are performed by staff engineering personnel, consultants, and contractors under the direction of the District General Manager-Secretary through the District Engineer.

System operations and maintenance activities involve District field staff that monitor all facility operations, perform pump maintenance and equipment repairs, facilitate water diversions and deliveries, and investigate illegal dumping and nuisance complaints related to the storm drain system. Field staff monitors the performance of contractors that provide maintenance services and direct maintenance crews that perform pipeline system cleaning on a contract basis to the District. Field staff also performs inspections of all construction projects to ensure conformance to District design and construction standards.

District engineering staff performs master plan and design engineering for the rural streams system, reviews and comments on development entitlement applications within the District boundaries, and directs the master planning and design engineering of the urban storm drainage systems performed by the District's consultants. Staff administers the Drainage Fee Ordinance of the three land use entitlement agencies (City of Fresno, County of Fresno, and the City of Clovis) and administers a system of reimbursements for developers who advance facility construction in excess of their drainage fee obligation.

Outsourcing to Private Contractors and Consultants

The District contracts with private entities for many administrative, environmental, and engineering services; for most maintenance services; and for all appraisal and construction services. Legal services and legislative review are performed through an agreement with private legal counsel. Community relations activities and many environmental resources planning and compliance activities are performed through professional service contracts. Master plan design engineering is performed by staff plus private engineering firms under professional service contracts. Maintenance of all dams, reservoirs, basins, pipeline systems, and all construction activity are contracted with private enterprise entities. Approximately \$6.2 million in expenditures were outsourced during the current fiscal year.

Storm Drainage System

The Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan includes a five-year construction schedule which includes projects managed on a priority basis. The urban Master Plan calls for the construction of basin facilities with an interconnected network of underground pipes and above ground conveyance facilities. The Master Plan is subdivided into 170 urban drainage areas and rural watersheds. Each drainage area has at least one basin, and a network of underground pipelines. In recent years, pump stations and telemetry have been added to basin sites to improve the efficiency of moving stormwater through the system.

BASINS Ponding Basin Ground Water

Ponding basins vary in size from the smallest 4.2 acre site at "CC" to 33 acres for Basin "DP".



The drainage system is comprised of pipes as large as 96 inches and as small as 18 inches.

CONSTRUCTION OF A PUMP STATION













FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF NET POSITION								
J	une 30, 2015		June 30, 2014					
			_					
\$	14,845,765	\$	(7,896,355)	\$	22,742,120			
	485,013		71,465		413,548			
	31,610,883		17,006,440		14,604,443			
	271,344,314		(3,593,210)		274,937,524			
\$	318,285,975	\$	5,588,340	\$	312,697,635			
\$	2,891,347	\$	2,244,459	\$	646,888			
	-		(138,135)		138,135			
	1,631,017		(43,392)		1,674,409			
	17,480,406		(1,328,597)		18,809,003			
	22,002,770		734,335		21,268,435			
	255,281,113		(2,298,226)		257,579,339			
	1,780,634		22,225		1,758,409			
	27,462,208		5,546,507		21,915,701			
	11,759,250		1,583,499		10,175,751			
\$	296,283,205	\$	4,854,005	\$	291,429,200			
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 14,845,765 \$ 14,845,765 \$ 485,013 \$ 31,610,883 \$ 271,344,314 \$ 318,285,975 \$ 2,891,347 - 1,631,017 17,480,406 22,002,770 255,281,113 1,780,634 27,462,208 11,759,250	\$ 14,845,765 \$ 485,013 31,610,883 271,344,314 \$ 318,285,975 \$ \$ 1,631,017 17,480,406 22,002,770 255,281,113 1,780,634 27,462,208 11,759,250	\$ 14,845,765 \$ (7,896,355)	\$ 14,845,765 \$ (7,896,355) \$ 485,013 71,465 31,610,883 17,006,440 (3,593,210) \$ 318,285,975 \$ 5,588,340 \$ \$ 2,891,347 \$ 2,244,459 \$ (138,135) \$ 1,631,017 (43,392) 17,480,406 (1,328,597) \$ 22,002,770 734,335 \$ 255,281,113 (2,298,226) \$ 1,780,634 22,225 27,462,208 5,546,507 11,759,250 1,583,499			

Statement of Net Position-Total Assets

The total assets of the District increased \$5,588,340 from the prior year. Capital assets decreased \$3,593,210 net of depreciation. Non-Capital assets, which are comprised of cash and receivables on hand at the end of the fiscal period, increased \$9,181,550. The District saw an increase in receivables of \$71,465, and an increase in restricted and a decrease in unrestricted cash on hand of \$9,110,085.

Statement of Net Position-Total Liabilities

As of the end of the year, total liabilities increased \$734,335. Current liabilities increased \$2,106,324. Non-current liabilities decreased \$1,371,989 over the prior year. Non-current liabilities include the liability for Other Post Employment Benefits.

Statement of Net Position-Net Position

As of the end of the year, assets exceeded liabilities by \$296,283,205 (net position). Unrestricted Net Position increased \$1,583,499 to \$11,759,250 and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Restricted Net Position, which may only be used for construction or debt service, increased by \$5,568,732. The Net Investment in Capital Assets decreased \$2,298,226 to \$255,281,113.

the Year Ending June 30, 2015 624,797 4,382,191 5,006,988 9,899,648 8,188,793 594,580 212,126	\$ 	(3,202) (3,047,475) (3,050,677) 430,599 19,786		627,999 7,429,666 8,057,665
4,382,191 5,006,988 9,899,648 8,188,793 594,580 212,126	\$	(3,047,475) (3,050,677) 430,599 19,786	\$	7,429,666
4,382,191 5,006,988 9,899,648 8,188,793 594,580 212,126	\$ 	(3,047,475) (3,050,677) 430,599 19,786	\$	7,429,666
4,382,191 5,006,988 9,899,648 8,188,793 594,580 212,126	\$ 	(3,047,475) (3,050,677) 430,599 19,786	\$ 	7,429,666
5,006,988 9,899,648 8,188,793 594,580 212,126	-	(3,050,677) 430,599 19,786		
9,899,648 8,188,793 594,580 212,126		430,599 19,786		8,057,665
8,188,793 594,580 212,126		19,786		
8,188,793 594,580 212,126		19,786		
594,580 212,126		,		9,469,049
212,126		00.055		8,169,007
		99,053		495,527
		192,527		19,599
26,567		20,640		5,927
18,921,714		762,605		18,159,109
23,928,702		(2,288,072)		26,216,774
2,489,626		(332,808)		2,822,434
15,957,006		(1,298,323)		17,255,329
628,065		(98,515)		726,580
19,074,697		(1,729,646)		20,804,343
4,854,005		(558,426)		5,412,431
291,429,200		5,412,431		286,016,769
206 283 205	\$	4,854,005	\$	291,429,200
	2,489,626 15,957,006 628,065 19,074,697 4,854,005	2,489,626 15,957,006 628,065 19,074,697 4,854,005 291,429,200	2,489,626 (332,808) 15,957,006 (1,298,323) 628,065 (98,515) 19,074,697 (1,729,646) 4,854,005 (558,426) 291,429,200 5,412,431	2,489,626 (332,808) 15,957,006 (1,298,323) 628,065 (98,515) 19,074,697 (1,729,646) 4,854,005 (558,426) 291,429,200 5,412,431

Changes in Net Position

Net position increased \$558,425 less than the prior year for a net increase of \$4,854,004. Revenues decreased \$2,286,418 primarily due to a decrease in Program Revenues of \$2,986,277 and an increase of \$430,599 in Property Tax Revenues. Total Functions and Program Expenses decreased \$1,727,993 due to a decrease of General Government and Flood Control Systems.

Governmental Funds-Fund Balance Reporting Requirements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 requires all governmental entities to implement changes to governmental fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 54 requires that the new requirements must be implemented for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2010. It changes the presentation of the elements of the fund balance. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarified the definitions of special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, and their relationship to the General Fund. GASB Statement No. 54 challenges norms that have been in place since fiscal year 2002. Listed are the Fund Balance Categories:

- Nonspendable fund balances are balances in permanent funds. This could apply to nonrestricted long-term receivables.
- **Restricted** fund balances are legally enforceable requirements that the resources can only be used for specific purposes enumerated in the law. This would apply to the District's Debt Service and PPDA Trust Funds.
- **Committed** fund balances are balances that the District's Board has approved for construction for the fiscal year. This would apply to the District's Capital Project Fund.
- Assigned fund balances are amounts intended for a specific purpose by the government entities
 management team. This would apply to general obligations including payroll and overhead
 expenses in the District's General Fund.
- **Unassigned** fund balances are amounts available for any purpose. They are not precluded by a management decision in the General Fund.

The fund balance categories focus largely on the nature of inflows in relation to laws and management decisions. Reserves will no longer be presented, nor will encumbrances, in the fund financial statements. Reserves are either renamed as restricted, committed, or assigned balances.

FRESNO METRO SUMMARY BALA		FLOOD CONTRO					
	Ju	ine 30, 2015		Change	June 30, 2014		
ASSETS Cash and Investments	c	44.045.705	Φ.	(7,000,055)	Φ.	00 740 400	
Receivable:	\$	14,845,765	\$	(7,896,355)	\$	22,742,120	
Taxes		16,383		(1,163)		17,546	
Developer		83,454		64,681		18,773	
Fees and Charges		220,946		21,196		199,750	
Other		120,172		45,547		74,625	
Due from Other Funds		848,703		177,137		671,566	
Restricted Cash		31,610,883		17,006,440		14,604,443	
Total Assets	\$	47,746,306	\$	9,417,483	\$	38,328,823	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	2,703,363	\$	2,232,645	\$	470,718	
Contracts Payable (See Supplemental	•	,,	,	, - ,	•	,	
Schedule on Pg. 54)		31,329		(13,052)		44,381	
Salaries Payable		156,655		24,866		131,789	
Due to Other Funds		848,703		177,137		671,566	
Unearned Revenue		-		(138,135)		138,135	
Liability for Compensated Absences				(64,420)		64,420	
Total Liabilities		3,740,050		2,219,041		1,521,009	
Fund Balances:							
Restricted:							
Debt Service		1,780,634		22,225		1,758,409	
Drainage Assessments		12,567,181		621,887		11,945,294	
Committed:							
Construction		14,895,027		4,924,620		9,970,407	
Assigned:							
General Obligations		7,085,006		(39,697)		7,124,703	
Unassigned:		7,678,408		1,669,407		6,009,001	
Total Fund Balances		44,006,256		7,198,442		36,807,814	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	47,746,306	\$	9,417,483	\$	38,328,823	

Fund Balance-Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2015, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$44,006,256, an increase of \$7,198,442. Total assets increased \$9,417,483 for the period, unrestricted cash and investments and liquidity decreased \$7,896,355 during the period.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The statements are comprised of four components:

- 1) Government-Wide Financial Statements
- 2) Fund Financial Statements
- 3) Notes to Financial Statements
- 4) Supplementary Information

Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of District finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The <u>Statement of Net Position</u>, which is similar to a Balance Sheet, presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.
- ❖ The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, instead of when the related cash flows in or out. Revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as the collection of year-end Accounts Receivable or the payment of year-end Accounts Payable.
- The governmental activities or programs of the District include general government, flood control system, and interest on long-term debt.

Fund Financial Statements are designed to report information about groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the District are *governmental funds*.

❖ Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of each fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the District's projects and operations.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds' <u>Balance Sheet</u> and the governmental funds' <u>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances</u> provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between Governmental Funds and Governmental Activities.

The <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenditures</u>, and <u>Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual-General Fund</u> provides a comparison to the adopted budget and the activities of the General Fund.

Governmental Fund Structure:

The District maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general, debt service, capital project, and an expendable trust fund). Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for each of these funds.

General Fund:

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. Generally, all revenue resources are recorded in the General Fund and allocated to the Capital Project Fund or Debt Service Fund by Board action through its adopted Budget. These allocated resources are transferred as the resources become available.

PPDA Trust Fund (Drainage Fees):

This fund is an expendable trust fund that is used to account for Developer Impact fees (Drainage Fees) received from the development community. These fees, commonly called Assembly Bill (AB) 1600 fees, are used to pay for the construction of Master Planned Facilities either by the Developer or the District. A trust account has been established for each planned local drainage area. As drainage fees are received, they are deposited in this fund and are allocated to the appropriate planned local drainage areas. The ending fund balance is restricted by statute. Expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Reporting of fund balance, revenue, and expenditure activity is done monthly, quarterly, and yearly.

These resources are restricted and may only be used to:

- a. Construct drainage facilities,
- b. Reimburse Developers for obligations resulting from construction activity,
- c. Pay for debt service obligations whose funds were used exclusively to purchase or build planned facilities,
- d. Reimburse construction expenditures of the General Fund for construction in a specific planned local drainage area,
- e. Reimburse Developer Construction Agreement administrative costs, or
- f. Reimburse the General Fund for engineering costs for Master Plan engineering related development services.

Capital Project Fund:

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources to be used to construct Master Plan capital facilities. Funding comes from the General Fund. The District Budget allocates resources in this fund to support the Capital Project construction program for all planned drainage areas of the master plan and rural facilities. This fund includes a number of sub-funds with resources for specific projects. The ending fund balance is restricted by Board action for use for capital facilities only.

Debt Service Fund:

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for all Debt Service. Funding comes from the General Fund. The Debt Service Fund includes resources for the debt service payments for the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan and the State of California revolving loan that were used to purchase or construct Master Planned facilities. As of the end of the fiscal year, there were sufficient resources to make loan payments during the first six months of the next fiscal year.

* Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Combining Fund Financial Statements provide information for the major governmental funds, and are presented following the notes to the financial statements.

Combining Balance Sheet – Debt Service Fund

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Debt Service Fund

These statements present the fiscal year activities and the resources available as of June 30, 2015, for the obligations of the District's Debt Service Fund. Debt service accounts for the State of California revolving loan and the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan are part of this fund.

Combining Balance Sheet - Capital Project Fund - Project Areas

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Capital Project Fund – Project Areas

These statements present the fiscal year activities and the resources available as of June 30, 2015, for the obligations of the District's Capital Project Fund. Each of the sub funds show resources currently allocated and available for construction activity in those project areas.

Supplementary Schedules include:

Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund

This schedule compares actual results to the final adopted budget.

Schedule of Combined Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability) and Schedule of Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Developer Payable and Construction Contracts Included as a Liability)

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), requires the use of the percentage of completion method for capital construction projects, which reduces the year-end liability for outstanding construction contracts of \$1,271,841 by \$1,240,512 (the amount that is not yet complete). GAAP also precludes the District from recording as a liability of its PPDA Trust Fund, the liability due to the development community of \$8,577,817 for amounts owed by it because of the contingent nature of that liability. It is contingent, as the reimbursement obligation from the Special Revenue Fund to the developers, because the repayment obligation expires after 20 years. Payments are made semi-annually to the Development Community based upon the current collection of fees. Management presents this schedule as the GAAP adjustment materially increases the ending fund balance and understates the potential obligations of the District as of the end of the fiscal year. The purpose of this statement is to show the financial obligations and financial impact on the District's governmental funds as though these rules did not exist. Management believes this reflects a better picture of the liabilities due from its operations.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Current Year vs. Prior Year - General Fund

This schedule compares actual results for the current year to the actual results of the prior year. It is not intended to show compliance with the budget, but to show how the results for the current year compare to the results of the prior year.

Detailed Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Current Year vs. Prior Year - General Fund

This schedule is a line by line detail of the previous schedule.

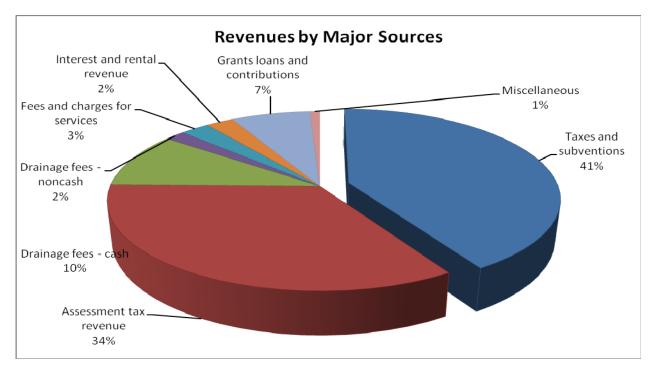
ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

REVENUES

Property Tax Revenue Loss:

After the passage of Proposition (Prop) 13 in 1978, the California legislature enacted legislation that changed the allocation and apportionment of property tax revenues to local governments and public schools. In 1978-79 to help local government deal with the significant revenue loss associated with Prop 13, the State offered agencies bail-out funds. For those agencies, like the District, who took bail-out

funds in 1978-79, the State, in 1979-80, converted the bail-out funds to property tax allocations by reducing property taxes allocated to local education and re-allocating those property taxes to local government. From 1980 through 1992, those property taxes grew based upon a formula developed by the State called the "AB-8" formula. The AB-8 legislation was designed to provide local agencies and public schools with a property tax base that would grow as assessed property values increased. Under that formula, property tax allocations were comprised of a base amount (which is equal to the amount of property taxes received in the prior fiscal year) and a proportionate share of any incremental growth (which is the growth or reduction in the property taxes from one year to the next). Beginning in fiscal year 1992-93, the legislature enacted legislation that shifted a portion of local property tax revenues from local public agencies back to the public schools to meet the State's Proposition 98 mandates. This legislation was known as the Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund or "ERAF." In 1992-93, the District lost \$1,475,500 of its base property tax revenue to ERAF. In 1993-94, the State enacted legislation titled ERAF II that limited the ERAF I computation to the current value of the property taxes allocated to local government from schools in 1979-80. In 2003-04, the legislature enacted a two year amendment to the ERAF formula called ERAF III. For the two fiscal years 2004-05 and 2005-06, an additional \$438,197 of District property tax revenues was shifted to schools. In 2004, the District discovered an error in the computation of the original 1992-93 ERAF I and 1993-94 ERAF II. This error was verified by the audit staff of the State Controller's office and determined to be a loss of \$633,000. After working with the Fresno County Auditor-Controller's Office and the State Controller's office, it was determined the only way to correct this error was through legislation. In 2007, Juan Arambula introduced AB 263 which was designed to fix the error. The bill received endorsement from local Assembly and Senate Republicans and Democrats and was signed into law on October 11, 2007. As of fiscal year 2014-15, the District's ERAF contribution has grown to an annual revenue loss of \$5,299,193.



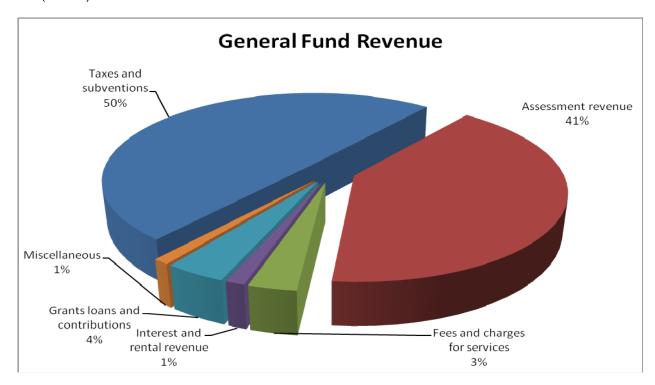
Property Tax Revenues:

Property Tax Revenues, net of the ERAF shift, comprise 50% of the District's General Fund revenues and 41% of the District's total revenues. Property taxes are based upon the District's proportionate share of Fresno County's ad-valorem property tax. The District receives less than 2% of the total countywide property tax revenue collected by the County of Fresno through property tax assessment rolls prepared by the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer-Tax Collector's office.

Property tax revenues are recorded in the General Fund. This category includes current secured taxes, current unsecured taxes, current collections of unsecured taxes for prior periods, any supplemental taxes, and subventions received from the State and allocated by the County of Fresno to the District and homeowners' relief.

Assessments:

Assessment Revenues comprise 34% of the District's total revenue, 41% of the General Fund revenue. Of the assessment revenue, approximately 15% (approximately \$1.2 million) is earmarked for debt service for our California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (CIEDB) loan. Assessment tax revenues are recorded in the General Fund.



Interest and Rental Revenue:

Interest revenue is recorded in all funds while rental revenues are recorded only in the General Fund.

Fees and Charges for Services:

Fees and Charges are recorded in the General Fund. This income category includes charges for Non-Conforming Facilities; Master Plan Engineering Fees; Excavation Permits; reimbursements for recharge maintenance; PPDA Administration Fees; and other miscellaneous fees, charges, and income.

Drainage Fees:

Drainage Fees are recorded only in the PPDA Trust Fund. A cash fee is collected and recorded when the fee charged exceeds any construction requirement. An in lieu or non-cash fee is recorded when a developer constructs qualifying master planned facilities and those costs are deducted from the cash fee owed.

Grants, Loans, and Construction Contributions:

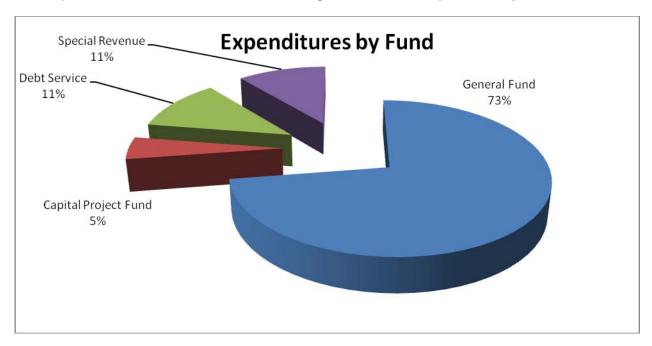
Grants and construction contributions are both recorded in multiple funds. General Fund activity primarily reflects contributions and grants from other public agencies, while Developers make up the primary contributors of capital in the PPDA Trust Fund. General Fund grant income is recorded on a reimbursement basis. Revenue is recognized on the accrual basis. PPDA Trust Fund contribution revenues represent the value of contributions by Developers of master plan facilities through the developer agreement process. These contributions do not create expendable resources.

Other Financing Sources-Operating Transfers In:

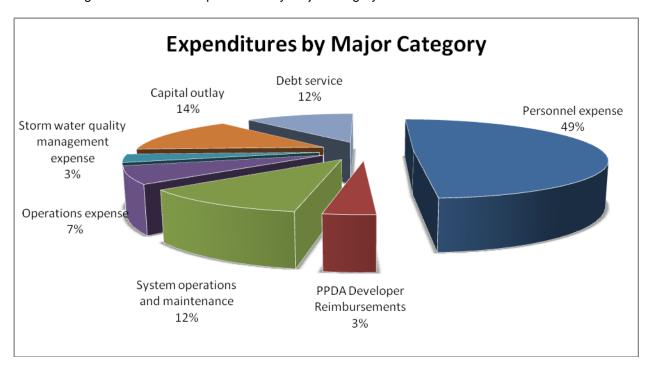
Operating Transfers represent the movement of cash from one fund to another. The Capital Project Fund is funded primarily from resources of the PPDA Trust Fund and allocations by the Board of available resources in the General Fund. The Debt Service Fund is funded primarily from the General Fund.

EXPENDITURES

Total expenditures were \$16,879,286. The following chart shows the expenditures by fund.



The following chart shows the expenditures by major category.



PERSONNEL, SERVICES, AND SUPPLIES

- <u>Personnel Expense</u> represents all costs related to personnel including salaries, benefits, workers' compensation insurance, retirement plans, and temporary services. It represents 44% of total expenditures and was under budget approximately 7%.
- Operations Expense represents all operational expenses including liability insurance, office administration expenses, legal expenses, and supplies. It represents 6% of total expenditures and was under budget approximately 16%.
- <u>Systems Operations and Maintenance</u> includes all expenditures for maintaining the urban and rural drainage facilities. It represents 10% of total expenditures and was approximately 28% under budget. Maintenance expenditures vary based upon how the weather impacts the full implementation of the program.
- Stormwater Quality Management Expense represents those costs associated with the implementation of our NPDES permit. This account group represents 3% of total expenditures and was approximately 39% under budget.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

On June 30, 2015, the District had total loans outstanding of \$16.1 million as compared to \$17.2 million in the prior year. The major components of this balance include \$2.1 million for one California State Revolving Fund loan and \$13.8 million for our California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank loan.

 CALIFORNIA STATE REVOLVING FUND (SRF) LOAN 2 was used almost exclusively for infrastructure purchases.

The total advances for SRF Loan #2 were \$10,000,000. As of June 30, 2015, it has been fully funded and has a balance due of \$2,126,684. Annual debt service payments are \$749,187 and are due each January 5th. The final payment is due January 5, 2018.

• CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK LOAN totaled \$20,000,000 and was used exclusively for infrastructure construction in an older area of the City of Fresno (Drainage Areas "II" & "RR"). As of June 30, 2010, the entire loan had been funded. Annual debt service payments are about \$1.2 million. A principal and interest payment is due each August and interest only payments are due each February. The remaining principal balance due as of June 30, 2015, was \$13,827,730. The final payment is due July 30, 2030.

Other Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2015, other long-term debt totaled \$1,234,164 and included \$1,125,376 in compensated absences and \$108,788 to the City of Fresno.

- Compensated Absences are the current value of accumulated annual leave as of June 30, 2015. Employees can accumulate up to 100 days of service. Any accumulation of annual leave in excess of 100 days is paid out annually.
- Advance from the City of Fresno: The City of Fresno advanced the District \$175,000 without interest to assist in the construction of drainage facilities in drainage areas "KK", "LL", and "AW". The City has agreed to contribute the remaining loan balance of \$108,788 to the District as its share of the Economic Development Administration Grant.

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

- Other Post Employment Benefits is the actuarial value required to be accrued per GASB Statement No. 45 (see the Notes to the Financial Statements).
- For employees hired before May 8, 2013, the District subsidizes the health insurance cost for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District pays 50% of the "full benefit" for employees with more than 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service. The employees who retire after the age of 55 with more than 15 years of service receive a "full benefit."
- Employees hired after May 8, 2013 who retire after age 60 and have completed 15 years of service are eligible to receive a "full benefit."

The Full Benefit: There are two tiers of employee health benefits.

- For employees hired prior to July 1, 1988, the District pays either 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance or 60% of the cost of the employee plus dependents premium.
- For those employees hired after July 1, 1988, the District pays 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance plus 60% of the cost of the additional dependent's premium.
- The District established a Trust fund and has made regular deposits to it to fund the OPEB liability. As of June 30, 2015, the cash balance in that fund was \$2,112,497. In addition, the Board has elected to continue to pay the retiree health premiums in addition to the annual budgeted contribution to this fund. A deposit for the 2015-2016 Budget of \$400,000 was made on October 30, 2015.
- The District's retirement plan is a Defined Contribution plan similar to those found in many non-governmental entities. As a result, District employees tend to retire later than age 55. If this experience continues, then the OPEB liability may be overstated as calculated under GASB Statement No. 45. The impact could reduce the annual required contribution of \$473,147 by as much as \$100,000. The contribution including the payment of retiree health benefits for this year was \$476,831.
- The required actuarial computation includes an "Implicit Liability." This is that portion of the actuarial assumed liability related to the cost difference between an age based plan and a non-aged based plan. As long as the District maintains a non-aged based plan, this implicit liability will never be realized. As of June 30, 2014, the date of the last actuarial computation, the unfunded liability of \$2,893,234 included an implicit liability component of \$572,790.

Chart of Historical Total Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt was used primarily to finance the acquisition of land for basin sites and for the construction of the drainage system. The long-term debt is primarily the result of a \$20 million loan for the construction of the drainage system in Drainage Areas "II" and "RR".

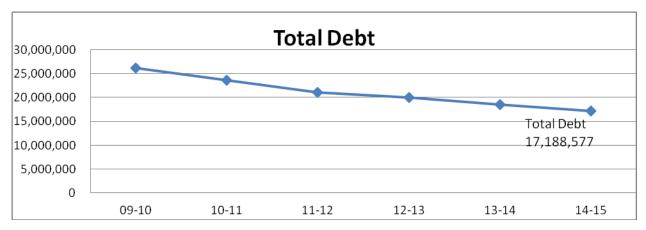
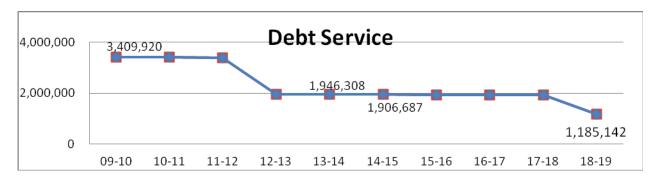


Chart of Historical Debt Service

As of June 30, 2015, all loans had been fully funded and no new loans are anticipated. Debt service has stabilized and has begun a gradual decrease. The annual debt service for 2014-15 was \$1,906,687.



CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Assets: The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015, amounted to \$271,344,314 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, easements, infrastructure, structures and improvements, equipment, and construction in progress. The total decrease in the District's investment in capital assets for the current period is \$3,593,211. Current period depreciation is \$5,909,517. Retirements/Adjustments of assets totaled \$4,668,949 net of depreciation, which includes the \$4,577,620 Work in Progress adjustment for the Corps Project.

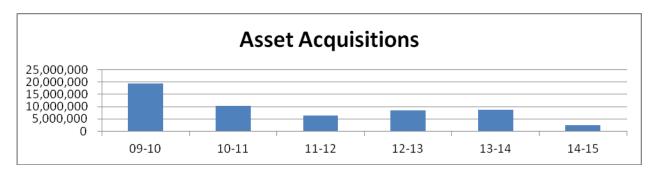
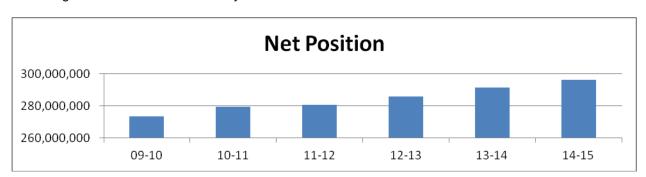


CHART OF NET POSITION

Over the last five years, net position has increased \$22,928,389. A principal reason for the increase is the District's and the Development Community's commitment to constructing new drainage area facilities. The District has constructed \$31,732,413 and the Development Community has constructed \$18,925,209 in drainage area facilities in the last 5 years.



Budgeted capital expenditures for 2014-15 were estimated at \$7,369,785 including \$850,000 in budget contingencies and construction reserves. Actual expenditures were \$830,113 net of \$1,204,501 for percentage incomplete as of June 30, 2015, plus \$136,753 for percentage incomplete as of June 30, 2014. Capital Expenditures in the Expendable Trust Fund totaled \$1,271,042 and were all from development activities. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Land purchases and Construction that began or was ongoing for the following projects budgeted in fiscal year 2014-15 are listed below. The District received a final financial review in January 2015 of the "Redbank and Fancher Creeks Flood Control Project" from the Corps. In accordance with the Local Cooperation Agreement (LCA) between the Department of the Army and the District.

The final accounting indicated a refund of \$62,753.43 to the District which we received on March 24, 2015. The Construction in Progress (CIP) of \$4,577,620 has been outstanding for 27 years. Per the Auditors Approval, this CIP cost has been moved to Land.

URBAN FACILITIES

Drainage area locations are provided to give the reader the general locations. All Drainage Areas are irregular shapes, as they are based on topography. For actual boundaries, please refer to the District's Storm Drainage and Flood Control Master Plan Map.

Drainage Area "3G": This drainage area is located at Barstow and Locan. There was one project in this Drainage Area to construct Street Improvements along Basin 3G Frontage. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$389,982.

Drainage Area "4D": This drainage area is located at Sierra and Clovis. There was one large project in this Drainage Area to construct a Pump Station. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$382,410.

Drainage Area "AA": This drainage area is located at East Holland Ave. Pipeline and Inlets in San Jose Ave east of Del Mar Ave were constructed. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$118,359.

Drainage Area "KK": This drainage area is located near Jensen and Blackstone. One project was completed to construct Storm Drain Facilities in Annadale Ave East of Elm Ave. Construction and engineering costs incurred at the end of the fiscal year were \$148,370.

Over the last few years, the District has experienced a number of thefts of its Inlet Covers. As a result, the District awarded contracts \$118,266 for Type D Inlets. The contracts were for the installation of Safety Frames and Chains to deter theft and increase safety for the public.

RURAL FACILITIES

Big Dry Creek Detention Basin: Basin Grading and Fence Relocation. Construction costs incurred were \$124,777.

Dry Creek Extension Basin: MP Facilities Improvements for the Fanning Ditch Pipeline and Structures. Construction final costs including Storm Water CEQA Analysis, Permit Fees, and Retention were \$28,697.

Fancher Creek Dam & Reservoir: Surface Waterproofing Treatment at Bridges & Spillway. Construction costs incurred were \$300,093.

PPDA (Pre-Paid Drainage Assessment): The District processed and completed five developer agreements during the fiscal year 2014-15. The total capital improvements were \$188,851.

For government-wide financial statement presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of the current fiscal year using the straight-line depreciation method. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

The District's infrastructure assets are recorded at historical costs in the government-wide financial statements as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

LOOKING INTO THE FUTURE

The following summarizes the basic focus and direction of the 2015-16 Budget.

The Budget significantly advances the District commitment to support economic development initiatives of the Cities of Fresno and Clovis and County of Fresno by means of the following:

- 1. For another consecutive year, funding an economic development capital project program.
- 2. Continuing the system excavation program which produces a significant costs savings to the development community in reduced development fees.

As the District's inventory of completed facilities continues to increase, the non-capital expenditures will increase as a percentage of total expenditures. The District continues its commitment to the local economy by its use of local businesses for most of the maintenance services and capital construction programs.

A significant portion of the total storm drainage improvements constructed today occurs through the drainage ordinance process. The Budget continues to be pro-active toward constructing local drainage and flood control systems by allocating a portion of property and assessment revenues to Capital related projects. This includes budget support of drainage system construction in older neighborhoods, construction in support of development, and construction of the Rural Flood Control System.

The Budget continues the District's commitment to the environmental quality and compliance with the stormwater regulations. The total sum of \$882,233 was budgeted for continued water and soil monitoring activities, environmental analysis, and stormwater quality control programs and facilities. Also included is a parks and wildlife element in our Storm Drainage Master Plan.

The Budget addresses the growing operations, maintenance, and repair needs of the District's completed urban and rural facilities through budget allocations totaling \$2,692,625.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This Financial Report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Paul Merrill, Finance Manager, Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District, 5469 East Olive Avenue, Fresno, California 93727. The District's website is at www.fresnofloodcontrol.org.

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

ACCETC	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 14,845,765
Receivable:	
Taxes	16,383
Developer	127,512
Fees and charges	220,946
Other	120,172
Restricted cash	31,610,883
Capital assets:	
Land	75,279,165
Structures and improvements	280,908,779
Office building	5,492,724
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	4,104,088
Accumulated depreciation	(94,440,442)
Total assets	318,285,975
LIABILITIES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	2,703,363
Contracts payable (see supplementary schedule on pg. 54)	31,329
Salaries payable	156,655
Non-current liabilities:	100,000
Due within one year:	
Interest payable	294,042
State revolving loans	689,568
CIEDB loan	647,407
Due in more than one year:	2 ,
Compensated absences	1,125,376
State revolving loans	1,437,115
CIEDB loan	13,180,323
Other post employment benefits liability	1,628,804
Other debt	108,788
Total liabilities	22,002,770
Total habilities	
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	255,281,113
Restricted for:	==, = ,, ==
Debt service	1,780,634
Construction	27,462,208
Unrestricted	11,759,250
Total net position	\$ 296,283,205

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in					
		Program	Revenues	Net Position				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Governmental Activities				
General government Flood control system Interest on long-term debt	\$ 15,957,006 2,489,626 628,065	\$ 624,797 - -	\$ - 4,382,191 -	\$ (15,332,209) 1,892,565 (628,065)				
Total	\$ 19,074,697	\$ 624,797	\$ 4,382,191	(14,067,709)				
	General revenue Taxes: Property taxe Assessment Investment ear Miscellaneous Gain on dispos	9,899,648 8,188,793 594,580 212,126 26,567						
	Total general rev	Total general revenues						
	Change in net po	Change in net position						
	Net position - be	Net position - beginning						
	Net position - en	Net position - ending						

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS		General		Capital Project		Debt Service		PPDA Trust Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$	14,845,765	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14,845,765
Receivable:	Ť	,,	,		,		·		,	,,
Taxes		16,383		-		_		-		16,383
Developer		-		-		-		83,454		83,454
Fees and charges		-		-		-		220,946		220,946
Other		120,172		-		-		-		120,172
Due from other funds		639,526		209,177		-		-		848,703
Restricted cash				14,696,490		1,780,634		15,133,759		31,610,883
Total assets	\$	15,621,846	\$	14,905,667	\$	1,780,634	\$	15,438,159	\$	47,746,306
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	445,120	\$	26,791	\$	-	\$	2,231,452	\$	2,703,363
Contracts payable (see supplementary										
schedule on pg. 54)		11,469		19,860		-		-		31,329
Salaries payable		156,655		-		-		-		156,655
Due to other funds	_	209,177	_					639,526		848,703
Total liabilities		822,421		46,651				2,870,978		3,740,050
Fund balances:										
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		1,780,634		-		1,780,634
Drainage assessments		-		-		-		12,567,181		12,567,181
Committed:										
Construction		36,011		14,859,016		-		-		14,895,027
Assigned:										
General obligations		7,085,006		-		-		-		7,085,006
Unassigned:		7,678,408						-		7,678,408
Total fund balances		14,799,425		14,859,016		1,780,634		12,567,181		44,006,256
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	15,621,846	\$	14,905,667	\$	1,780,634	\$	15,438,159	\$	47,746,306

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total fund balances	\$ 44,006,256
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (net of accumulated depreciation of \$94,440,442).	271,344,314
Certain revenues are not recognized in the governmental funds balance sheet because they are long-term in nature. On the government-wide statement of net position, these revenues are recorded as receivables.	44,058
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not included in the governmental funds balance sheet. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	(19,111,423)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 296,283,205

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General		Capital Project		Debt Service	PPD Trust F		Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:			_						
Taxes and subventions	\$ 9,899,648	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,899,648
Assessment tax revenue	8,188,793		-		-		-		8,188,793
Drainage fees - cash	-		-		-	2,37	5,939		2,375,939
Drainage fees - noncash	-		-		-	43	6,127		436,127
Fees and charges for services	624,797		-		-		-		624,797
Interest and rental revenue	249,772		137,735		12,457	19	4,616		594,580
Grants, loans, and contributions	792,137		-		-	90	1,185		1,693,322
Miscellaneous	 212,126								212,126
Total revenues	 19,967,273		137,735		12,457	3,90	7,867		24,025,332
Expenditures:									
Personnel expense	8,294,164		-		-		-		8,294,164
Office administration	199,585		-		-		-		199,585
Management support	76,685		-		-		-		76,685
Insurance	189,782		-		-		-		189,782
Professional services	262,865		-		-		-		262,865
Other administrative expense	219,444		-		-	57	9,379		798,823
System operations and maintenance	1,934,456		-		-		-		1,934,456
Operations center expense	216,035		-		-		-		216,035
Storm water quality management expense	555,170		-		-		-		555,170
Capital outlay	306,482		830,113		-	1,27	1,042		2,407,637
Debt service	 			1	,944,083				1,944,083
Total expenditures	12,254,668		830,113	1	,944,083	1,85	0,421		16,879,285
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	7,712,605		(692,378)	(1	,931,626)	2 05	7,446		7,146,047
· · ·	 7,7 12,000		(002,010)		,001,020)	2,00	7,110		7,110,017
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in	1,188,805		5,616,998	1	,953,851		1,687		8,781,341
Transfers out	(7,324,095)		-		-	(1,45	7,246)		(8,781,341)
Proceeds from sale of assets	 52,395				-				52,395
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (6,082,895)		5,616,998	1	,953,851	(1,43	5,559)		52,395
Net change in fund balances	1,629,710		4,924,620		22,225	62	1,887		7,198,442
Fund balances, beginning of year	13,169,715		9,934,396	1	,758,409	11,94	5,294		36,807,814
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 14,799,425	\$ 1	4,859,016	\$ 1	,780,634	\$ 12,56	7,181	\$	44,006,256

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 7,198,442
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(3,519,880)
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the net book value of the assets sold.	(25,828)
Certain revenues are recognized in the current year in the government-wide statement of activities under the full accrual basis of accounting and are not recognized in the current year at the fund level. These revenues decrease receivables in the current year in the statement of net position.	(123,197)
Compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period in governmental funds. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned.	29,601
Post employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis of accounting. This year, the difference between the OPEB costs and the actual employer contributions was:	(21,151)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities.	1,316,018
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 4,854,005

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Dodgodo	I A	Actual Amounts	Budget to GAAP	Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	l Amounts Final	Budgetary Basis	Differences Over (Under)	GAAP Basis	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	Original	1 mai	Dasis	Over (Onder)	Daoio	i iliai Baaget
Taxes and subventions	\$ 9,315,255	\$ 9,315,255	\$ 9,899,648	\$ -	\$ 9,899,648	\$ 584,393
Assessment tax revenue	8,280,064	8,280,064	8,188,793	-	8,188,793	(91,271)
Fees and charges for services	405,122	405,122	624,797	-	624,797	219,675
Interest and rental revenue	166,491	279,461	249,772	-	249,772	(29,689)
Grants, loans, and contributions	1,938,401	1,604,681	792,137	-	792,137	(812,544)
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	212,126		212,126	210,126
Total revenues	20,107,333	19,886,583	19,967,273		19,967,273	80,690
Expenditures:						
Personnel expense	8,873,110	8,873,110	8,333,718	39,554	8,294,164	578,946
Office administration	229,844	229,844	199,585	-	199,585	30,259
Management support	99,374	99,374	76,685	-	76,685	22,689
Insurance	204,761	204,761	189,782	-	189,782	14,979
Professional services	400,122	400,122	262,865	-	262,865	137,257
Other administrative expense	278,807	278,807	219,444	-	219,444	59,363
System operations and maintenance	2,694,620	2,663,620	1,934,456	-	1,934,456	729,164
Operations center expense	179,600	210,600	216,035	-	216,035	(5,435)
Storm water quality management expense	911,618	911,618	555,170	-	555,170	356,448
Capital outlay	377,550	409,550	306,482		306,482	103,068
Total expenditures	14,249,406	14,281,406	12,294,222	39,554	12,254,668	2,026,738
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	5,857,927	5,605,177	7,673,051	(39,554)	7,712,605	2,107,428
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	1,100,000	1,132,000	1,188,805	_	1,188,805	56,805
Transfers out	(9,037,252)	(8,703,532)	(7,324,095)	-	(7,324,095)	1,379,437
Proceeds from sale of assets	20,926	20,926	52,395	-	52,395	31,469
Total other financing courses (upper)	(7.046.226)	(7.550.606)	(6,000,005)		(C 000 00E)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,916,326)	(7,550,606)	(6,082,895)		(6,082,895)	1,467,711
Net change in fund balance	(2,058,399)	(1,945,429)	1,590,156	(39,554)	1,629,710	3,575,139
Fund balance - beginning	12,511,260	13,329,914	13,169,715		13,169,715	(160,199)
Fund balance - ending	\$ 10,452,861	\$ 11,384,485	\$ 14,759,871		\$ 14,799,425	\$ 3,414,940
Explanation of Budget to GAAP differences:						
Budget basis for payroll is on the cash basis, and between cash and accrual payroll expenditures as	•	ude the reconcilia	tion	400,000		
Add: Prior year payroll accrual Less: Current year payroll accrual				196,209 (156,655)		
Total:				\$ 39,554		

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District) was formed on June 26, 1956, under provisions of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control Act, Chapter 73 of the Water Code, and uncodified acts of the State of California. The District was organized to provide for the control and conservation of flood, storm, and other waste water in the Fresno, California, metropolitan area.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Standards and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

A. Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The District's financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental type.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities are presented on a consolidated basis and reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis of accounting, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fees and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. The capital grants and contributions column reflects capital-specific grants and contributions. The net costs by function are normally covered by general revenue.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

B. Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The District uses the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

<u>General Fund</u> – is the general operating fund of the District. The fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Capital Project Fund</u> – is used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources restricted for construction of capital facilities. The proceeds are a result of a portion of the levy of special assessments pursuant to the Municipal Improvement Act of the California Streets and Highways Code or levy of assessment taxes pursuant to the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control Act, Chapter 73 of the Appendices to the California Water Code.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – is used to account for resources accumulated to pay principal and interest on long-term debt, including bonded assessments which are levied on specific properties to retire debt established to finance improvements of special benefit to those properties.

<u>PPDA Trust Fund</u> – GASB Statement No. 34 requires that the District's Expendable Trust Fund be presented as a Special Revenue Fund for purposes of financial statement presentation.

The PPDA Trust Fund is used to account for drainage fees collected from developers pursuant to local ordinance codes held by the District in a trustee capacity, which will be expended solely for construction of local drainage facilities within the area from which the fees were collected. The fund was established pursuant to the State of California Subdivision Map Act and local ordinances of the Cities of Fresno and Clovis, the County of Fresno, and the District itself.

Developer fees are held in each planned local drainage area trust account. As the District and the development community construct master plan drainage facilities, they are reimbursed for their construction from these accounts, with the development community's construction having priority over the District's construction reimbursement. Following construction of all the master planned facilities within each planned local drainage area and the payment of all related claims from the trust account, the District shall determine by resolution the amount of surplus, if any, remaining in each fund. Any surplus shall be used for one of the following purposes:

- a) For transfer to the General Fund provided that the amount of the transfer shall not exceed five percent of the total amount expended from the particular fund, and provided that the funds transferred are used to support the operation and maintenance of those facilities for which the fees are collected:
- b) For the construction of additional or modified facilities within the particular drainage area; or
- c) As a refund in the manner provided in the California Government Code.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Non-major funds are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of either fund category or the government combined) for the determination of major funds. For the year ended June 30, 2015, all of the District's individual fund types qualified as major funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting refers to the point in time when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exceptions to this rule are that principal and interest on long-term debt are recognized when due, and for District improvement contracts, the liability is recorded when the contract is awarded, offset by the percent incomplete.

Within the governmental fund types, the measurement focus is the determination of financial position and changes in financial position rather than income determination.

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

An annual budget is adopted by the Board of Directors for the General Fund. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP, except payroll, which is adopted on a cash basis and the budget does not adjust construction for percentage incomplete. No formal budget is adopted by the District for the PPDA Trust Fund, as all funds are restricted by statute, and thus they are excluded from the general funds computation and annual budget. As such, no budget to actual comparison is required to be presented as required supplementary information for the special revenue major fund in accordance with GAAP.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or constructed are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. In the case of acquisitions through gifts or contributions, such assets are recorded at fair value at the time received. The District records at cost the work performed for any construction contracts in progress at year-end. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Structures and improvements 10-50 years Machinery and equipment 4-10 years

F. Capitalization of Interest

Interest incurred on debt during the construction of projects is not capitalized as a cost of the projects.

G. Liability for Earned Compensated Absences

The District's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences, which is attributable to services already rendered, is recorded in the General Fund. The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

H. Tax/Assessment Tax Payment Delinquencies

On October 12, 1993, the Fresno County (the County) Board of Supervisors voted to adopt an alternate method of tax/assessment tax apportionment known as the Teeter Plan, effective fiscal year 1993-94. The Teeter Plan provided a one-time fiscal benefit during fiscal year 1993-94 and in future years offers the District a consistent and predictable amount of tax/assessment tax revenue unaffected by delinquent tax payments. This is accomplished by the fact that the District will receive 100% of its current secured and supplemental tax levy, not just the amount collected, with the County owning the delinquent receivable. The County will apportion the revenue in three installments throughout the year. The Teeter Plan does not apply to unsecured taxes.

Unsecured taxes are due periodically throughout the year and become delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31. The lien date for unsecured tax/assessment tax is March 1 of the preceding fiscal year. All tax/assessment taxes are levied and collected by the County Auditor and are paid to the District as described above.

Tax/assessment tax revenues related to current secured and supplemental taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied, due to the adoption of the Teeter Plan. Also, the adoption of the Teeter Plan eliminates the need for a receivable for these types of property taxes. Tax/assessment tax revenues related to unsecured taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which they become available. Available means when due, past due and receivable within the current period, or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

I. Interfund Transfers

The District records the annual transfer from the PPDA Trust Fund to the General Fund when approved by the Board of Directors, which is typically subsequent to year-end. As a result, the transfer recorded for the year ended June 30, 2015, relates to activity from the year ended June 30, 2014. All other transfers relate to activity for the year ended June 30, 2015.

All interfund transfers are operating transfers, which are transfers from a fund receiving the revenue to the fund which has expended the resources. All of the interfund transfers are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "due to/from other funds" and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

K. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

- **Nonspendable** Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory) or are required either legally or contractually to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional or enabling legislation.
- Committed Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board of Directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the reporting period.

K. Fund Balance (Continued)

- Assigned Amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the District at either the highest level of decision-making authority or by an
 official or body to which the District delegates the authority. This is also the classification for
 residual funds in the District's PPDA Trust Fund.
- Unassigned The residual classification for the District's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The District establishes and modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or policy. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget as a designation or commitment of the fund, such as approved construction contracts. Assigned fund balance is established by the District through adoption or amendment of the budget or future year budget plan as intended for a specific purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's informal policy/practice to use restricted resources first, followed by the committed, assigned, and unassigned resources as they are needed.

The District believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the District to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the District needs to maintain unrestricted fund balance in its funds sufficient to fund cash flows of the District and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature. Committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are considered unrestricted.

The District, as per its Internal Policy, is required to achieve and maintain unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund sufficient to cover approximately 6 months of working capital at the close of each fiscal year, which exceeds the recommended level (approximately 60 days working capital) promulgated by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA).

L. Accounting Standards Update

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the District implemented the following GASB standards:

GASB Statement No. 68 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 are effective for financial statements beginning after June 15, 2014. There was no effect on the District's accounting or financial reporting as a result of implementing this standard.

GASB Statement No. 69 – Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 69 are effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2013. There was no effect on the District's accounting or financial reporting as a result of implementing this standard.

GASB Statement No. 71 – Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The provisions of this statement were applied simultaneously with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. The District has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 71 in the current year.

L. Accounting Standards Update (Continued)

Recently released standards by GASB affecting future fiscal years are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The District has not fully judged the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 as of the date of the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 73 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015 – except those provisions that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. The District has not fully judged the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 as of the date of the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 74 – Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Plans. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. The District has not fully judged the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 74 as of the date of the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Plans. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The District has not fully judged the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 as of the date of the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 76 – Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The District has not fully judged the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 76 as of the date of the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 77 – *Tax Abatement Disclosures.* The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The District has not fully judged the effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 77 as of the date of the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 78 – Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 78 are effective for financial statements beginning after December 15, 2015. The District has not fully judged the impact of implementation of GASB Statement No. 78 on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize the District to invest in the County Treasury, Local Agency Investment Fund, U.S. Treasury and registered state warrants, notes, bonds, bills or certificates, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and other similar instruments. The District's cash, which approximated market value at June 30, 2015, was invested in the County Treasury.

At year-end, the District had the following cash and investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years					
Investment	Fair Value	Less Than One	1-5				
Cash in banks The County Treasury	\$ 36,039 46,420,609	\$ 36,039 46,420,609	\$ - -				
Total	\$ 46,456,648	\$ 46,456,648	\$ -				

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District's investment is collateralized with pools of securities held by the County Treasury, but not in the District's name. As a result they meet the criteria of Category 3 investments as set forth in GASB Statement No. 40. The investment policies of the County are governed by state statute and an adopted investment policy with oversight by the County Treasury Investment Committee. The Treasury Pool's portfolio has an average dollar-weighted quality of AAA.

Custodial Credit Risk

The District's deposits are fully insured by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As of June 30, 2015, the District's bank balances were not exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured or uncollateralized.

Restricted Cash

Receipts from the Capital Project and the PPDA Trust Funds are classified as restricted cash because their use is limited to planned construction and repayment of related debt service obligations. Cash held in the Debt Service Fund is classified as restricted cash as amounts are held for future payments on long-term debt of the District.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions/ Completions	Retirements/ Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Structures and improvements,	\$ 70,750,171	\$ 4,614,091	\$ (85,097)	\$ 75,279,165
Corps Project	4,577,620		(4,577,620)	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	75,327,791	4,614,091	(4,662,717)	75,279,165
Capital assets being depreciated: Structures and improvements Office building Furniture, fixtures, and	278,844,096 5,496,991	2,064,683	- (4,267)	280,908,779 5,492,724
equipment	3,929,336	306,482	(131,730)	4,104,088
Total capital assets being depreciated	288,270,423	2,371,165	(135,997)	290,505,591
Less accumulated depreciation for: Structures and improvements Office building Furniture, fixtures, and	(84,348,679) (1,735,436)	(5,555,194) (123,430)	- 1,702	(89,903,873) (1,857,164)
equipment	(2,576,575)	(230,893)	128,063	(2,679,405)
Total accumulated depreciation	(88,660,690)	(5,909,517)	129,765	(94,440,442)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	199,609,733	(3,538,352)	(6,232)	196,065,149
Total capital assets, net	\$274,937,524	\$ 1,075,739	\$ (4,668,949)	\$271,344,314

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to the following governmental activities:

General government and administration	\$ 199,324
Flood control system	 5,710,193
	 _
	\$ 5,909,517

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions		Additions Expenditures		Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences State revolving fund loan CIEDB loan Other long-term debt	\$ 1,160,195 2,797,540 14,451,857 108,788	\$	576,885 - - -	\$	(611,704) (670,856) (624,127)	\$ 1,125,376 2,126,684 13,827,730 108,788	\$ - 689,568 647,407	
	\$18,518,380	\$	576,885	\$ ((1,906,687)	\$ 17,188,578	\$ 1,336,975	

NOTE 5 – OTHER LONG-TERM DEBT PAYABLE

Construction advance received from the City of Fresno for drainage facilities in an area known as the "Industrial Triangle" (Drainage Area "KK", "LL", and "AW"). Repayment to begin when the area is 40% developed and to be equal to drainage assessments from the area collected subsequent to that time and continuing until either fully repaid or the area is 80% developed, at which time any amount then unpaid is due. As of June 30, 2014, 47% of the area within the boundaries of the Industrial Triangle has been developed from drainage fee proceeds. The City of Fresno has authorized the District to defer payments and allow the District to use drainage fee revenue to construct Master Plan Facilities. Following completion of the required construction, and after payment of other agreements with chronological priority preceding the date of the required construction, the District will forward any additional fee revenue to the City of Fresno pursuant to all other terms of the agreement.

\$ 108,788

NOTE 6 - STATE REVOLVING FUND (SRF) LOAN

Revolving loan with the State of California in the maximum amount of \$10,000,000, dated July 1, 1997. Principal and interest shall be payable in 20 annual installments beginning one year from the date of the first advance, which was January 5, 1998. Repayment is to be made from drainage fees paid with the General Fund as a secondary source of funding should drainage fees prove inadequate to meet the loan repayment obligation. The interest rate in effect at June 30, 2015, was 2.8%. The full amount of \$10,000,000 has been loaned to the District.

\$ 2,126,684

\$ 2,126,684

NOTE 6 – STATE REVOLVING FUND (SRF) LOAN (Continued)

Payments on the SRF loan debt at June 30, 2015, for succeeding years will be as follows:

Year	 Principal		Interest		Total		
2016 2017 2018 2019	\$ \$ 689,568 708,950 728,166		59,547 40,237 20,387	\$	749,115 749,187 748,553		
	\$ 2,126,684	\$	120,171	\$	2,246,855		

Interest expense incurred on this loan during the year ended June 30, 2015, is \$78,331.

NOTE 7 - CALIFORNIA INFRASTRUCTURE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BANK (CIEDB) LOAN

Loan with the CIEDB in the maximum amount of \$20,000,000, dated May 1, 2001. As of June 30, 2001, interest only payments shall be payable in four semiannual installments beginning August 1, 2001. Beginning August 1, 2003, principal shall be payable in 28 annual installments and interest shall be payable in 56 semiannual installments. Interest is payable at the rate of 3.73%. Repayment is to be made from Assessment Tax Revenues collected with the General Fund and any other source of funds legally available for the purpose of making the annual payment as secondary sources of funding should Assessment Tax Revenues be inadequate to meet the loan repayment obligation. Collateral consists of a pledge and first lien on all of the Assessment Tax Revenues and all amounts in the Assessment Tax Revenues Special Revenue Fund. The full amount of \$20,000,000 has been loaned to the District.

\$ 13,827,730

Payments on the CIEDB loan debt at June 30, 2015, for succeeding years will be as follows:

Year	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2016	\$ 647,407	\$	545,183	\$	1,192,590	
2017	671,555		518,643		1,190,198	
2018	696,604		491,112		1,187,716	
2019	722,588		462,554		1,185,142	
2020	749,540		432,932		1,182,472	
2021-2025	4,188,517		1,680,163		5,868,680	
2026-2030	5,030,164		755,128		5,785,292	
2031	1,121,355		24,277		1,145,632	
	\$ 13,827,730	\$	4,909,992	\$	18,737,722	

Interest expense incurred on the loan during the year ended June 30, 2015, is \$570,770.

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds:

Due to and due from other funds:

To General Fund:	
From PPDA Trust Fund	\$ 639,526
To Conital Project Fund	
To Capital Project Fund:	000 477
From General Fund	 209,177
	\$ 848,703
Transfers in and transfers out:	
To General Fund:	
From PPDA Trust Fund	\$ 1,188,805
To Capital Project Fund:	
From General Fund	5,350,487
From PPDA Trust Fund	266,511
To Debt Service Fund:	
From General Fund	1,953,851
To PPDA Trust Fund:	
From General Fund	21,687
	\$ 8,781,341

The transfers to the General Fund from the PPDA Trust Fund are to reimburse the General Fund for construction activity. Total transfers of \$1,188,805 were transferred to the General Fund as reimbursement for construction activity. The transfers from the General Fund and the PPDA Trust Fund to the Capital Project Fund were for allocation of assessment tax and payment of capital projects, totaling \$5,616,998. The transfers from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund were allocation of assessment and property taxes, in accordance with debt agreements to fund debt service payments, and totaled \$1,953,851. Transfers from the General Fund to the PPDA Trust Fund were repayments of prior loans, totaling \$21,687.

NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Retirement Plan

The Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Pension Plan (the Plan) is a defined contribution pension plan established by the Board of Directors of the District. The Plan covers all full-time employees who have completed at least six months of continuous service and have attained the age of eighteen. Monthly employer contributions for employees hired prior to June 30, 1988, are 14% of the employees' salary. Monthly employer contributions for employees hired after June 30, 1988, are 10% of the employees' salaries. Participants are 25% vested after two years of service and an additional 25% after each additional year until they are fully vested. District contributions for, and interest forfeited by, employees who leave employment before becoming 100% vested are used to reduce the District's current period contribution requirement. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Administrative Committee of the Board of Directors of the District. The District made the required contribution amounting to \$476,831 as of June 30, 2015.

The Plan issues a stand-alone financial report that can be reviewed at the District office located at 5469 East Olive Avenue, Fresno, California 93727.

NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is a party to a number of lawsuits, claims, and eminent domain litigation arising out of the conduct of its operation. While the ultimate results of lawsuits or other proceedings against the District cannot be predicted with certainty, management does not expect that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District.

C. Joint Powers Insurance Authority (JPIA)

The District has entered into a joint powers agreement along with other members of the Association of California Water Agencies (ACWA) to form a self-insuring pool for liability coverage up to \$500,000. Insurance in excess of \$500,000 is collectively purchased through excess policies covering all included members. The excess insurance is for \$39,500,000 per occurrence for a total coverage of \$40,000,000.

The JPIA is governed by a board of directors composed of one representative from each member agency. The JPIA governing board controls the operation of the JPIA, independent of any influence by the District other than the District's representation on the governing board.

The JPIA is independently accountable for its fiscal matters. The JPIA maintains its own accounting records. The JPIA's budget is not subject to any approval other than that of its governing board.

The relationship between the District and the JPIA is such that the JPIA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Separate financial statements of the JPIA are available upon request at 5620 Birdcage Street, Suite 200, Citrus Heights, California 95610, (916) 335-7500.

Condensed financial information for the JPIA's most recent year audited is shown below:

JPIA	September 30, 2014
Total assets	\$ 195,584,006
Total liabilities	107,626,833
Designated equity	\$ 87,957,173
Total revenues	\$ 143,125,594
Total expenditures	149,684,189
Net decrease in fund balance	\$ (6,558,595)

D. Construction Contracts

The District has executed construction contracts for system improvements of \$1,271,841. The financial statements have \$31,329 recorded, which reflects the percent of the contract completed at June 30, 2015, and the District has remaining commitments under the contracts for \$1,240,512.

NOTE 10 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

Plan Description

The District provides the following post employment health care benefits in accordance with District employment contracts:

- For employees hired before May 8, 2013, the District subsidizes the health insurance cost for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District pays 50% of the "full benefit" for employees with more than 10 years of service but less than 15 years of service. The employees who retire after the age of 55 with more than 15 years of service receive a "full benefit."
- Employees hired after May 8, 2013 who retire after age 60 and have completed 15 years of service are eligible to receive a "full benefit."

The Full Benefit: There are two tiers of employee health benefits.

- For employees hired prior to July 1, 1988, the District pays either 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance or 60% of the cost of the employee plus dependents premium.
- For those employees hired after July 1, 1988, the District pays 100% of the cost of the employee's health insurance plus 60% of the cost of the additional dependent's premium.

The District contribution varies by employee classification up to 100% of the amount of employee only premium incurred by retirees and 60% of the premium incurred for their dependents. Expenditures for post employment benefits are recognized on a pay-as-you-go basis, as premiums are paid. During the year, expenditures of \$476,831 were recognized for retirees' health care benefits.

The approximate actuarial accrued liability for the District at June 30, 2015, amounts to \$4,558,707. This is offset by the actuarial value of assets at June 30, 2015, of \$1,665,473, resulting in an approximated unfunded liability of \$2,893,234 as of June 30, 2015. These amount were calculated based upon an actuarial valuation by Demsey Filliger dated as of June 30, 2015.

The District participates in an industry association plan (ACWA) that has about 300 employer members. There are two providers in the plan: Kaiser and Blue Cross/Blue Shield (BCBS) that offer PPO and HMO plans. Same benefit options are available to retirees as active employees. Upon reaching Medicare eligibility, the plans do not coordinate with Medicare. There is a small rate decrease for retirees who up for Medicare Part B. Kaiser plans are fully-insured while BCBS plans are self-insured. The District employees represent a very small percentage of the pool for the BCBS plans and, thus, these plans are assumed to be community-rated with no implicit subsidy to the District. The District employees represent approximately 6% of the pool for the Kaiser plans and, thus, these plans are not assumed to be community-rated. There will be a GASB implicit subsidy to the District for employees enrolled in this plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. For fiscal year 2014-15, the District's annual OPEB cost was \$455,680.

NOTE 10 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustments to annual required contribution	\$ 473,147 115,497 (132,964)
Annual OPEB cost	455,680
Contributions made	476,831
Change in net OPEB obligation	(21,151)
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	1,649,955
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 1,628,804

Year Ended June 30,	Annual OPEB Cost	Actual Employer Contributions	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net Ending OPEB Obligation (Asset)		
2013	\$ 500,015	\$ 489,890	82.06%	\$	1,640,420	
2014	\$ 499,425		98.09%	\$	1,649,955	
2015	\$ 455,680		104.64%	\$	1,628,804	

Funding Policy, Funded Status, and Funding Progress

The District's required contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2014-15, the District contributed \$476,831 to the plan.

As of June 30, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,558,707. This is offset by the actuarial value of assets at June 30, 2015, of \$1,665,473, resulting in an approximated unfunded liability of \$2,893,234 as of June 30, 2015. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,492,545 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) to covered payroll was 53%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and probabilities about the occurrence of future events far into the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of a plan and the ARCs of the District are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Calculations of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTE 10 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used for rates of employee turnover, retirement, and mortality, as well as economic assumptions regarding health care inflation and interest were based on a standard set of actuarial assumptions modified as appropriate for the District. Turnover rates are based on California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) State Tier 2 non-vested rates modified to fit the District's termination experience for the past five years. Retirement rates were also based on District experience. Health care inflation rates are based on actuarial analysis of recent District experience and actuarial knowledge of the general health care environment. The actuarial assumption to determine the cost of covering early retirees (those under the age of 65) was an age-specific claims cost matrix fitted to the average estimated equivalent one-party premium for the current retiree group. Discount rate and return on assets of 7% and 7%, respectively, were used.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through January 20, 2016, which is the date the basic financial statements were available to be issued. No events have occurred that would require disclosure.



FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS JUNE 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Liability	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Unfunded Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2009	\$ -	\$4,853,181	\$ 4,853,181	0%	\$ 5,054,764	96%
2012	\$ 305,208	\$3,715,339	\$ 3,410,131	8%	\$ 5,517,049	62%
2015	\$ 1,665,473	\$4,558,707	\$ 2,893,234	37%	\$ 5,492,545	53%



FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DEBT SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2015

	Total	CIE	DB Loan	s	RF Loan
ASSETS					
Restricted cash	\$ 1,780,633	\$	998,747	\$	781,886
Total assets	\$ 1,780,633	\$	998,747	\$	781,886
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Due to other funds	\$ 	\$		\$	
Total liabilities					<u>-</u>
Fund balances: Restricted for debt service	1,780,633		998,747		781,886
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,780,633	\$	998,747	\$	781,886

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Total	CI	CIEDB Loan		RF Loan
Revenues: Interest	\$ 12,457	\$	4,406	\$	8,051
Expenditures: Debt service	1,944,084		1,194,897		749,187
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,931,627)		(1,190,491)		(741,136)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	1,953,851 -		1,204,664 -		749,187 -
Net other financing sources (uses):	1,953,851		1,204,664		749,187
Net change in fund balances	22,224		14,173		8,051
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,758,409		984,574		773,835
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,780,633	\$	998,747	\$	781,886

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECT FUND – PROJECT AREAS JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS	Total	Capital Construction Fund	Land	Improvement District CC	Basin D	Park Fund
Cash Due from other funds Restricted cash	\$ - 209,177 14,696,490	\$ - 209,177 10,720,406	\$ - - 3,628,694	\$ - - 2,849	\$ - - 14,020	\$ - - 330,521
Total assets	\$14,905,667	\$10,929,583	\$ 3,628,694	\$ 2,849	\$ 14,020	\$ 330,521
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Accounts payable Contracts payable Due to other funds	\$ 26,791 19,860	\$ 26,791 19,860	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Total liabilities	46,651	46,651				
Fund balances: Committed for construction	14,859,016	10,882,932	3,628,694	2,849	14,020	330,521
Total fund balances	14,859,016	10,882,932	3,628,694	2,849	14,020	330,521
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$14,905,667	\$10,929,583	\$ 3,628,694	\$ 2,849	\$ 14,020	\$ 330,521

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECT FUND – PROJECT AREAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Total	Capital Construction Fund	Land	Improvement District CC	Basin D	Park Fund
Revenues:						
Capital contributions Interest	\$ - 137,735	\$ - 83,872	\$ - 48,636	\$ - 	\$ - 647	\$ - 4,580
Total revenues	137,735	83,872	48,636	-	647	4,580
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay	830,113	830,113				
Total expenditures	830,113	830,113				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(692,378)	(746,241)	48,636		647_	4,580
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Capital project intrafund transfers	5,741,669	5,727,311	-	-	-	14,358
Transfers out	(124,671)	(1,930)			(122,741)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,616,998	5,725,381			(122,741)	14,358
Net change in fund balances	4,924,620	4,979,140	48,636	-	(122,094)	18,938
Fund balances, beginning of year	9,934,396	5,903,792	3,580,058	2,849	136,114	311,583
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 14,859,016	\$10,882,932	\$ 3,628,694	\$ 2,849	\$ 14,020	\$ 330,521



FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund					
	Budget			Actual		riance with
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes - current	\$	8,586,996	\$	9,116,423	\$	529,427
Property taxes - prior year levies		27,510		46,083		18,573
General subventions		163,251		269,733		106,482
Other		537,498		467,409		(70,089)
Assessment tax revenue		8,280,064		8,188,793		(91,271)
Interest revenue		213,670		172,275		(41,395)
Grant revenue		1,422,361		471,313		(951,048)
Construction contributions		182,320		320,824		138,504
Fees and charges for services:						
Non-conforming facilities fees		25,000		44,006		19,006
Master plan engineering fees		193,500		140,604		(52,896)
Excavation permit fees		150,000		226,909		76,909
Recharge maintenance		20,000		63,396		43,396
PPDA administration fees		7,522		11,470		3,948
Other fees and charges		9,100		138,412		129,312
Rental income		65,791		77,497		11,706
Miscellaneous		2,000		212,126		210,126
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		1,132,000		1,188,804		56,804
Revenue from sale of assets		20,926		52,395		31,469
Total revenues and other financing sources		21,039,509		21,208,472		168,963
Expenditures:						
Personnel expense:						
Salaries, regular and part-time		6,010,127		5,618,903		391,224
Payroll related taxes		426,868		414,541		12,327
Employee insurance		1,104,448		979,193		125,255
Workers' compensation		109,448		101,753		7,695
Retirement		621,706		571,245		50,461
Annual leave		170,973		122,725		48,248
OPEB contribution		400,000		476,831		(76,831)
Unemployment insurance		11,700		-		11,700
Temporary help		17,840		8,973		8,867
Total personnel expense		8,873,110		8,294,164		578,946

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund					
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
Expenditures, continued:						
Office administration:						
General office supplies	51,000	36,713	14,287			
Records and maps	30,000	22,994	7,006			
Reproduction	14,796	15,072	(276)			
Office equipment maintenance	78,483	73,351	5,132			
Communications	42,625	38,368	4,257			
Postage	9,340	6,570	2,770			
Printing	3,450	6,317	(2,867)			
Courier service	150	200	(50)			
Total office administration	229,844	199,585	30,259			
Management support:						
Conferences and meetings	13,850	10,313	3,537			
General management	43,011	36,443	6,568			
Professional education	42,513	29,929	12,584			
Corps project representation	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Total management support	99,374	76,685	22,689			
Insurance:						
Employee bonding	1,770	1,738	32			
Notary, trustee, and fiduciary	6,491	-	6,491			
Directors' liability	8,175	8,115	60			
Fire, theft, and office content	23,240	20,131	3,109			
Automobile	21,110	21,840	(730)			
General liability	138,975	137,958	1,017			
Deductibles, settlements Dam failure	5,000 -	-	5,000 -			
Total insurance	204,761	189,782	14,979			
Professional services:						
Legal services	235,000	166,817	68,183			
Accounting services	50,000	46,500	3,500			
Consulting engineers	800	473	327			
Computer support	56,500	16,290	40,210			
Other professional services	20,222	17,468	2,754			
Legislative services	10,000	-	10,000			
Personnel services	10,300	3,353	6,947			
Benefit administration	17,300	11,964	5,336			
Total professional services	400,122	262,865	137,257			

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund					
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
Expenditures, continued:						
Other administrative expense:						
Records storage	1,075	-	1,075			
Revenue collection expense	176,080	162,483	13,597			
Directors' expense	58,858	40,197	18,661			
Public information	26,304	12,854	13,450			
Service charges	3,390	3,910	(520)			
Assessment refunds	12,000	-	12,000			
Special events expense	1,000	-	1,000			
San Joaquin Conservancy expense	, -	-	· -			
Miscellaneous expense	100		100			
Total other administrative expense	278,807	219,444	59,363			
System operations and maintenance:						
Basin maintenance:						
Developed basin maintenance	635,000	522,235	112,765			
Undeveloped basin maintenance	320,000	300,754	19,246			
Recharge maintenance	157,000	99,629	57,371			
Parks and recreation maintenance	44,000	29,244	14,756			
Winter operations	30,000	3,018	26,982			
Fence repair	79,200	60,522	18,678			
Pump operations/maintenance	280,500	138,500	142,000			
Drainline operations	190,000	81,770	108,230			
Flood control maintenance:						
Dam operations/maintenance	291,000	219,032	71,968			
Channel operations	234,000	176,256	57,744			
Detention basin operations	92,000	89,433	2,567			
Vehicle operations	161,000	94,563	66,437			
Vehicle repairs	13,000	16,543	(3,543)			
Vehicle supplies	5,000	1,797	3,203			
Operation expense	24,000	23,693	307			
Operation service charges	500	-	500			
Field equipment maintenance	60,000	29,562	30,438			
Warehouse expense	1,020	-	1,020			
Other operations expense	8,000	2,076	5,924			
Uniform expense	7,400	5,471	1,929			
Telemetry maintenance	9,000	10,307	(1,307)			
Environmental management:						
Environmental analysis	10,000	19,591	(9,591)			
Water resource planning	7,000	7,000	-			
Other environmental management	5,000	3,460	1,540			
Total system operations and maintenance	2,663,620	1,934,456	729,164			

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund				
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Expenditures, continued:					
Operations center expense:					
Utilities	96,898	101,150	(4,252)		
Building maintenance	54,702	62,191	(7,489)		
Landscape maintenance	19,000	19,363	(363)		
Repairs and rehabilitation	38,500	32,868	5,632		
Other operations center	1,500	463	1,037		
Total operations center expense	210,600	216,035	(5,435)		
Storm water quality management (SWQM) expense:					
Consulting services	-	531	(531)		
Municipal NPDES development	59,920	48,753	11,167		
Industrial NPDES development	13,000	2,273	10,727		
SWQM operations/maintenance	368,900	194,664	174,236		
Municipal NPDES implementation	411,898	307,896	104,002		
Industrial NPDES implementation	57,900	1,053	56,847		
Total SWQM expense	911,618	555,170	356,448		
Capital outlay:					
Operations center	-	-	-		
Field equipment	409,550	306,482	103,068		
Total capital outlay	409,550	306,482	103,068		
Total expenditures	14,281,406	12,254,668	2,026,738		
Other uses:					
Transfers out	8,703,532	7,324,094	1,379,438		
Total expenditures and other uses	22,984,938	19,578,762	3,406,176		
Net change in fund balance	(1,945,429)	1,629,710	3,575,139		
Fund balance, beginning of year Prior period adjustment	12,511,260	13,169,715	658,455		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 10,565,831	\$ 14,799,425	\$ 4,233,594		

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF COMBINED BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (DEVELOPER PAYABLE AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS INCLUDED AS A LIABILITY) JUNE 30, 2015

	General	Capital Project	Debt Service	PPDA Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS	¢ 4 4 0 4 5 7 0 5	c	φ	\$ -	Ф 4 4 0 4 E 7 C E
Cash Receivables:	\$ 14,845,765	\$ -	\$ -	5 -	\$ 14,845,765
Taxes	16,383	_	_	_	16,383
Developer	10,505	_	_	83,454	83,454
Fees and charges	_	_	_	220,946	220,946
Other	120,172	-	_	-	120,172
Due from other funds	639,526	209,177	_	_	848,703
Restricted cash	-	14,696,490	1,780,634	15,133,759	31,610,883
Total assets	\$ 15,621,846	\$14,905,667	\$ 1,780,634	\$ 15,438,159	\$47,746,306
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 445,120	\$ 26,791	\$ -	\$ 2,231,452	\$ 2,703,363
Contracts payable	47,480	1,224,361	-	-	1,271,841
Salaries payable	156,655		_	_	156,655
Due to other funds	209,177	-	_	639,526	848,703
Developers payable	· -	-	-	8,577,817	8,577,817
Total liabilities	858,432	1,251,152		11,448,795	13,558,379
Fund balances:					
Restricted:					
Debt service	-	-	1,780,634	-	1,780,634
Drainage assessments	-	-	-	3,989,364	3,989,364
Committed:					
Construction	36,011	13,654,515	-	-	13,690,526
Assigned:					
General obligations	7,085,006	-	-	-	7,085,006
Unassigned:	7,642,397				7,642,397
Total fund balances	14,763,414	13,654,515	1,780,634	3,989,364	34,187,927
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 15,621,846	\$14,905,667	\$ 1,780,634	\$ 15,438,159	\$47,746,306

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF COMBINED REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (DEVELOPER PAYABLE AND CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS INCLUDED AS A LIABILITY) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General	Capital Project	Debt Service	PPDA Trust Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes and subventions	\$ 9,899,648	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,899,648
Assessment tax revenue	8,188,793	-	-	-	8,188,793
Drainage fees - cash	-	-	-	2,375,939	2,375,939
Drainage fees - noncash	-	-	-	436,127	436,127
Fees and charges for services	624,797	-	-	-	624,797
Interest and rental revenue	249,772	137,735	12,457	194,616	594,580
Grants, loans, and contributions	792,137	-	-	671,210	1,463,347
Miscellaneous	212,126				212,126
Total revenues	19,967,273	137,735	12,457	3,677,892	23,795,357
Expenditures:					
Personnel expense	8,294,164	-	-	-	8,294,164
Office administration	199,585	-	-	-	199,585
Management support	76,685	-	-	-	76,685
Insurance	189,782	-	-	-	189,782
Professional services	262,865	-	-	-	262,865
Other administrative expense	219,444	-	-	302,004	521,448
System operations and maintenance	1,934,456	-	-	-	1,934,456
Operations center expense	216,035	-	-	-	216,035
Storm water quality management expense	555,170	-	-	-	555,170
Capital outlay	306,482	1,897,861	-	1,271,042	3,475,385
Debt service			1,944,083		1,944,083
Total expenditures	12,254,668	1,897,861	1,944,083	1,573,046	17,669,658
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	7,712,605	(1,760,126)	(1,931,626)	2,104,846	6,125,699
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	1,188,805	5,616,998	1,953,851	21,687	8,781,341
Transfers out	(7,324,095)	-	-	(1,457,246)	(8,781,341)
Revenue from the sale of assets	52,395				52,395
Net other financing sources (uses)	(6,082,895)	5,616,998	1,953,851	(1,435,559)	52,395
Net change in fund balances	1,629,710	3,856,872	22,225	669,287	6,178,094
Fund balances, June 30, 2014 Prior period adjustment	13,133,704	9,797,643	1,758,409	3,320,077	28,009,833
Fund balances, June 30, 2015	\$ 14,763,414	\$ 13,654,515	\$1,780,634	\$ 3,989,364	\$ 34,187,927

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	General Fund						
	June 30, June 30,						
		2015		2014		Variance	
Revenues:							
Taxes and subventions	\$	9,899,648	\$	9,469,049	\$	430,599	
Assessment tax revenue		8,188,793		8,169,007		19,786	
Fees and charges for services		624,797		627,999		(3,202)	
Interest and rental revenue		249,772		213,954		35,818	
Grants revenue		471,313		1,115,432		(644,119)	
Miscellaneous		212,126		93,852		118,274	
Construction contributions		320,824				320,824	
Total revenues		19,967,273		19,689,293		277,980	
Other financing sources:							
Operating transfers in		1,188,804		1,778,063		(589,259)	
Revenue from sale of assets		52,395		11,435		40,960	
Total revenues and other financing sources	:	21,208,472		21,478,791		(270,319)	
Expenditures:							
Personnel expense		8,294,164		8,442,823		(148,659)	
Office administration		199,585		190,387		9,198	
Management support		76,685		59,409		17,276	
Insurance		189,782		191,222		(1,440)	
Professional services		262,865		343,561		(80,696)	
Other administrative expense		219,444		246,094		(26,650)	
System operations and maintenance		1,934,456		2,151,897		(217,441)	
Operations center expense		216,035		172,010		44,025	
Storm water quality management expense		555,170		670,537		(115,367)	
Capital outlay		306,482		115,597		190,885	
Total expenditures		12,254,668		12,583,537		(328,869)	
Other uses:							
Transfers out		7,324,094		8,028,444		(704,350)	
Total expenditures and other uses		19,578,762		20,611,981		(1,033,219)	
Net change in fund balance		1,629,710		866,810		762,900	
Fund balance, beginning of year Prior period adjustment		13,169,715		13,270,712 (967,807)		(100,997) 967,807	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	14,799,425	\$	13,169,715	\$	1,629,710	
		,,		. 5, . 55, 5		.,0_0,1.0	

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	General Fund					
	June 30, June 30,		\			
D		2015		2014		Variance
Revenues:						
Taxes:	φ	0.446.400	ው	0.505.074	¢.	E00 440
Property taxes - current	\$	9,116,423	\$	8,525,974	\$	590,449
Property taxes - prior year levies		46,083		37,484		8,599
General subventions		269,733		200,050		69,683
Other		467,409		705,541		(238,132)
Assessment tax revenue		8,188,793		8,169,007		19,786
Interest revenue		172,275		147,650		24,625
Grant revenue		471,313		1,115,432		(644,119)
Construction contributions		320,824		-		320,824
Fees and charges for services:		44.000		00.055		(40.040)
Non-conforming facilities fees		44,006		60,855		(16,849)
Master plan engineering fees		140,604		244,458		(103,854)
Excavation permit fees		226,909		176,424		50,485
Recharge maintenance		63,396		59,005		4,391
PPDA administration fees		11,470		16,926		(5,456)
Other fees and charges		138,412		70,331		68,081
Rental income		77,497		66,304		11,193
Miscellaneous		212,126		93,852		118,274
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		1,188,804		1,778,063		(589,259)
Proceeds from sale of assets		52,395		11,435		40,960
Total revenues and other financing sources		21,208,472		21,478,791		(270,319)
Expenditures:						
Personnel expense:						
Salaries, regular and part-time		5,618,903		5,595,602		23,301
Payroll related taxes		414,541		413,362		1,179
Employee insurance		979,193		1,027,801		(48,608)
Workers' compensation		101,753		85,596		16,157
Retirement		571,245		581,937		(10,692)
Annual leave		122,725		305,095		(182,370)
OPEB contribution		476,831		400,000		76,831
Unemployment insurance		-		7,946		(7,946)
Temporary help		8,973		25,484		(16,511)
Total personnel expense		8,294,164		8,442,823		(148,659)
Office administration:						
General office supplies		36,713		39,478		(2,765)
Records and maps		22,994		21,134		1,860
Reproduction		15,072		14,938		134
Office equipment maintenance		73,351		68,158		5,193
Communications		38,368		35,785		2,583
Postage		6,570		7,934		(1,364)
Printing		6,317		2,913		3,404
Courier service		200		2,913		153
Total office administration		199,585		190,387		9,198
. 5150 511105 51511111111111111111111111		. 55,000		. 5 5,50.		3,.00

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

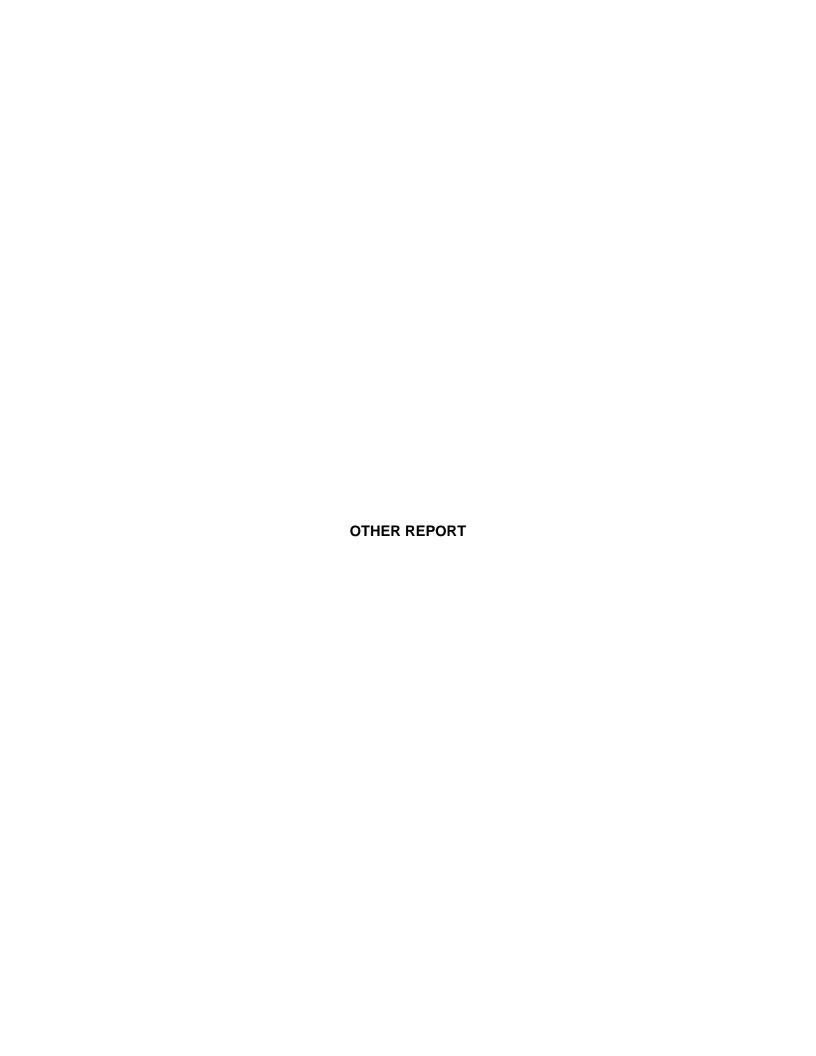
	June 30,	June 30,	
	2015	2014	Variance
Expenditures, continued:			
Management support:			
Conferences and meetings	10,313	6,324	3,989
General management	36,443	38,002	(1,559)
Professional education	29,929	15,083	14,846
Total management support	76,685	59,409	17,276
Insurance:			
Employee bonding	1,738	1,738	-
Notary, trustee, and fiduciary	-	6,399	(6,399)
Directors' liability	8,115	7,780	335
Fire, theft, and office content	20,131	21,621	(1,490)
Automobile	21,840	21,524	316
General liability	137,958	132,260	5,698
Deductibles, settlements		(100)	100
Dam failure	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-
Total insurance	189,782	191,222	(1,440)
Professional services:			
Legal services	166,817	231,622	(64,805)
Accounting services	46,500	46,000	500
Consulting engineers	473	638	(165)
Computer support	16,290	27,488	(11,198)
Other professional services	17,468	28,172	(10,704)
Personnel services	3,353	3,079	274
Benefit administration	11,964	6,562	5,402
Total professional services	262,865	343,561	(80,696)
Other administrative expense:			
Records storage	-	660	(660)
Revenue collection expense	162,483	171,190	(8,707)
Directors' expense	40,197	50,963	(10,766)
Public information	12,854	18,328	(5,474)
Service charges	3,910	3,177	733
Assessment refunds	· -	, 516	(516)
Special events expense	-	1,248	(1,248)
San Joaquin Conservancy expense	-	, - -	-
Miscellaneous expense	<u> </u>	12	(12)
Total other administrative expense	219,444	246,094	(26,650)

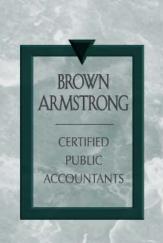
FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	General Fund		
	June 30, June 30,		
	2015	2014	Variance
Expenditures, continued:			
System operations and maintenance:			
Basin maintenance:			
Developed basin maintenance	522,235	579,969	(57,734)
Undeveloped basin maintenance	300,754	286,568	14,186
Recharge maintenance	99,629	86,698	12,931
Parks and recreation maintenance	29,244	43,982	(14,738)
Winter operations	3,018	2,587	431
Fence repair	60,522	63,657	(3,135)
Pump operations/maintenance	138,500	210,816	(72,316)
Drainline operations	81,770	69,232	12,538
Flood control maintenance:	·	,	•
Dam operations/maintenance	219,032	207,260	11,772
Channel operations	176,256	182,787	(6,531)
Detention basin operations	89,433	81,643	7,790
Vehicle operations	94,563	110,628	(16,065)
Vehicle repairs	16,543	8,229	` 8,314 [′]
Vehicle supplies	1,797	2,629	(832)
Operation expense	23,693	16,403	7,290
Field equipment maintenance	29,562	62,788	(33,226)
Warehouse expense	, -	, -	-
Other operations expense	2,076	2,556	(480)
Uniform expense	5,471	5,730	(259)
Telemetry maintenance	10,307	5,361	4,946
Environmental management:			
Environmental analysis	19,591	101,531	(81,940)
Water resources planning	7,000	17,000	(10,000)
Other environmental management	3,460	3,843	(383)
Total system operations and maintenance	1,934,456	2,151,897	(217,441)
Operations center expense:			
Utilities	101,150	90,478	10,672
Building maintenance	62,191	56,347	5,844
Landscape maintenance	19,363	23,149	(3,786)
Repairs and rehabilitation	32,868	1,176	31,692
Other operations center	463	860	(397)
Total operations center expense	216,035	172,010	44,025

FRESNO METROPOLITAN FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – CURRENT YEAR VS. PRIOR YEAR – GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	General Fund		
	June 30,	June 30,	
	2015	2014	Variance
Expenditures, continued:			
Storm water quality management expense:			
Consulting services	531	61,299	(60,768)
Municipal NPDES development	48,753	60,426	(11,673)
Industrial NPDES development	2,273	-	2,273
SWQM operations/maintenance	194,664	208,776	(14,112)
Municipal NPDES implementation	307,896	340,036	(32,140)
Industrial NPDES implementation	1,053		1,053
Total storm water quality management expense	555,170	670,537	(115,367)
Capital outlay:			
Operations center	-	-	-
Field equipment	306,482	115,597	190,885
Total capital outlay	306,482	115,597	190,885
Total expenditures	12,254,668	12,583,537	(328,869)
Other uses:			
Transfers out	7,324,094	8,028,444	(704,350)
Total expenditures and other uses	19,578,762	20,611,981	(1,033,219)
Net change in fund balance	1,629,710	866,810	762,900
Fund balance, beginning of year Prior period adjustment	13,169,715	13,270,712 (967,807)	(100,997) 967,807
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 14,799,425	\$ 13,169,715	\$ 1,629,710





BAKERSFIELD OFFICE (MAIN OFFICE)

4200 TRUXTUN AVENUE

SUITE 300

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93309

TEL 661.324.4971

FAX 661.324.4997

EMAIL info@bacpas.com

FRESNO OFFICE

7673 N. INGRAM AVENUE

SUITE 101

FRESNO, CA 93711

TEL 559,476.3592

FAX 559.476.3593

PASADENA OFFICE

260 S. LOS ROBLES AVENUE

SUITE 310

PASADENA, CA 91101

TEL 626.204.6542

FAX 626.204.6547

STOCKTON OFFICE

5250 CLAREMONT AVENUE

SUITE 237

STOCKTON, CA 95207

TEL 209.451.4833

REGISTERED with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board and MEMBER of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District Fresno, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Fresno Metropolitan Flood Control District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Brown Armstrong Secountaincy Corporation

Bakersfield, California January 20, 2016